THE $1.00 RATE WILL EXPIRE AUGUST 15.

THE FREEMAN

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

VOLUME 12.
NUMBER 28.

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1899.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.
SINGLE COPY SIX MONTHS, 85c; ONE YEAR, $1.5

NOTABLE GATHERING

WAS THAT OF THE EPWORTH LEAGURES' CONVENTION JUST MET HERE

THE NEGRO LARGELY IN EVIDENCE

Many Important Incidents That Will be Mile-stones on the Pathway and Direct the Negro to Success.—Personals—Secretary Penn's Report.

The Fourth International Epworth League Convention which has just met in Indianapolis was in many respects a most important body of people.

The convention represented four large Methodist bodies, viz: The Methodist Episcopal Church; the Methodist Episcopal Church South; the Canadian Methodist Church and the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America.

From information received through the registration, railroads, etc., it is estimated that the attendance reached 30,000. The Negro race was represented in the convention through the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Colored Methodist Episcopal Chuch in America. There were 850 colored delegates in the body, eight hundred of whom came from the Methodist Episcopal Church and fifty from the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America. This is the largest attendance of colored people upon any of the international young people's gatherings in the Epworth League, Christian Endeavor or Baptist Young People's Union. It is also a noticeable fact that the largest representation ever given the race upon any program of an international convention was that given the race upon the program of the recent Fourth International Epworth League Convention and it is a powerful argument for the faith and confidence the Methodist Episcopal Church has in the Negro. There were 22 colored men and women upon the program who did credit to themselves, their church and race and when it is remembered that these twenty-two colored representatives had a chance to speak and sing before the entire United States and Canada. so to speak, and particularly the Southern section of the United States, it was the opportunity of their lives. Every one of the number appreciated the fact and as is usually the case one of the first attractions of the convention was the ability displayed by the Negro in the preparation ot his addresses, in the delivery of the same as well as in the melody of the songs sung. The convention met in three gatherings at the same time viz the tent on courthouse square which accommodated 10,000 hearers, Tomlinson Hall accommodating 5,000 and English's opera house 2,500.

Every place was packed at all the services and there was scarcely a service in which the Negro did not take some part. Beginning with the opening day of the convention there was noticeable in the large choirs at the places of meeting young colored people. With the opening day Prof. Charles G. Harris, formerly director of music at Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute was assigned to the organ in Tomlinson's Hall. On convention Sunday he divided honors with the regular organist in charge of the big pipe organ in Central avenue M. E. church. On Thursday evening of the convention Rev. J. W. E. Bowen, D. D., Ph. D., of Atlanta, Ga., spoke on "Methodism and Intellectual Life."

Friday morning in Tomlinson Hall, Rev. J. H. Reed, A. M., of Galveston, Tex., spoke on "The Ways to Help Revivals." On the same morning Rev. I. Garland Penn, the assistant general secretary of the Epworth League in the Methodist Episcopal Church, though not upon the program was called out because of his official connection with the League. He spoke for a while upon "The Spiritual Life," closing his remarks amid great applause with the declaration that eight hundred colored delegates had came up from the South "to emphasize that so far as we are concerned we propose to solve our problems not by bullets and bayonets but by the well defined principles laid down in New Testament Scriptures, letting the burden of failure to settle differences on this line, rest upon others who as sure as God lives must give an account." "We have come" said he "to emphasize our love of country and that we have faith in God."

The Clafin University Sextette of South Carolina sang in Tomlinson's Hall Friday morning and in the tent in the afternoon and so impressed were the audiences that thrice they were called back and the fourth demand for their singing was met by a determined chairman who insisted that there were other features besides the sextette. At the opera house on Friday morning Rev. R. A. Carter, B. D., of Atlanta, Ga., representing the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America as the general secretary of the Epworth League spoke upon the subject "How to Deepen the Spiritual Life." The effort was regarded as one of the ablest delivered at the convention. Saturday morning was one of the most important sessions of the entire convention, to the Negro. For the first time in the history of the Epworth League a colored woman appeared upon the program in the person of Miss Marie I. Hardwick, an instructor and Junior League worker of Clark University, Atlanta, Ga. Miss Hardwick spoke at Meridian-street M. E. church on "The Membership of Children in the Church." The effort of Miss Hardwicks was entirely satisfactory eliciting the generous applause of the audience. She made a great and lasting impression for the women of the race in her effort.

On the same morning at English's opera house, Rev. Frank Gary of Texas spoke upon "Preasent Sunday-school Achievements." Saturday afternoon at the same place Rev. Jordan D. Chavis, D. D., president of Bennett college, Greensboro, N. C., spoke upon "Integrity in Daily Life."

It was a great effort eliciting such continued applause that Dr. Chavis had to ask the audience to remember that the applause took his time and to desist. Colored men filled pulpits of large churches on Sunday while two soloists in the person of Prof. Charles G. Harris of Alabama and Mr. William Singleton of Roanoke, Va., sang at all the principle places of meeting to the delight and edification of all. The colored delegates represented all sections. From Texas there were 25; Louisiana, 15; Mississippi, 80; Alabama, 10; North Carolina, 30; Georgia, 30; Florida, 5; Arkansas, 30; Virginia, 20; South Carolina, 10; Missouri, 10; Tennessee, 25; Deleware, 10; Maryland, 15; District of Columbia, 3; West Virginia, 10; Pennsylvania, 10; New Jersey, 2; Ohio, 25; Kentucky, 30; Indiana, 20 and an indiscriminate registration that could not be located as to states.

Assistant General Secretary I. Garland Penn has in charge the colored work of the Epworth League in the Methodist Episcopal Church throughout the United States. To him is due the credit for untiring effort in securing the large representation of delegates and the large and unprecedented representation upon the program. The Board of Control of the Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal Church composed of 26 white men and 3 colored men is in session this week at the Denison hotel. Secretary Penn was elected at the New York meeting of the board two years ago and is therefore making his first report which was exceedingly gratifying to the entire board, resolutions having been passed commendatory of his work.

A brief synopsis of the report is here given as reported in one of the daily papers of the city:

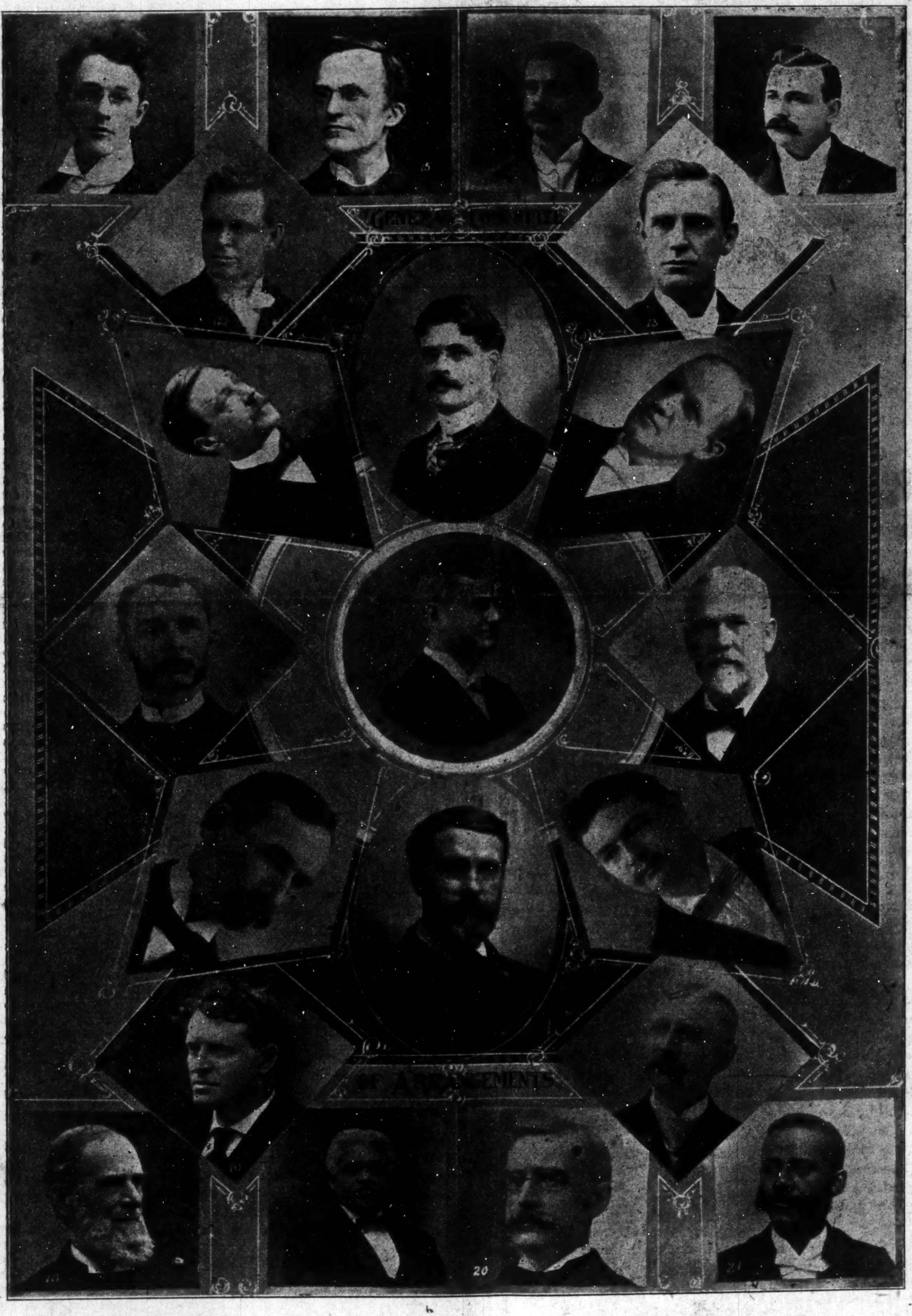
"The Epworth League among the colored people of the Methodist Episcopa church has had a very successful career since the placing of a colored man in the field. Results in the labors of the colored assistant secretary have been of the most encouraging character. From scarcely no organization at the beginning there are now quite 1,000 regularly organized and chartered colored chapters, with a membership of 30,000. In the educational work the growth is equally apparent—$6,000 worth of books and papers now being used, as against practically nothing two years ago. A year ago a special convention rally was held in Atlanta, the first ever held among colored people on Southern soil, and was a conspicuous success, the meeting closing with a brilliant rally of 5,000 young colored people. The marked increase in attendance upon the international gathering is also indicative of interest. The Chattanooga convention in 1895, although held in the South, had fifty less colored delegates. The Toronto convention of 1897 had 100 colored delegates, while the Indianapolis convention had between 700 and 1,000. In 1895 at Chattanooga the colored people had but one representative on the program, while at this convention they have over twenty. Another distinctive mark of success in the last year in the work among the colored people is the adoption of the League by the colored Methodist Episcopal church, a large branch of distinctively colored Methodists in the South. Thus the Epworth League is doing practical work in the solution of the race problem, by building Christian character, and instilling hope and faith in these people, for Him who is 'More than all they who be against them.'"

p16½

Secretary Penn reported having traveled quite, 40,000 miles, delivered 963 addresses, sometimes two and three a day, preached 175 sermons, exhorted after each sermon, visited and revived 410 Epworth Leagues, organized 115, held 263 Cabinet Conferences, etc. He expressed great faith in the christian organizations of young people such as the Epworth League in the development of the spiritual and moral life of the young people which with the intellectual is so essential to the uplifting of the race.

In closing this account of the late Epworth League convention it is fitting to let the readers of The Freeman know something of the representation which the Negro has in the greatest of all Methodisms, the Methodist Episcopal church. There is one full fledged educational Secretary in the person of Rev. M. C. B Mason, D. D. of Cincinnati, O., an official editor, an official business manager, an assistant General Secretary of the Epworth League, six presidents of institutions of learning, hundreds of teachers and one of the crowning events in the history of the church is the representation the race has had as well as the record they have made in the recent International convention. It is in such conventions as these where the Negro and the Anglo-Saxon meet on terms of equality that the Negro has a fair chance to show his ability etc.

Surely the Methodist Episcopal church having spent thousands of dollars to educate the Negro is now taking advantage of every opportunity to exhibit the



1 Rev. Charles C. Lasby.
2 Charles Z. Coffin.
3 Orlando H. Palmer.
4 Rev. E. B. Rawls.
5 Rev. C. E. Bacon.
6 J. B. McNeely.
7 W. C. Van Arsdel.
8 Charles E. Coffin.
9 A. M. Glossbrenner.
10 Rev. W. A. Quayle.
11 J. L. F. Steeg.
12 Rev. J. R. T. Lathrop.
13 Rev. Virgil W. Tevis.
14 E. R. Hisey.
15 Rev. Frank A. Hamp.
16 Frank H. Pittman.
17 Rev. A. H. DeLong.
18 Volney T. Malott.
19 Geo. L. Knox.
20 E. L. Williams.
21 Rev. E. L. Gilliam.

good work she has been doing in making the man, all of which helps the race as a race and serves to put him in a better light before the world.

The Board of Control which is the governing body of the Epworth League passed the following resolutions commendatory of Secretary Penn's work:

"The Board of Control has heard with great satisfaction the report of assistant General Secretary Penn, of the work done among our colored people.

The results achieved along spiritual, educational and financial lines, clearly show that Brother Penn has given himself to his calling with comendable zeal and fidelity. We herein record our appreciation of the character and amount of work done and commend Bro. Penn to the continued confidence of his brethren, who have made his efforts so successful. We would urge that as rapidly as possible all departments of League work be undertaken and that all the local chapters, District and Annual Con. Conference Leagues be organized according to the Constitution.

EXCERPS FROM ADDRESSES.

Four thousand people attended the morning session at English's Opera House Friday morning.

The last paper at this conference was by the Rev. R. A. Carter, D. D., of Atlanta, Ga. His subject was: "How to Deepen the Spiritual Life." He expressed this thought:

"The ever-flowing waters of unnumbered centuries completed in the rock-ribbed strata of the earth what primevial upheavals began; by their ceaseless activity mighty gorges now yawn and deep-rolling streams move on in majestic sweep where tiny rills rolled and weakly streams purled and played when creation was young. So constant laboring for, and ceaseless working among the unfortunate and ignorant and debased of our lives; to mingle with the down-trodden, to come in touch with the outcasts of society, to know the submerged portion of the world as it lives and needs and thinks, as it hungers, hopes and craves, fills the world worker for God and for the world with a great yearning for more power to raise and help and nourish all this weakness; with a great desire for more grace to illumine and alleviate all this darkness and suffering."

At the meeting of the Junior League at Meridian M. E. Church Saturday morning, the colored delegates were particularly in evidence. The Rev. John H. Moore, Ph. D., of San Antonio, Tex., presided. The Rev. H. L. Wriston, of Holyoke, Mass., led the devotional service. The first topic discussed was "Membership of Children in the Church," which was treated of by Miss Marie I. Hardwick, (colored), of Atlanta, Ga. She declared that child culture is now demanding more attention than ever before and that "'The culture of a child for service' are the resounding words of the nineteenth century." The first essential step in the education of the child, she held, should be an alliance with the church.

DR. THIRKIELD'S ADDRESS.

The Rev. Dr. W. P. Thirkield, of Atlanta, Ga., discussed the "Breadth and Catholicity of Methodism." He said in part:

"While methodism has breadth, yet it does not lose itself in mere shallowness. Its intensity of life and depth of spirit save it from a breadth that is shallow weakness and from a catholicity that has no firmness of conviction or intensity of power. The breadth and singleness, the catholicity yet intensity of methodism are well expressed in those fine, strong words of Norman McLeod, dare to be broad; broad as the charity of the Almighty God which causeth the rain to fall upon the just and the unjust. But dare to be narrow, narrow as His righteousness, which as a sharp sword, divideth between eternal right and eternal wrong.

REV. W. P. THIRKIELD.

"Methodism shows forth its catholicity in the very spirit and breadth and movement of its life. It swept John Wesley and George Whitefield out of the bonds of a narrow ecclesiasticism, made them the first itenerants, and sent them up and down England like thunderbolts swung in the hands of the infinite God, to work a spiritual revolution that has changed the religious face of the nineteenth century. This same breadth of movement and spirit led Asbury away from the old-time narrow diocese and sent him over mountains and rivers and wild plains to spread spiritual holiness over all these lands. Methodism has in its very nerves and veins the spirit of world contest.

"The catholicity of methodism finds its basis in the emphasis it places on Christian experience. Not on doctrine nor forms nor sacraments nor narrow ecclesiasticism, but on experience. This gives permanent basis for genuine catholicity, as the type of Christian experience must be as varied as the human heart, and thus gives freedom and range to diverse personalities.

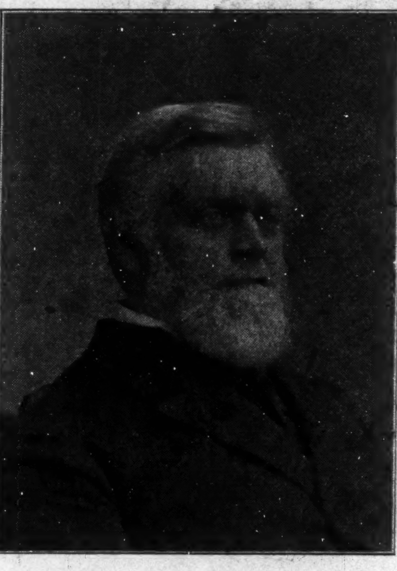
"Methodism is catholic in its very organization, polity and life. It insists on organization, not in an end as itself, but for the sake of life. It is in no narrow and uncatholic spirit that she has organized her young people into the Epworth League. The church of to-morrow is in the league of to-day—its leaders, preachers, officers, missionaries. It has large influence in shaping the theology and spiritual life of the church of to-morrow. It is only wise that she should train the officers and direct the spirit of this army of young people. Methodism is an organism, but a broad catholic organism."

Bishop Ninde at Simpson Chapel.

Old Simpson Chapel corner of Eleventh and Howard streets, where for years a large congregation of faithful zealous people, representing the rock-ribbed methodism, haved loved to worship, was crowded Sunday morning by a congregation in which were comingled on common ground methodists white and black.

It was in many respects a peculiarly interesting meeting for not only was it to be addressed by Bishop W. X. Ninde of Detroit, president of the Epworth League cabinet, but the meeting was to be the last morning service to be held in the old weather-beaten structure which Monday morning was raised to the ground to give place to a new and modern house of worship.

The music of the morning was strickingly beautiful, the voices of old and young blending in the singing of old methodist hymns and Epworth songs.



BISHOP W. X. NINDE.

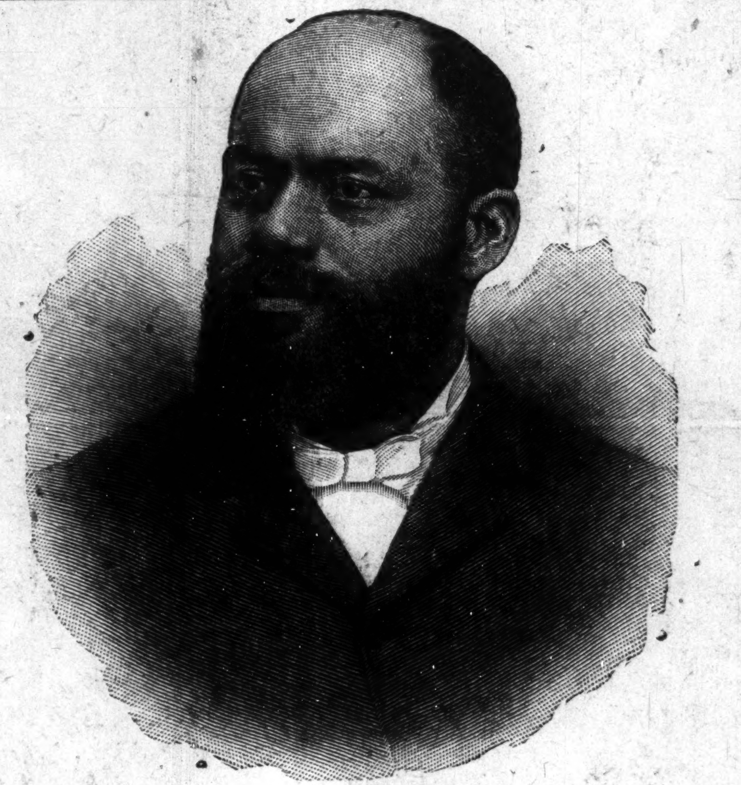
In just that audience Bishop Ninde was a commanding figure. His text was from Psalm lxix, 9; 'For the zeal of thine house hath eaten me up and the reproaches of them that reproached thee are fallen upon me."

"For many years," said Bishop Ninde, "I have felt a singular interest in churches—in the building consecrated to the worship of God. I seldom pass the doors of a church on a week day without entering. I may find naught but empty pulpit and pews, but I feel the holy influence that prevades the place, and I feel better for having been there. When I approach a town on a railroad train I first look for the spires piercing the green foilage and pointing to the skies that mark the meeting places of the Christians in that community. I know that Christians assemble there and sing the songs I love. I love churches because their doors are open to all and closed against no man, Jew or Gentile, Christian or sinner.

"Over no public drinking fountain on your city streets do you see inscribed, 'No beggar need ask for water here.' So it is with the church where, if it be a church of God, can be had in measure the 'waters of the fountain of life freely.' But the church stands for something. It stands for righteousness and peace and honor, and good citizenship and good will to men. David was always intense. He was intense in his love, in his hate, in his repentence, in his spiritual yearning and it is not surprising therefore that he had unusual zeal.

"In our times some of our churches are strong and powerful in wealth and worldly influence and yet there are few who stand up boldly and acknowledge that their religious zeal is a consuming fire that is eating them up as did the singer, David. We dwell in a land of Christian laws and Christian rulers. We are surrounded by church going people who to the music of the church bells are marching onward to righteousness. Notwithstanding this there are some good people who believe that if a great, broad and deep religious revival should sweep across the land stirring as with a torch our hearts into living flame we would be aroused to unhealthy popular excitement. Still these good people are not afraid of excitement on the stock exchange, the board of trade, the excitement of magnificient victories on sea and land, the excitement of great social upheavals. Oh beloved, I plead, I long for such a general and far-reaching upheaval as will break down and crush into atoms the barriers of sin and make us in fact what the world considers us—a free people with the church and state in fact indissolubly comingled and intertwined in the fibre and fabric of our national, state and municipal governments."

Extra copies of this edition will be sent to any address for 5c a copy.



DR. I. B. SCOTT

The Freeman Callers.

The Freeman is under obligations to the following delegates and friends who visited its office during the Epworth League convention:

ALABAMA.

A. S. Williams, Oxford; J. S. Todd, Marion; W. C. Davis, Birmingham; L. A. Woods, Tuscaloosa.

ARKANSAS.

C. C. Riley, J. M. Cox, Little Rock; Jas. E. McDade, Washington; A. D. Jacques, Center Point; C. A. Taylor, Jacksonport; W. S. Sherrille, Pine Bluff; G. L. Hyus, Washington; W. H. Higgins, Pine Bluff; G. W. Wynne, Little Rock.

FLORIDA.

J. F. Elliott, R. B. Robinson, Wm. Dowell, Thos. H. B. Walker, Jacksonville; J. B. L. Williams, St. Augustine.

GEORGIA.

Dr. R. A. Carter, Miss Josie E. Holmes, Miss C. Emma Lewis, Miss Marie S. Hardwick, Atlanta; Will G. Taylor, Brunswick; Rev. McD. Spencer, Macon; D. J. Price, A. P. Morse, Atlanta.

INDIANA.

H. F. Smith, Sophronia Shaw, Rockport; Hannah Posey, John P. Ferguson, Clara Bradford, Mrs. M. B. Ware, Irvin Banks, Rushville; Rev. B. Kirtby, Newcastle; Helen Gilbert, Dr. C. R. Atkins, Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Lewis, Mrs. Dora W. Banks, Miss Helen Gilbert, Anderson; Lida McSmith, Fort Wayne; Mrs. Julia Culpher, Newcastle; Miss Mae L. Hansard, Newcastle; Miss Romania Banks, Anderson; Ranton Hammer, Will G. Bennett, Rockville; Pearl Hatfield, Rhoda Samuels, Rockport; D. M. Turner, Crawfordsville.

KENTUCKY.

H. Dupee, Washington; Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Lyte, Hopkinsville; Maria Smith, Louisville; J. Sohmers Young, Maggie M. Robertson, H. P. Taylor, Maysville; W. H. Vaughn, Louisville; Mrs. Florence E. Williams, Mrs. Annie E. Bell, Owensboro; Rev. W. H. Venable, Louisville.

LOUISIANA.

D. J. Price, Baton Rouge; W. R. Butler, Louise E. Alton, Margaret Robinson, Mary Grant, Prof. F. B. Smith, Robert E. Jones, Liatta C. A. Marshall and I. B. Scott, New Orleans.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Jacob Moover, Orangeburg; Jas. F. Page, Charleston; W. G. Valentine, Beaufort; Rev. C. R. Brown, Spartansburg; Jas. L. Cain, Bennettsville.

MISSOURI.

H. F. Henley, Rollo; Mrs. O. R. Cole, Mrs. Nellie B. Dixon, Rev. B. D. Dixon, Carthage; J. M. Arbuckle, R. N. Cole, St. Louis; C. C. Hubbard, W. C. Davis, Louisiana.

MISSISSIPPI.

W. McDonald, Granada; Mc. McEwen, Sturkville; N. H. Niblack, Oxford; W. H. Hathorn, Louisville; J. W. Winbush, New Albany; H. B. McKay, Greenville; Rev. A. M. Trotter, Yazoo City; G. W. Baker, West Point; C. W. Walton, Aberdeen; A. J. McAllister, West Point; G. W. Arnold, Carey; J. W. Shumpert, Columbus; Mrs. Hattie Clark, Meridian; Rev. and Mrs. P. O. Jamison, Yazoo City; B. L. Crump, Crystal Springs; Mrs. L. B. Slack, Tupelo; Rev. R. N. Jones, Handsboro; Rev. R. P. Threlkeld, Moss Point; J. H. Everett, Baird; Miss Sadie E. Brack, Aberdeen; Thos. W. Davis, Durant.

TEXAS.

Miss Ida V. Norris, Austin; Rev. D. C. Lacy, Dallas; M. W. Dogan, Marshall; C. F. Moore, Sulphur Springs; B. M. Taylor, Conroe; A. C. Culbreath, Huntsville.

TENNESSEE.

Elnora Green, L. M. Morris, Nashville; H. W. Key, Madison; F. G. Carney, Murfreesboro; Rev. R. J. Buckner, Chattanooga; J. M. Lyte, Nashville; Rev. J. A. Jones, Chattanooga; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Phillips, Jackson; M. Williams, Nashville; E. M. Higgins, Bristol.

OHIO.

A. C. Taylor, Susie B. Taylor, Dr. Carey, Rev. T. L. Wilson, Nona Mason, Madison Mason, Jr., M. C. D. Mason, D. D., Bessie Mason, Cincinnati; Rev. J. W. White, Westwood; R. A. Wilson, H. D. Howard, Miss Hannah Heard, Cleveland; T. A. Ferguson, Xenia.

VIRGINIA.

Wm. Singleton, Roanoke; W. R. Watkins, Frank Trigg, Lynchburg; Dr. M. W. Pannell, Staunton; Rev. J. Edward Gunby, Richmond.

Dr. Wm. F. Hensley, Philadelphia, Pa.

Rev. G. W. Parker, Mt. Vernon, Ill.

I. C. Cabell, Charleston, W. Va.

Dr. H. E. Pursell, Kansas City, Kan.

Personal of the Delegates.

Indianapolis the Convention city, has enjoyed the distinction of having entertained many of the great conventionrs of the country and it is but due the delegates of the Epworth League convention, to say that of all the conventions, none has been held here whose delngates have been more courteous, well dressed, intelligent and sociable than were the delegates to this convention. So pleased were the citizens of this city with the personel of these delegates, that they vied with each other in entertaining them and every home made welcome with that "far famed Hoosier hospitality" extended to the delegates and friends. This in itself is worthy of consideration and we believe that every Epworthian appreciates the facts and extends congratulations for the same.

Prof. Wm. Singleton.

Prof. Wm. Singleton, of Roanoke, Va., was a striking feature of the convention. He is the possessor of a deep rich bass voice and participated in quite a number of the exercises. Friday morning he sang at Tomlinson Hall amid great applause. He sang at Simpson Chapel, Friday evening and also Sunday morning when Bishop Ninde delivered the discourse. Sunday afternoon he rendered choice selections at Bethel A. M. E. church and in the evening entertained the audience at the Second Baptist church.

Sunday Appontments

The pulpits of the colored churches were filled by the following eloquent divines:—

Simpson Chapel—Bishop W. X. Ninde LL. D., Detroit, Mich.

—Zion African Methodist Episcopal—

Jones Tabernacle—The Rev. W. P. Thirkield, D. D., Atlanta, Ga.

—African Methodist Episcopal—

Allen Chapel—The Rev. W. A. Spencer, D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

Bethel—The Rev. M. C. B. Mason, D. D. Cincinnati, O.

—Baptist—

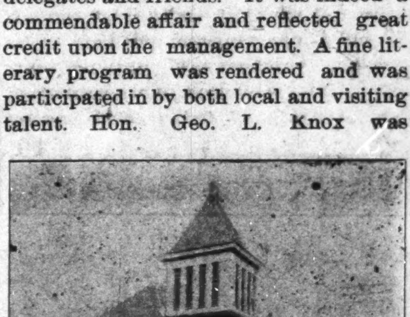
Mt. Pilgrim—The Rev. R. E. Jones, New Orleans, La.

Fourth Christian—The Rev. J. W. Vancleave, East St. Louis, Ill.

Second Badtist—The Rev. A. H. Lucas, D. D., Pittsburg, Pa.

Reception at Simpson Chapel.

A reception was given at Simpson Chapel last Friday evening by the Junior League, in honor of the visiting delegates and friends. It was indeed a commendable affair and reflected great credit upon the management. A fine literary program was rendered and was participated in by both local and visiting talent. Hon. Geo. L. Knox was Master of Ceremonies. The program:—Opening chorus, Welcome; Prayer, Rev. D. A. Graham; Selection, Prof. T. Q. Brown's orchestra; Solo, Miss Anna Franklin; Trombone solo Mrs. Julia Wilkerson; Chorus, "O Hail Us;" Solo, Prof. Wm. Singleton, Roanoke, Va. Remarks were made by Drs. Bowen, Thomas, I. Garland Penn, Miss Marie Hardwick, Dr. E. W. S. Hammonds, Drs. Mason and I. D. Scott, of the South Western Christian Advocate. A great applause was given when the Sextette from Claflin University arrived. They rendered several choice selections. Another feature of the program was the singing of The Freeman Quartette led by Prof. Wm. Hunt, they made a decided "hit." After the program was over refreshments were served to all the visiting delegates, and "a good old Methodist" time was participated in by all.



NEW SIMPSON M. E. CHAPEL.

NOTICE

Copies of The Freeman can be found every Saturday in Beaufort, S. C., at Mr. A. M. Greenfield's jewelery store.

Henry Siegle and Chas. Gary

Have opened a news and cigar store at 815 Broad st., Selma, Ala. They handle The Freeman and all leading daily papers in the United States.

Mr. Elwood C. Knox.

Permit me to congratulate you and The Freeman force on getting out such a splendid Xmas number, no one will attempt to deny the truth that it was the finest edition that ever fell from an Afro-American press, and it has the largest circulation of any colored paper that crosses the Rocky mountains in California. Yours truly,

SEABORN B. CARR,

63 Delacy street, Pasadena, Cal.

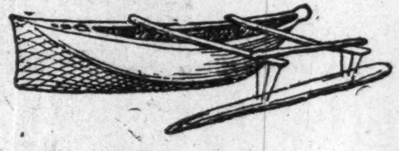
ORIENTAL CANOES.

Curious Craft With Outriggers Still Used for Inter-Island Communication.

There is only one race of primitive men which makes its entrance upon the page of history by way of the sea. Other early races creep over mountain passes and evade the great water courses by flanking the distant fountains. They fear the great sea. It takes ages before they gain the courage to coast from cape to cape, and always in sight of land. The Polynesian of the South Sea bursts into hazard of deep-water voyaging. In all the families of his race save one, his story begins with the daring of the Pacific, the greatest ocean of all.

Call the roll of these families and see whence they came and how.

Hawaii? By canoe from Kahiki, which may be Tahiti, certainly is no nearer than the Marquesas.



HAWAIIAN CANOE.

The Marquesas? From Hawaii, far across the Western sea.

Tahiti? From Hawaii in the West.

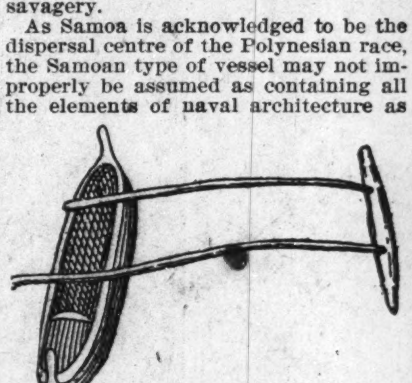
Raratonga? From Awaiki, a land in the West and down to the leeward.

The Maori of New Zealand? From Hawaiki.

All of these families tell of the tempestuous voyages of their ancestors from this mysterious land, of which all retain the name. It was the home of the race in the beginning. It was at that home that they learned to become sailors and ocean adventurers. The only family of the Polynesian race which does not begin in a legend of a dangerous trip across the waters is the Samoan. They believe that the earth was made at their archipelago, that they are themselves the first race of human beings. Ethnologists are agreed on one point; they acknowledge that even if Samoa is not the nest of the Polynesian race, still its largest island, Savaii, is carried in all these traditions as at least the place of the final dispersion of these colonies.

This gives us the shortest and the most direct line in the evolution of naval construction. By it we can judge how primitive man first essayed to build ships, a primitive man who was not afraid of the water. Compared with the brown race of the South Sea, the Tyrian navigators of remote antiquity and the Viking rovers of more recent ages are nothing but longshoremen. We are able to see in the present day what the primitive savages did in remote ages when he ventured on the sea. The Polynesian vessel is a type which has been reserved with almost absolute uniformity in all the wandering families of that race. It is the type of what the floating log became when human ingenuity was exerted to fit it for emergencies which arose early in savagery.

As Samoa is acknowledged to be the dispersal centre of the Polynesian race, the Samoan type of vessel may not improperly be assumed as containing all the elements of naval architecture as known to the race at the time of the great dispersal, and therefore the most simple development of the early type of vessel. There is just time to catch the Samoan type before it vanishes. Already the boat copied after Caucasian models is diplacing the native craft from end to end of the archipelago. Fifteen years ago there were many sailing canoes in Samoa; this year there is but one, and it is drawn up on a remote beach and left to fall into decay, never again to be used. The same change will continue to work; it will not be long before this primitive type of vessel will be but a museum curiosity.—Forest and Stream.



SAMOAN CANOE.

Filipinos Never Swear.

The native Filipino does not know the vice of blasphemy; he is not ordinarily obscene in his speech; he is not quarrelsome; he is respectful to those who display authority; is docile and obedient, although he is weak and remiss in the performance of his duties; he bears his punishment and believes it to be just when he is guilty of a fault, but he becomes irritated if personally insulted, and he awaits with rancor and in cold blood the moment to avenge outrages done to his person or his family.

He likes very much to pass hours in idleness or in not very animated conversation with his companions and friends. He is fond of feasts and pilgrimages, of play and betting, and easily spends in a day what has cost him months and even years to acquire. In his dealings with the European, when he attempts any business whatever, he is cunning and crafty and tries to come out the gainer, to which end he will use deceit and even puerile artifices. He is fond of ostentation, pomp, noise, and spectacular display.

The senses exercise a greater influence upon him than is usual in other races, and from this cause proceeds the infantile vanity that makes many array themselves in elegant clothes, jewels, decorations, etc. He loves sensual pleasures, but not to the point, as some have alleged, of disregarding the laws of blood, not to the extreme of falling into abominations.

Although he appears silent and submissive, he is much given to quiet murmuring and to criticising the acts of his superiors, especially those of the European, but this is done more in the way of curious and inciting conversation than true criticism. He possesses normal intelligence, a good memory, and an aptitude for mechanics. He is a good workman when habit, necessity, or passion influence him, and for hours and hours can perform rough and most laborious work, as is demonstrated by those employed in rowing, in the cultivation of sugar, or in the work of day laborers. Lacking incentive, however, he inclines to idleness, in which he sees nothing worthy of censure.

Extra
Copies
of this Edition of
12 Pages
Containing a full account of
International Epworth Convention,
Indiana State Negro Convention,
Association of Colored Women, Etc.,
will be sent to any address in the United States for FIVE CENTS.

Just Think
Commencing
July 15th
The
Freeman
will be sent to any
address
One Year
FOR
$1.00
Remember this rate is only on for Thirty days.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

America's Leading Negro--His Life and work --Opinions of Foreign Critics.

From The London Daily News,

One of the gravest questions that confronts the United States is the race problem—the relation between the white people of the South and the Negroes, of whom in the Southern States there are over 6,000,000.

Some of the whites to whom I spoke shook their heads over the question, said God only knew what the end would be, and meantime having no decided views as to what should be done or attemepted, they let things drift. I found others when I questioned them as to what policy ought to be adopted towards the colored people, differing hopelessly amongst themselves.

One man—and he a Negro—for all the colored race, pure black or mixed, are called Negroes, and very commonly "niggers"—has attarcted to himself attention both North and South, and amongst both the white and the colored races, by his singularly eloquent and powerful advocacy of a policy to some extent different from all those named, and by his remarkable practical illustration of it within "the black belt" of Alabama. This man is Booker T. Washington, of Tuskegee. Booker Washington was born in slavery, and after emancipation worked as a boy in the coal mines of West Virginia to support his mother. While there he heard of the Hampton Institute, in Virginia, where a poor lad could get an education and have at the same time the opportunity of working to pay for it. Through all difficulties he made his way to the place, was received, and entered upon the course of study combined with manual labor, which awoke all his powers and made him feel, he says, what it was to be a man. When his course of study was nearing its close he determined to go into the South and give his life to providing the same opportunity for self-awakening and self-help to his race there as Hampton had afforded him. He accordingly went South, and at Tuskegee, in the "black belt" of Alabama, he began his work in 1881 in a wooden shanty, with only one teacher and 39 Negro lads as students. The work soon began to develop and the principle that lay behind it began to attract attention.

Booker Washington held, and holds, that a disproportionate amount of attention has been given to preaching and book learning by the friends and educators of the Negro and by the Negroes themselves. He values both book learning and preaching. But what he holds vital—and in the present state of things most urgent—if there is to be hope for a satisfactory settlement of the Negro question,, is the acquirement by the Negro of wealth, and of all the mechanical and other arts, as well as virtues, by which wealth can be honestly acquired and wisely employed, and by which the Negro can command the respect and secure the co-operation of the white people.

It was at the Atlanta Exposition, Georgia, in 1895, that Booker Washington first gained the ear of the nation. Prof. McGhee, of the Ethnological Department at Washington, D. C., told me he remembered the occasion most vividly, and would never forget it as long as he lived. People spoke of "making history." Booker Washington, he said, not only made history, but made his own history that day, and rose to the acknowledged leadership of the colored race in America.

"It was on the occasion," he said, "of the opening ceremonies of the Exposition, which were to begin at 2 o'clock. The vast auditorium was crowded, and as the President and the other distinguished people who were to take part, were behind time and the audience became impatient. But, at last, a door behind the platform opened and the guests as they came in were welcomed with enthusiasm. But wheu amongst them a colored man appeared, there was an instant cessation of the applause and a sudden chill fell upon the whole assemblage. One after another asked angrily, "What's that nigger doing on the stage?" The "nigger," however, went quietly and modestly to a seat and was soon forgotten.

The program was then commenced. Speech after speech had been delivered when the President rose and said: "We shall now be favored with an address by a great Southern educator." Unconscius of the person who was thus referred to the audience loudly applauded. But when the "nigger" rose in response, applause suddenly stopped, and an icy coldness ensued that could be felt. Every one who knows American, and especially Southern, feeling on this matter, can understand it. But the colored man began in quiet, but perfectly distinct tones, to read his address. His manner was easy and natural. There was absolutely nothing in it of either timidity on the one hand or bravado on the other.

"I watched (said the professor) the thaw that soon began. The people became interested in spite of themselves. Within 15 minutes the interest had become intense. At one telling point some of those on the platform ventured to applaud. By and by more applause and louder, extending amongst the audience, and when the Negro finished such an ovation followed (said the professor) as I had never seen before, and never expect to see again.

"The way in which that Negro overcame American prejudice, both Norther and Southern, and did it within the limits of a short speech, was simply astounding. The speech was telegraphed to all parts of the Union, and from the States, North, South, East and West, came thousands of congratulatory telegrams. That speech made Booker T. Washington, who had been toiling at his great experiment at Tuskegee for years almost unknown, the most famous colored man in America."

The President of the United States paid him and his speech a compliment that could scarcely have been surpassed, when he declared that the Atlanta Exposition would have done a great work if it had done nothing else than furnish the opportunity for the delievery of that address.

When I arrived in America last year Booker Washington's name was one of the first mentioned when reference was made to the Negro question. When I was traveling round the North, and happened to mention that I was going South to see what 30 years had done for the freedmen since I was there before, friend after friend said. "If you go as far South as Alabama, see Booker Washington and his work at Tuskegee." Even when I entered the South, Southern people not always favorable to Negro education, said frequently, "You should see Booker Washington; he is the most sensible Negro in America."

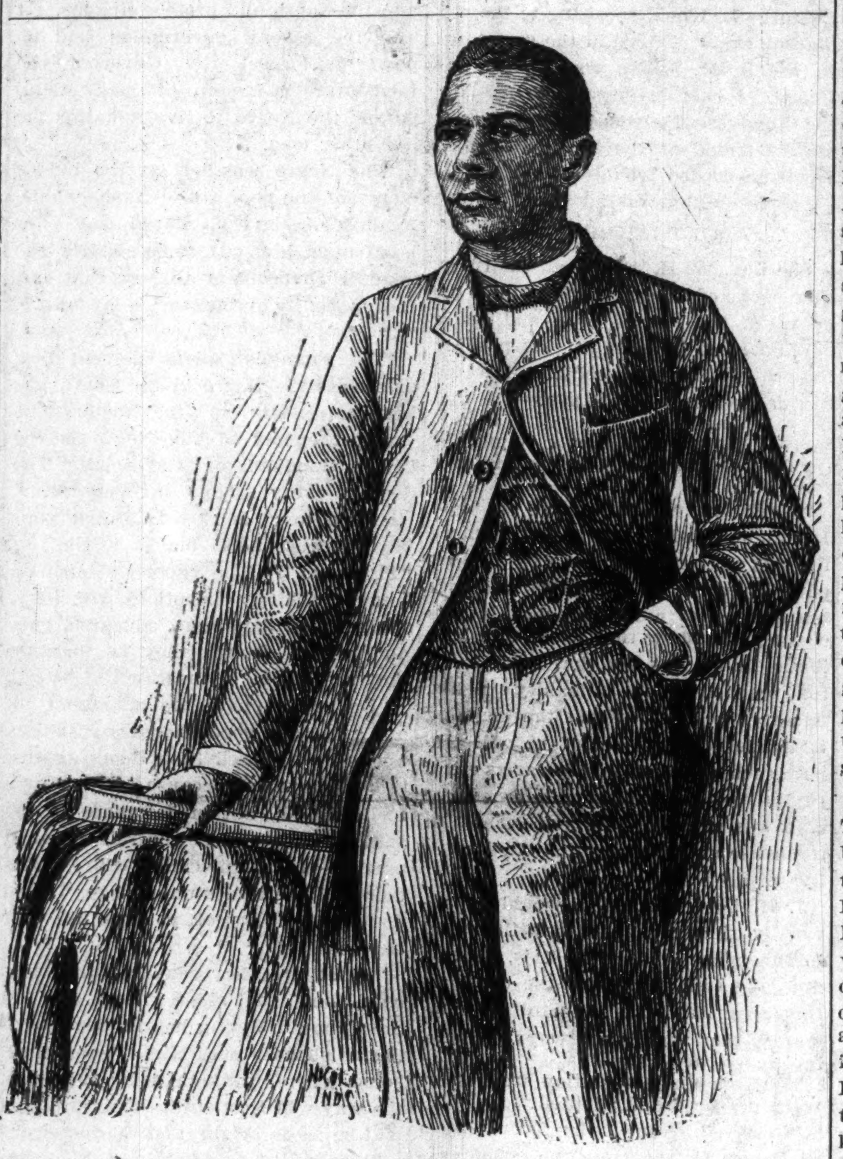
So, when traveling South through Alabama, I made a point of going to Tuskegee. Leaving Montgomery, the capital city of the State, I took train to Chehaw, and thence to Tuskegee, by a little branch line. The village itself is an old-fashioned place, the red court house with its while pillars standing in the square, with the village gathered round it. A drive of ten or twelve minutes beyond the village brought me within sight of the numerous buildings connected with Booker Washington's Institute—what might with propriety be called Booker Washington City. The driver directed my attention to a little church away on a ridge, and said, "He began in a little wooden house close to that. I drove the first students there. There were only 30 when he began, and now there are over 1,000. And I tell you (he added) he keeps things straight. He allows no drinking, no smoking, no misconduct of any kind. If any one will not keep to the rules he must walk."

We drew up at a building in the center of the colony, where Booker Washington has his office, and where there is also a postoffice and telephone office for the use of the institute. Here, in his private room, I had a third reception from the organizer of this remarkable institution. Booker Washington is a half-caste, as Fred Douglas also was. He is a plain, unassuming man, but with a massive face full of strength and courage. In profile his face has something of a dogged look, that speaks of purpose and resolution. But his bright brown eyes have a cheerful light in them, and frequently in conversation, especially on his favorite theme, his eye kindles and his voice becomes suddenly eloquent.

After some talk with him I said the day was beautiful and I would like to start at once for a sight of the various buildings. He at once called a Mr. Parmer, one of his people, and gave him instructions. I observed in this, as in all else, an example of the promptness and method which he seeks to develop in all around him. Mr. Parmer took me all over the place, and proved a most intelligent guide.

He first showed me through the Trades House, a great hive of industry, where in the different departments the Negro students are being taught wagon building, harness making, shoemaking, tailoring, joiner work, painting, blacksmith work, typesetting, printing, and the various trades. Then he showed me where the female students are taught knitting, sewing, dressmaking, and millinery, cleaning, cooking, and nursing; and some of them (alternately with male students) architectural and mechanical drawing. We went next and saw the laundry and ironing rooms, the kitchen, the great dining hall, the drug store, the hospital, the different dormitory buildings for the male and female students, the pavilion, the school rooms, and the large and handsome brick church.

These buildings have all been erected by the students themselves as part of their training. Even the bricks for the church (more than a million were required) were made by the students on the institute grounds; the mason work was done by the students, the lumber was cut into planks by the students at their own saw mill, the whole wood work was done by the young men as part of their training for being joiners and carpenters, the painting and varnishing, the plumber work, the equipment of the place with electric lighting was all done by the students. The drawings and specifications were also prepared by a Negro (Mr. R. R. Taylor) who gives the students instruction in architectural and mechanical drawing; and the general supervisor of the whole work was the brother of Booker Washington. It is a distinctive feature of the work at Tuskegee that the instructors in every department are Negro men and women. Every student is credited with the value of his labor in the cashier's books. He is thus enabled to pay his board and get his training in manual labor at the same time.



BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

We next went and saw the dairy and stock farm. The dairy herd numbers about 60 milch cows, and not only supplies the Tuskegee colony but the whole neighborhood with butter and milk. About 300 hogs are owned by the institute, and between two and three thousand acres of land. The farms—all wrought by the students—supply the colony with potatoes and peas and other vegetables and fruits required. Ten thousand cans of tinned fruit were put up last year. The students not only grow the fruit and tin it, but manufacture the tin cans. We drove out to see some of the farm work and also the brick field, where students were busy making the bricks which are being used for a large new trades house now in coruse of erection. It is a busy colony. Two hours later I found thes same students in their classes at the night school, and to close the duties of the day, they crowded the pavilion—more than a thousand of them—for evening prayers.

Booker Washington often conducts the religious services himself: but that night they were conducted by the Negro chaplain. Booker Washington only spoke a few words towards the close, but these few were characteristic. He said a young man had that day been obliged to make his bed three times before he had done it properly. He urged them all never to be satisfied with the making of their beds till the work was so well done that nobody else could do it better. It was a little bit of the practical teaching that runs through all the work of that great hive of industrial, moral, and intellectual equipment and discipline.

On the following day I saw more of the work, and especially the Bible Training School, and the educational work generally, and then drove out to the "school farm," also belonging to the institute, where many of those who come from rural districts to join the colony are first sent to get their hands in. Corn, sweet potatoes, and sugar cane are grown there in large quantities, and last year this farm turned out 100 barrels of syrup.

Such is the work being done by Booker Washington. And it is extending beyond Tuskegee: for not only are the educated and skilled workers trained there in great demand outside, but some of them are going forth to initiate the same kind of training amongst the Negroes in other States.

He says it is important—very important—that all the privileges granted to the people by the constitution should be enjoyed by the blacks as well as by the whites, but still more important that the colored people should fit themselves and let it be seen that they are fitting themselves for the wise exercise of these privileges.

He speaks to the white people with equal sense and plainness. He tells them that they can not be unjust to the Negro without doing injury to themselves: that ignorance is more costly to the State than education; that it is in the highest interest of the whites themselves to stimulate the colored people to become intelligent producers and taxpayers, and train them to become useful and virtuous citizens. He tells them that to keep the Negro in vice and ignorance would be to chain themselves to a body of death. He says the Negro can afford to be wronged better than the white man can afford to wrong him.

Such is Booker Washington's message to his own race in America, and to the white people with whom their futures are inextricably interwoven. It does not cover the whole ground, but it covers one of the most important parts of it; and it would be well for both the white and the colored races if they laid this great Negro's lesson to heart and translated it into practice.

A VISIT TO THE MOST NOTED NEGRO IN AMERICA.

BY DAVID MACRAE.

From the Glasgow (Scotland) Herald.

We have amongst us just now perhaps the most distinguished man of color in America. He has come quietly into our midst with characteristic modesty, having no ax to grind on this side, no funds to raise or anything of that kind. He has come just for a little rest, and for the purpose of having a look at one or two things that we are doing, in the hope that he may the better do the work to which his life is devoted.

Mr. Booker T. Washington, principal of the Normal and Industrial Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., U. S. A., does not know precisely when he was born. But he says it was in the old slavery days, when they did not think it worth while to record the day and the hour when "another Negro baby" saw the light. He knows how he got his name, however. He went to a Negro school, and found other boys had two names, while he had never known but one, and he told the teacher he would like two names also. The teacher asked what his other name was, and after scratching his head a second he told the good soul to put down Washington. He worked in a coal mine in his youth in West Virginia—worked in the mine during the day and studied at night. After a time he went to Hampton Institute, a seminary, at which Negro students may earn their living and study at the same time. His entrance examination was a peculiar one. "They did not know whether to admit me or not, but they gave me a room to sweep. I guess I swept that room three or four times before I was satisfied. Then a teacher came in and took her handkerchief and wiped the walls to see if she could find any dust. After that they said I could be admitted."

Mr. Booker Washington's educational career was full of interest, but it must suffice to say that three years ago Harvard University conferred upon him the honorary degree of Master of Arts. He received this honor in company with Bishop Vincent and General Nelson A. Miles, commander of the United States army, and some dozen other eminent people, and it is gratifying to record that when the ex-slave was presented the crowd of bishops, generals, commodores, statesmen, authors, poets, explorers and noted men of every calling, as well as students of the university, greeted him with a great outburst of enthusiasm.

Booker T. Washington's life work is the emancipation of his race—seven millions of people. It is a large order, but when a few simple facts are stated it will be seen that this is what our visitor actually has in hand. The civil war put an end to slavery. It was a great work, but it was merely introductory to a still greater work. It is in this greater work that Booker T. Washington is now engaged. Really he is training men and women of color as school teachers, and he has in his institute at the present time about a thousand students. When his own preparatory studies were drawing to a close he determined to go into the far South, into the Black Belt, as it is called, and devote his life to the kind of work in which General Armstrong was engaged at Hampton. And one day the opportunity offered. Some colored people at Tuskegee wrote to General Armstrong to send them a teacher and Booker Washington was sent. That was in 1881. The young man began in a very humble way indeed, in a little shanty so poor and mean that in wet weather it was necessary to use umbrellas.

But, undismayed, the teacher went on, and presently conceived the idea that he must continue earning a living with education. And he looked around for a farm. He quickly found one that would suit his purpose, but then, as he says, he hadn't a cent. But he wrote to his old principal, General Armstrong, who, to his great delight, sent him a check for $500. He promptly settled on the farm and soon had the school going. He taught the boys and girls a part of each day; then they would go out on the land and get it ready to raise crops. That was the beginning. How the work grew and abundantly prospered would take too long to tell. But it is a veritable romance. The teacher and his pupils put up the first building with their own hands—they made the bricks, but they could not burn them—so the teacher pawned his watch and got enough money to hire a brick burner. Now they have large and splendidly appointed establishments, and Congress has given them 2,300 acres of land. The premises occupy about 800 acres, and they farm some 700 acres, growing grass, cotton and fruit.

The estimation in which Mr. Booker T. Washington's work is held in the United States is evidenced by the fact that in December last President McKinley, accompanied by Mr. Secretary Long and Postmaster General Smith, visited the institute. The President delivered an interesting address on the occasion, in the course of which he paid a very high tribute to Principal Washington. "He has won," said Mr. McKinley, "a worthy reputation as one of the great leaders of his race, widely known, and much respected at home and abroad as an accomplished educator, a great orator and a true philanthropist."

With this distinguished man of color a representative of the Daily News had a long chat a day or two ago.

"We have about a thousand students," said Mr. Washington, "and about a hundred teachers. Altogether we number between 1,200 and 1,300 people, counting the teachers, wives and families. About half our students are preparing for ordinary school teaching, but many of them combine farming with their teaching, and these do the best work. It is hard to maintain schools in session more than six months in every year. The State only supports about three to four months. The localities must do the rest. So we prepare teachers to teach agriculture, dairying, stock raising, carpentry, wheelwrighting, blacksmithing, shoemaking, harness making, printing, machine making, brickmaking, bricklaying, plastering, painting and altogether we give instruction in twenty-six different trades. For girls we have cooking, sewing, millinery, nursing, laundry work, dressmaking, and so on. This year we are putting some of our girls into dairying. And I want to visit your school at Swanley to see how you are going on with teaching gardening.

"We don't take scholars under fourteen. The average age is fourteen and one-half. Students stay with us about five years; then some take elementary schools, and others teach industries in industrial schools. Our students belong to different religious denominations, but are chiefly Methodists and Baptists. Our chaplain is a Congregationalist. We have a semi-military organization for the purpose of teaching order and discipline. We have about 500 young men and 500 young women, and we teach and maintain an entire colony at a cost of about £15 a head. Some of our students can not pay anything for their education, and these work during the day and get their education in evening classes."

"As to the effect of all this on the great race problem," said Mr. Washington, "there can not be any doubt. I think there is a decided tendency to improvement in the relations between the races, notwithstanding recent troubles in various parts of the South. The great opportunity the colored man has in the South is on the matter of business. There is comparatively little prejudice against the Negro in business matters. The line is drawn in the lads in the far Southern States, but in the border States, such as Virginia, Missouri, West Virginia and Kansas no such line is drawn."

Mr. Washington is a man of medium height and well proportioned. He has a fine head and gives the impression of a man of high intellectual character. An opportunity of making his acquaintance will be presented this afternoon, when the Rev. Dr. Brooke Herford and Mrs. Herford, who knew Mr. Washington in the States, will hold a reception in Essex Hall. Subsequently at half past 4, a public meeting will be held under the presidency of the American ambassador, who, it is expected, will be supported by the Rt. Hon. James Bryce, M. P., Sir John Brunner, M. P., Revs. Dr. Parker, Dr. Clifford, Rev. Hugh Price Hughes and others. Mr. Booker Washington will deliver a brief address.

THE PROGRAMME

FOR CHICAGO ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL.

PROMINENT CHARACTERS MENTIONED —LIVE TOPICS OF SPECIAL RACE INTEREST TO BE DISCUSSED BY SPEAKERS OF WIDE-SPREAD REPUTATION.

The following program has been arranged for the annual meeting of the Afro-American council, to be held Aug. 17, 18, and 19, 1899, at Bethel Church, Chicago:

Thursday, 17th, 10 a. m.—Opening prayer, Bishop C. R. Harris, D. D., Salisbury, N. C. Roll call of members, Secretary of Council. Welcome address to the city by the mayor, Hon. Carter Harrison; on behalf of the pulpit, Rev. R. C. Ransom, D. D., Chicago; on behalf of the people, A. H. Roberts, Esq., Chicago. Responses: Bishop H. M. Turner, D. D., LL. D., Atlanta; Mrs. Josephine St. P. Ruffin, Boston; Rev. E. C. Morris, Helena, Ark.; Hon. George H. White, M. C. Address of the President, Bishop A. Walters, D.D. Report of Secretary, Mrs. Ida B. Wells-Barnett. Treasurer's report, John W. Thompson. Appointment of committees. Report of committee on credentials. Report of literary bureau, ex-Governor Pinchback, chairman. Discussion of report: Prof. Peter H. Clark, St. Louis; Mrs. Josephine T. Washington, Birmingham, Ala.; Hon. H. C. Smith, Cleveland, O.; Mrs. Fannie Barrier Williams. Music. "Business Enterprises of the Race and How to Foster Them," by Prof. W. E. B. DuBois, A. M., Atlanta; Bishop B. W. Arnett, D. D., Wilberforce, O.; Mr. Warren C. Coleman, Concord, N. C.; Hon. James Hill, Jackson, Miss.; W. R. Pettiford, Birmingham, Ala. General discussion by the delegates.

Friday, 10 a. m.—Devotional exercises. Report of Emigration Bureau, Robert Pelham, Detroit, Mich. Discussion of paper, Hon. H. P. Cheatham, Isaiah T. Montgomery, Bishop H. M. Turner.

Friday, 2 p. m.—Prayer. Routine business. "How Shall the Council Be Sustained?" (paper) by Robt. H. Terrell, Washington, D. C. Discussion: T. Thomas Fortune, New York; Bishop A. Grant, D. D., Philadelphia; J. E. Bruce, Albany; Dr. N. F. Mossell, Philadelphia; G. W. Lee, Washington; R. W. Thompson, Indianapolis.

Friday, 8 p. m.—Report of Legislative Bureau, by Mr. Daniel Murray, Washington, D. C. "Phases of Work" --"Disfranchisement." F. L. Barnett, Chicago. "Separate Coach Law," Hon. Judson W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury; Hon. George H. White; "Convict Lease System," Mrs. C. O. Keeler. "Lynch Law in America." John Mitchell, Jr., Richmond. Discussion: J. R. Clifford, West Virginia; Mrs. I. B. Wells-Barnett, Mrs. W. E. Henderson, late of Wilmington, N. C. "Hardships of the Colored Laborers Who Are Transported from the South to Work in Northern Mines," Rev. H. T. Johnson, D. D., Camden, N. J.

Saturday, 10 a. m.—"Best System of Education Needed for the Race." Prof. Kelley Miller, Washington; Miss Maria Baldwin, Cambridge, Mass.; Mrs. A. J. Cooper, Washington; Prof. S. G. Atkins, Winston, N. C.; Miss Washington. "Moral Training—Its Needs and Methods," Bishop G. W. Clinton, D. D., Charlotte, N. C.; H. T. Kealing, Waco, Texas; Mrs. J. Silone Yates, Kansas City, Mo.

Saturday, 2 p. m.—"Home Training," Mrs. Booker T. Washington, Tuskegee, Ala.; Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, Washington; Miss Joanna Moore, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, Mrs. Julia Mason Layton, Washington, D. C. "Afro-American Daily," W. A. Pledger, Atlanta, Ga. Discussion: J. F. Taylor, Salt Lake City, Utah; J. C. Dancy, Salisbury, N. C.; J. W. Henderson, Providence, R. I.; G. L. Knox, Indianapolis, Ind.; William H. Ferris, Boston; E. E. Cooper, Washington; I. E. Scott, New Orleans; Charles Alexander, Huntsville, Ala. Principal speakers will be allowed 30 minutes. Those appointed to discuss subjects, 15 minutes; others, 5 minutes. Address to the country—committee: W. A. Pledger, Peter H. Clark, H. C. Smith, Bishop J. W. Hood, D. D., Mrs. Booker T. Washington, F. L. Barnett, I. F. Bradley, J. Frank Blaghern, Lucy Moten, W. H. Steward, T. B. Morton, T. Thomas Fortune, P. B. S. Pinchback, H. T. Johnson, J. Silone Yates.

PROMPT TO RESPOND

The Leading Afro-Americans of the State in Convention.

A Two Day's Session Held Here the 25th and 26th---No Doubt it is Productive of Much Good---A Review of the Session.

The Indiana State Afro-American convention of the leading colored men of this State, held a two-days' session in this city Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The convention was the result of a movement set on foot by the Rev. W. H. Anderson, a prominent minister of Evansville.

Forty-six names were signed to the call, the men being selected from among the most intelligent and progressive colored men of the large cities of the State.

At 9 o'clock Tuesday the convention was opened with prayer by the Rev. George Sissel, of Simpson's chapel, with the Rev. J. J. Blackshear, of Corinthian Church, presiding.

The Rev. E. L. Gilliam, of this city, was then selected as temporary presiding officer, Attorney Gurley Brewer, Secretary, and George Stewart, Assistant Secretary.

Dr. Gilliam, upon assuming charge of the meeting, said in part:

"I am sure those who have come here come to advance the interests of colored men as citizens. It seems strange to me that at the close of this wonderful nineteenth century there should be any necessity for a separate conference of any kind for any men because of color. There are persons in this country who have not yet learned that contour of skull and color of skin do not make the man.

"There are those who measure the Negro to-day, standing as he does in colleges and schools and on the platform, by the Negro of the plantation and the auction block of fifty years ago. Measuring him by that standard they treat him accordingly. We hope to be able to impress on the people of this State and nation the fact that we are not what we used to be."

The Rev. V. L. Jenkins, of Rome, Ga., said to be one of the best educated and most progressive of the Negro clergy of the South, was called and in the course of a brief but eloquent address said:

"We have bad white people in Georgia and we have bad colored people there. It is commonly reported that the Atlanta Constitution is the Georgia Bible, and tells the truth. But if you want the true condition of things in the South to-day read the Southwestern Christian Advocate. Don't get the idea that we are not building up strong virtuous colored women in Georgia. There are colored men in Georgia who tip their hats to character, to learning and to virtue. There are colored women in Georgia whose heads are just as clear, whose lives are just as clean, whose purpose to serve God is just as fixed as any class of women that walk the earth. The good white people and the good colored people of Georgia are coming closer together."

During the morning session committees on enrollment and election of officers were appointed, and the first reported the securing of a large number of names to the organization list with prospect for many more before the adjournment of the convention.

At 2 p. m. the convention re-convened and the committee on election of officers reported the Rev. W. H. Anderson as permanent chairman, with Mr. Brewer and Mr. Stewart continued as the secretaries.

The address of welcome was then delivered by the Rev. Dr. Carr, pastor of the Second Baptist Church. It was hearty and characteristic of the energetic minister. He urged that all that might be said should be uttered in good spirit, with wisdom back of it and the great object of benefiting the Negro in the foreground of every speaker's thought.

A well worded response was offered by H. W. Eggleston, of Bloomington, in which he expressed the thought that if colored men earnestly desired to benefit themselves and their race they must devote more time to participating in such conventions as the one that had been opened. It was the advancement of new ideas and their discussion that would give the greatest impetus to progress.

In talking on the topic for the afternoon, "How May We Improve the Moral Condition of Our People," William Harvey, of this city, said:

"There are over 250,000 people that served in bondage more than two hundred years and the shackles have only in recent years fallen from them. They are almost at the point of starvation and begging you for work. All of the coal mines and other industries should have been filled as far as possible with those people and not by foreigners who have not done anything to make the country what it is. The United States government and the several States have been solicited to provide all the work possible for our suffering people and the governments of the States have been asked to use their influence with firms and corporations to give this work to our race, that has been so heavily burdened for the last 200 years, and who have by their hard toil done much to make the republic prosperous and place it among the first nations of the earth. On the contrary, what has been done? State troops have been called out to shoot down Negro miners whose only offense is that they seek an honest and honorable means of supporting their families and educating their children. And the mines are filled with foreigners.

"If we wish to progress let us watch and pray. If we examine our race we will find too much of ignorance, superstition, immorality, drunkenness, gambling, thieves and murderers. These kind of black people are the weights that are holding the race down. We should rise in our Christian power and secure education, earn money honestly, save it frugally and be good citizens."

EVENTS OF THE EVENING.

The church, which is one of the most commodious colored churches in the city, was filled with an audience at night that paid close attention and appeared to thoroughly enjoy the exercises.

A resolution was adopted, pledging individual and collective assistance to bring about Congressional legislation cutting down representation in those Southern States where Negroes have been disfranchised. Another resolution to memorialize Congress to legislate so as to bring lynchings and burnings of Negroes in the South under the ban of the federal law, was also adopted.

The only topic discussed during the evening was: "Race Prejudice Is Decreasing in the United States."

The paper on the subject was read by P. F. Hamilton, a well known colored farmer of Lost Creek township, Vigo county.

Years of observation, he said, had led him to believe that the prejudice between the whites and blacks, South and North, had been steadily decreasing.

"What is prejudice?" asked the speaker. "It is simply believing a thing true because some one else said it was true. Do you not remember in the past being refused refreshments at an ice cream parlor or soda fountain because you were black, although you might be well dressed, polite of manner and clean and correct of character? This does not hold true generally now. It is a fact as old as history that when the white and black races have met as master and servant the black man has had to carry the white man's burden and suffer such inconveniences as might be thrust upon him uncomplainingly. The slavehood of the black man in this country passed away as a hideous cloud, and I am constrained to believe that from that time to the present the white man's prejudice has been year by year steadily reduced. The thirteenth amendment to the federal constitution made the Negro a free man; the fourteenth gave him citizenship; and the fifteenth conferred upon him the priceless boon of a common franchise with the white man. There was progress for you. Thirty-five years ago Negroes over in the county of Vigo right near my old home, could not carry their produce to the city without being exposed to assault and insult. Now the Negro who conducts himself as a good citizen is not molested and is considered as worthy as any other citizen. No, I believe white prejudice against us is dying out in proportion as we strive to render ourselves worthy of respect."

The paper was spiritedly discussed pro and con by Gurley Brewer, Prof. W. H. Smith, of Rockport; H. V. Eggleston, of Bloomington; the Rev. J. J. Blackshear, the Rev. Dr. Gilliam, the Rev. Dr. Graham and Mrs. Lillian Thomas Fox.

The Second Day.

The second day's session of the Indiana State Afro-American convention opened Wednesday with song and prayer, following which W. E. Henderson offered this resolution, seconded by Levi Christy:

"Whereas, we see in the life of the Hon. George W. Julian those qualities which make the scholar, orator, statesman, humanitarian and Christian patriot, and, remembering his advocacy of all that tended to the fullest freedom and being deeply sensible of his unswerving friendship to the Negro as a slave and freeman,

"Therefore, be it resolved, that we, the Negro citizens of Indiana in convention assembled, do earnestly desire to manifest the high estimate in which his eminent public service and distinguished patriotism are held, and of the manly manner in which he labored as an abolitionist and as the author and introducer of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

"Resolved, further, that in his death the State has lost a valued and honored citizen, the nation a true patriot and the Negro race the friend of friends.

"Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to his family and be given to the press, with a request that it be published."

George L. Knox, speaking to the resolution, said: "I lived in the very town in which Mr. Julian was stoned and lamed. I cast my first vote for him for Congress. He was in the first rank as the friend of the black man, and when he needed friends."

The resolution was adopted.

ABOUT INGERSOLL.

The Rev. W. H. Anderson, chairman, then spoke of Robert G Ingersoll as the friend of the Negro race, and said: "While I am pained at his position toward the Christian religion, I would say in the words of the poet—

'Accept the truth wherever found,
On Christian land or heathen ground.'

"When that passed through my mind I thought it might not be out of place for this convention to pass by all that part of Robert G. Ingersoll's life that has caused so much criticism in this country and show that we admire him, infidel as he was, for that noble spirit that reached out for humanity's rights. (Great applause.) From the clapping of hands I believe some one will prepare such a resolution. So far as equal rights and justice are concerned, no man was more forceful and earnest in the cause of humanity than Robert G. Ingersoll."

J. H. Lott said: "We would be unworthy of citizenship at this time, and in this place, church as it is, did we not take some notice of the death of this great friend of humanity—a humanity that with him always included the Negro race."

The following resolution was afterward prepared and adopted:

"Resolved, that in the recent death of Robert G. Ingersoll, the nation has lost one of its greatest orators, statesmen and patriots, and the Afro-Americans one of the greatest champions of civil rights. Mr. Ingersoll always advocated the rights of the oppressed. His ability and his purse were always at the service of our people. On all questions that arose concerning the colored people, Mr. Ingersoll was always found on our side.

"Resolved, that this conference, in common with the colored people of this nation, do deplore his death, and hereby tender our greatest sympathy to his bereaved family."

RACE PREJUDICE DISCUSSED.

W. A. Sweeney, of this city, opened the discussion of the subject, "Race Prejudice in the North Versus Race Prejudice in the South." He said, in part: "For a time immediately after the war, our progress from the place of the slave to the place of the freeman seemed assured. That time quickly passed. The step in the right direction stopped. The heart which had begun to beat for humanity ceased. In 1876, by a bargain, the Negro of the South was turned over to the States by the hand of the only power that could have assured his future—turned him over to the elements that for three hundred years had used him for selfish purposes.

"In the days of slavery it was the slaveholder that protected the black man from the jealousy, the hate, the envy of the poor white trash of the South. When that protection was taken away and the bargain was entered into between the forces in power (alluding to the Hayes electoral vote) and the forces in the South that wanted to get into power in their States, the black man was left helpless, with no place to turn for assistance.

* * * "And now the history of the South is red with the blood of thousands of innocent men, slain not alone by the low white trash of the South, which has always hated us, but slain because of the bargain which made a man President of the United States.

* * *

FILLED WITH HORRORS.

"Read the records of the daily press, which are filled with horrors that shock the civilized world. Read to-day what transpired only yesterday. Read again that it was possible for the President of this great country a few months ago to stand surrounded by these cohorts of bloodshed and be decorated with the defeated colors of the Confederacy, while the cries of murdered black men were coming from the ground. * * *

"I know the time when if seven Negroes had been hanged the North, the South, the East, the West, the best heart, mind and conscience of this land would have so risen to condemn the deed that it would never have been repeated. To-day we have the spectacle of a great nation, but not great enough, to protect its citizens against bloodshed, rapine and murder."

George L. Knox interrupted to say the speaker was not confining himself to the subject.

CAUSE FOR PREJUDICE.

Mr. Sweeney, resuming, said: "The point I want to make is that there is a cause for the prejudice, and that the first cause began when the general government, by the highest tribunal in the land—the Supreme Court—declared that the one sheet anchor of protection to the citizen was null and void; that the government had no right to go into the South and protect citizens. It said the general government had no power to compel the Governor, the Legislature in a State of the South to permit the Negro to live and breathe like other men.

"The Negro was left at the tender mercy of the poor white trash, which, in days of slavery, dared not put hand upon him. It remained for the general government to say that our theory of government is a failure.

* * *

"The same dependent element that ostracizes the Negro in the South has been his enemy in the North. The greatest enemy of the Negro is the trades unionism of the North. The door of every factory in every State, city and town is closed against your boy because he is black. (Cries of "That's so.") The door of business houses, with few exceptions, are closed against your daughters, educated, pure and refined though they be, because they are black. (Sensation.)

"Do you suppose the managers of our great dry goods houses in Indianapolis have closed their doors against this employment because of their own feeling? No, but in deference to the same influence that controls political parties—that giant called the trades unions. The trades unions say, 'If you do it, we will boycott you and kill your business.' * * *

"What are the remedies for this condition? God alone knows, and He does know. Wrong has its day, but it has no eternity with Him. 'Some time, some where, through some influence, the way will be opened, the dark places will be made bright, and the monarchs will be rolled from their high places. Then the Negro will be given, with other people, the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." (Great applause.)

TRADES UNIONS SCORED.

"We can not pay too much attention to the malignant enmity of these trades unions to ur people," said the Rev. E. L. Gilliam, of this city. "If it were not for trades unions we would find a far different condition of things in the North. John Payne, a plumber by trade, made application for admission to the Plumbers' Union, of this city. He was refused because of his color. Every dealer in supplies was warned by the union not to sell to him. He had to get white friends to buy for him on the sly in order that he might make an honest living. I challenge any man to produce in the South, bad as it is, anything that will equal this.

"In the North the enmity to the colored man comes from the uneducated and ignorant. When you put a saw or a hammer in the hands of a Negro you arouse the prejudice of the ignorant man with whom he comes in competition. Every time I buy goods down town I go to stores that give recognition to my people. Let us make the shopkeepers feel that the patronage of the 25,000 colored people of this city is worth having." (Applause.)

Rabbi Wechsler, who thirty years ago lived in this city, but for twelve years has lived at Meridian, Miss., spoke a few words. He gave half an hour in the evening to his ideas on the way the condition of the Negro race in the South may be improved.

As fast as you secure a subscriber send it to this office with $1 when you have secured twenty-five the bicycle will be sent to your address.

The Freeman is on sale every Saturday and during the entire week at William H. Moore's news depot, No. 14 Mulberry street, Wilmington, N. C., Inter State Telephone, No. 8. Prompt delivery to any part of the city.

A chance to secure a bicycle free is not picked up every day. Read our offer in this issue.

Secure The Freeman every Saturday from Joseph Evans, 1400 Wilson street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

To anyone sending (3) new subscribers or renewals during our $1.00 reduction we will send free, the History of the Negro Soldier in the Spanish-American War. This offer is only good during the $1.00 rate, from July 15 to Aug. 15.

Galpney, S. C., June 3, 1899.

G. L. Knox, Esq., Indianapolis, Ind.:

Dear Sir.—I admire the manly stand you have taken in connection with the vexing problems which now confront both white and colored people in America as to the proper treatment of the Negro. Very respectfully yours,

R. MAYERS,
Presbyterian minister.

Personal.

I wish to correspond with a WELL EDUCATED YOUNG COLORED WOMAN, a graduate from a good college age between 16 and 26. Prefer SCHOOL TEACHER raised and educated in the North, a bright yellow color with long black or golden hair. Weight between 100 and 150. Number of shoe between 2 and 5. Would prefer a poor girl having an idea of housekeeping and WELL SKILLED IN MUSIC and one who has not been married before. I have a nice little home and a good bank account in three of the best banks in the South. Can give reference as to my financial standing. My object is matrimony.

Address B 2, care of The Freeman.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Lost Relatives.

I, John L. Little, would like to know of Alice Little of Forestville, Chautauqua County, N. Y., my sister, also the whereabouts of my father George Little of Pennyan, N. Y., once a resident of Louisville, Ky., trade a butcher, my mothers' name Analiza, native of Louisville, Ky. Any information concerning same, please address Prof. John Little, 208 Clinton street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Adolph H. Bretzlaff,
226 INDIANA AVENUE,
DEALER IN
ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONS.
CIGARS AND TOBACCOES, ETC.
Your patronage is solicited.....

We carry a stock of goods valued at $1,500,000.00

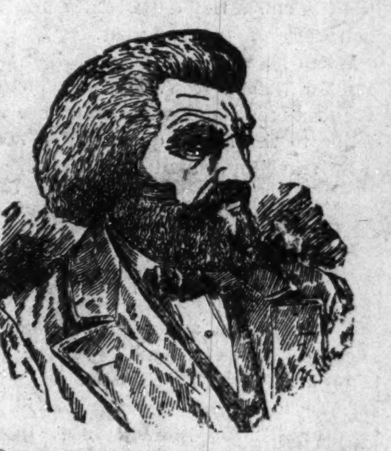
We receive from 10,000 to 25,000 letters every day

We own and occupy the tallest mercantile building in the world. We have over 2,000,000 customers. Sixteen hundred clerks are constantly engaged filling out-of-town orders.

OUR GENERAL CATALOGUE is the book of the people—it quotes Wholesale Prices to Everybody, has over 1,000 pages, 16 000 illustrations, and 60,000 descriptions of articles with prices. It costs 72 cents to print and mail each copy. We want you to have one. SEND FIFTEEN CENTS to show your good faith, and we ll send you a copy FREE, with all charges prepaid.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. Michigan Ave. and Madison Street
CHICAGO

A HOUSEHOLD TREASURE!



The Late FREDERICK DOUGLASS said:

"Great is your courage in publishing such a paper."

THE FREEMAN

is the champion of every true cause; the "sentinel on the outer walls" who never sleeps. That it should be in the home of every Afro-American is acknowledged by every one.

The Freeman is a household treasure of news, information and literature, illustrated and tastefully presented. No home should be without it.

Subscribe at Once!

THE FREEMAN

THE INDIANAPOLIS FREEMAN

Is the Leading Negro Journal: It is a real newspaper. No expense is spared in producing it. It is the organ of ALL Afro-Americans. Always reliable. Its aim is to publish all the news possible.

THE INDIANAPOLIS FREEMAN

Is not only a National paper, but a historical paper, with sketches and articles from the pen of our best educated men. Its sentiment went down into the French prison to the consolation of the Hon. John L. Waller.

When you support The Indianapolis Freeman

you are supporting a paper that is pleading for justice and liberty for 10,000,000 Negroes in America. This is an oppressed race as far as justice and the rights of citizens are concerned, and The Freeman is doing more to create sentiment in the Negro's behalf than any other Negro paper in the United States.

THE FREEMAN IS ONLY $1.50 PER YEAR

THE $1.00 RATE WILL EXPIRE AUGUST 15.

The Freeman
A National Illustrated Colored Newspaper

INDIANAPOLIS JUL 29 1899 PUBLIC LIBRARY

Public Library 1 00

VOLUME 12.
NUMBER 28.
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1899.
PRICE FIVE CENTS.
SINGLE COPY SIX MONTHS, 85c; ONE YEAR, $1.50

LATEST CITY NEWS

FROM AROUND THE CITY—VISITORS IN AND OUT OF THE CITY.

A COWARDLY ASSAULT UPON A

Defenseless Woman—Suspicioned of Confiscitating Goods—Mistaken For Negroes—City Employees to be Let Go—Personal Notes of Interest.

St. Louis, Mo., Special.

Mrs. H. C. Williams, of Memphis, Tenn., is the guest of Mrs. C. Warner, 2645 south Market street. Mrs. Ida L. Duncan, left Monday last for a visit to her mother in Holly Springs, Miss. Mrs. Storgere of 2345 Market street and Miss Alice Williams, recently of Chicago, Ill., will leave soon to visit the home of Mrs. Storgere, in Cincinnati, Ohio. Walter Jones leaves soon for a trip to Chicago. Mrs. George Chandlier, leaves soon for a visit to West Point, Miss. E. A. Gray, visits mother and relatives in Chicago this week. Mrs. James Mason left this week to be gone until September visiting in Indianapolis and Lockport, Ind., Louisville, Ky., and other points. Mrs. Douglass' Century Restaurant removes to 2132 Walnut street this week. Mrs. James M. Drew of 2117 Walnut street accompanied by her sister Miss Carrie Elnon left recently to visit her aunt Mrs. Lucy Marsh, 4759 Armour avenue, Chicago. Miss G. Curl, 1508 Chestnut, leaves for a short visit to Ironton, Mo. W. H. Smith, formerly representing the American Eagle, is now engaged with the St. Louis Purchasing Agency, and is in Cairo, Ill. Chas. Parker the colored professional after whom the first lodge, B. O. of C. P. of St. Louis, is named, has recently removed his tonsorial parlor from Market street to 14 north 14th street near Chestnut, under the glaring name "The Buffalo." Mrs. Philips has recently removed from 1507 Pine street to 1517 Chestnut street. Mrs. Ella Barnes is now canvassing for the California Perfume Co., of Davenport, Ia., selling all kinds of perfumes, extracts and toilet waters, 2610 Chestnut street. About fifteen Negro men, standing on the corner of 14th and Pine streets, a few evenings ago, witnessed without any interference what ever, one of the most blood curdling assaults upon a colored woman by the name of Jessie Bates at the hands of a white brute, an attache of the dive, a saloon in which he plays the piano. The woman had gone into the saloon in pursuit of her husband, who also brutally assaulted her in the saloon, then escaped. The woman became objectionable to the inmates and she was persued out of the saloon across Pine street to the corner opposite where The Freeman representative chance to see the white brute strike with an iron bar, the woman over the back and shoulder, bringing the blood, and knocking the same under a wagon standing at the corner. No one interferred out of the regiment of Negroes looking on, but Mr. Henderson whose indignation had reached the highest point of self controll, and interferred in the behalf of the mal-treated colored woman His unqestionable interference in behalf of one of his race, was so denouncitory that the police played a bogus game of "catch the rascal," but arrested the colored woman, sending her to the dispensary and thence to jail, for disturbing the peace. Mr. Henderson has offered his service to appear in court in behalf of the ill-treated woman as witness against the white brute. Had such a scene been enacted upon a white woman, a "Black Brute," lynching would have taken place. Instead the cowardly Negroes who frequent the saloon, and loaf about the vacinity suffered this assault, without raising their voice in denouncing it, much less wickedly chastising the white brute who dared to commit such an unmanly assault upon this helpless woman. When will such worthless Negroes leave the earth walking room for men who dare to defend their women and their race? It is reported that the proprietor of the Union Station restaurant is being crowded out of his location by persons previously controling the same. It has shaped itself into a law suit already. It is reported by the daily papers, that E. L. Shelton, a prominent colored young politician and literary man, who has for years been in trusty positions, alas, has been suspicioned of confiscating goods from the White tailoring House on Broadway where he was employed, and is under bond awaiting further investigation. Dr. G. H. Anderson, 1407 Market street, has reequipped his handsome dental parlors, and added recently one of the latest Rochester, N. Y., dental chairs, and cabinets. The doctor is progressive and will keep up with the surroundings of his able profession. The Wyoming Smelting, Refining, Mining and Investment Co., of Cheyenne, with Joshua C. Watson, the Black Moses of the South, president, is looking for for a location upon which to erect a $25,000 Society Hall, and department store. They will soon have a branch in the city to handle their own Mine Coal and Mine products. The recent St. Paul's A. M. E. church barbecue and picnic, given at Hoekin Grove, was the largest affair of its kind in the history of the park. It is said it will soon be demonstrated that a few more colored city employees, will be let go by city officials. It will be made up when the campaign season opens up actively. Mrs. Aderlynne Wilson Graves took her departure for her home Sunday last to Providence. Mrs. R. J. Graves is the "Boston Elocutionist," and unquestionably she is as talented cultured and refined a lady, and first in her profession, as has ever graced St. Louis. Her circle of friends who will miss her are many. We trust her success in her field of new labor. William Dixon of the Windom Quartette, returned recently to fill an engagement with the Forest Park Higland managers. He is stopping with his mother south 15th and Clarka venue. Two white women were last week roughly ejected from the Surburben Garden, after ordering and eating a lunch, for which the waiter refused to take any pay, because he thought he discovered they were colored. A policeman was called and notwithstanding all arguments and humiliation to the contrary, they were unceremoniously ushered from the Garden in disgrace. Afterwards it was realized that they were high toned west end dark skinned whites, whose husband has engaged an attorney and intends to prosecute the owners, for humiliating his wife whom it is reported, is prostrated over the affair. Well the time is coming when the greatest problem with the whites will be to be able to recognize their own from the Negroes.

News Notes.

Henderson, Ky., Special.

The annual services of the U. B. F., lodge were held June 23rd, at the First Baptist church. Misses Sadie and Eliza Jackson of Evansville are visiting Miss Maymie Jackson. Mrs. Rosa Alves and daughter, Mrs. John Crabtree spent Sunday in Evansville. Misses Maggie Edrington and Lonesther Winlock of Evansville, spent Sunday in the city, the guests of Miss Nellie Mae Browne. Chas. Jones died July 22, after a short illness. Born July 22, to Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Jones a son. A very enjoyable entertainment was given at the residence of E. H. Browne July 17, for the benefit of the Household of Ruth Lodge No. 75. A lawn party was given at the residence of Mrs. Mason's on Dilon street July 24th, a pleasant time was had by all present. Miss Laura Louise Gibson, of Evansville is visiting Miss Nellie Mae Browne. A supper was given at the residence of Miss Ida Goode July 20, for the benefit of the A. M. E. Zion church.

Our special $1.00 rate benefits those who desire to subscribe one year. No three or six month subscribers taken at this rate.

A LOCAL AWAKENING

AMONG THE COLORED PEOPLE—COLORED WOMEN AS LEADERS

"LIFTING AS WE CLIMB."

The National Association of Colored Women—A Meeting Which Will Attract National Attention—Officers and Aims of the Association.

The National Association of Colored Women which is to convene in Chicago during the month of August next from the 14th to the 17th inclusive promises to be a notable event and one which will undoubtedly attract national interest.

This Association is made up of over 200 clubs representing nearly every state in the union and a variety of interests that aim to helpfully reach every phase of Negro life in this country. This Association is not only strong in the number of clubs represented, but in the individual membership of some of the ablest and most cultured women which this race has produced. Its list of officers is a follows:—President—Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, Washington, D. C., Vice-President Mrs. B. K. Bruce—Indianapolis, Ind., 2nd V-President Mrs. Lucy Thurman, Jackson, Mich., Rec. Sec'y.—Mrs. C. S. Smith, Nashville, Tenn., Cor. Sec'y—Miss Victoria Thompkins, Washington, D. C., Treasurer—Mrs. Josephine S. Yates, Kansas City, Mo., National Organizers—Mrs. Jerome Jeffrey, Rochester, N. Y., Chairman Ex. Com.—Mrs. Booker T. Washington. The Association motto is:—"Lifting As We Climb."

This national movement was started in Boston in 1896 under the leadership of Mrs. J. S. P. Ruffin, Mrs. Booker T. Washington was its first president. Two successful meetings of the Association, as a National body have been held respectively in Washington and Nashville, but it is hoped and believe that the meeting in Chicago will surpass all previous gatherings in interest, enthusiasm and amount of good work accomplished; at least nothing will be wanting here in the generous hospitality of the citizens, a liberal press and the perfection of all the arrangements for the entertainment of delegates, under the direction of the State Federation of Colored Women's clubs.

This Federation is made up of the following named clubs:—The I. B. W. Club; The Phyllis Wheatley Club:—The Civic League:—The Ideal Club:—The Woman's Conference:—The Progressive Circle of King's Daughters:—The Wayman Circle. Its officers as follows:—President—Mrs. Fannie Barrier Williams; Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Agnes Moody, Mrs. L. A. Davis, Mrs. C. Curl, Mrs. M. Jackson, and Mrs. M. L. Davenport; Rec. Sec'y—Mrs. Fanny Hall Clint; Cor. Sec'y Mrs. M. Carmichael; Treasurer—Mrs. R. E. Moore.

In as much as the National Association is distinctively an organization of clubs, it seems eminently proper that the local Federation of clubs which is a part of the National Association should assumed the gracious responsibility of attending to all the necessary preparations and arrangements necessary to the success of the August meeting.

To this end the following committees were appointed by the Federation to carry on the work:—Committee on local Arrangements—Mrs. Agnes Moody Committee on Transportation—Mrs. Douglass.—Committee on Entertainment of Delegates and guests—Mrs. M. L. Davenport.—Committee on Bureau of Information Mrs. S. J. Evans.—Committee on Music—Mrs. Hall Social Committee,—Mrs. R. E. Moore.—Committtee on Ushers and Pages—Mrs. Taylor. The Federation has been working very earnestly and successfully during the past few months by holding mass meetings from time to time to arouse public interest in the coming convention, securing funds to carry out the plans of the local arrangements and have been diligent, through the work of its committees, in attending to the minutest details necessary to the success of so large and important a gathering.

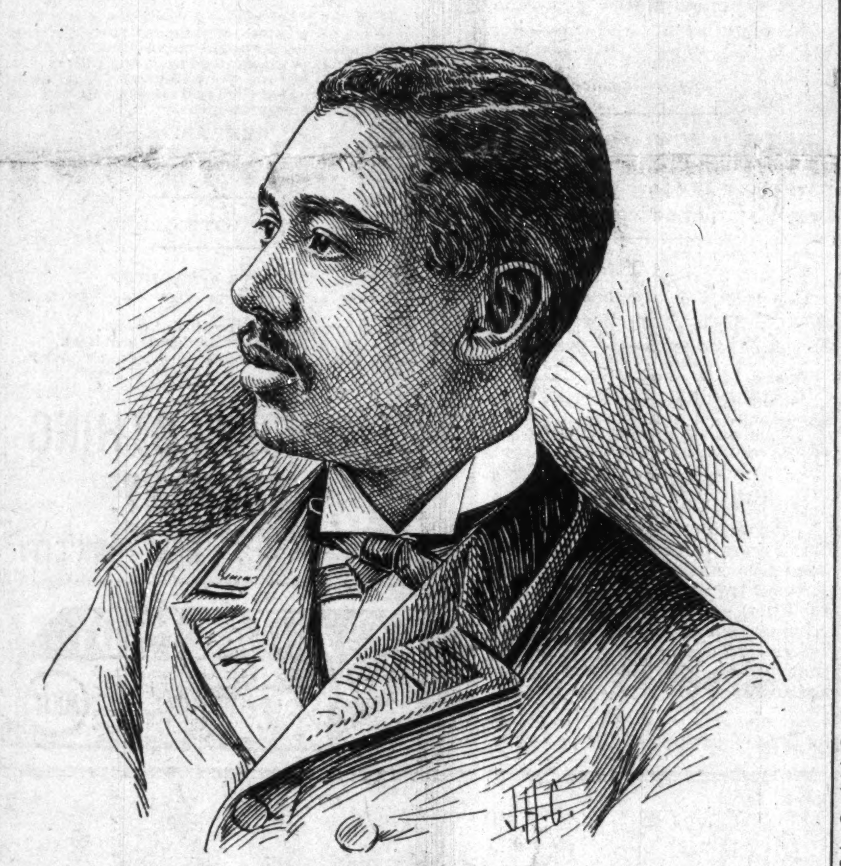
The various sessions of the Convention will be held in Quinn Chapel, one of the largest churches in the West, which a few months ago through its pastor and trustees generously and cordially tendered its beautiful auditorium, committee rooms parlors etc., to the Federation for the use of the National Association. The entire church is now being newly decorated and refurnished for this occasion. A brilliant reception will follow the opening meeting on Monday night, which under Mrs. Dr. Carey's gracious and efficient direction promises to be one of the most delightful incidents of the occasion. Bethel church in new and gorgeous attire will also extend a gracious welcome to the Association.

His Honor, Mayor, Harrison, or his representative will extend a welcome to the Association on behalf of the city and words of greeting from some of the prominent club women of the city are planned for, as a fitting recognition of the importance and worth of this distinguished body of women.

Many of the most beautiful Afro-American homes of Chicago have opened their doors to the distinguished guests during their stay in our city. Banquets, drives, excursions, luncheons and an endless variety of social functions, not included in the more serious programs of the day are being arranged for, both by the Federation and public spirited citizens who are ambitious to be a part of this really notable event.

The seven local clubs composing the Federation of Colored Women's Clubs deserve great credit for the efficient manner in which they have so successfully carried out the details necessary to the proper entertainment of the Association and it is believed, without any spirit of boasting, that the National Association will find in Chicago an almost perfect state of readiness in all things needed for its reception and encouragement. It is also believed that the Association will have the best opportunity since its organization to effect public opinion favorably in behalf of the women of the race.

FANNIE BARRIER WILLIAMS.



REV. IRVING GARLAND PENN,
Assistant General Secretary of the Epworth League.

News Notes.

Lansing, Mich., Special.

Miss Sadie Losford, of Howell, was the guest of Miss Cora Jones for some time past. Mrs. B. Tompson is convalescent. Mrs. John Hall is visiting in Rushville, Ind. Miss Francis Smith has returned from a short visit to Battle Creek and Kalamazoo. Miss Lillie Smith left last week for Chicago where where she will visit Mrs. Wm. Price and other relatives. Mrs. H. Jackson and children have returned from an extended visit to Ypsilanti and Detroit attending the C. E. convention in the latter city. Miss Frankie Smith, of Detroit, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. Jackson. Mr. T. W. Taylor has been compelled to go to Mt. Clements to take the baths there for his health. Revs. Masterson, Bowers and the choir of the A. M. E. church took part in the services of the First Baptist church, which were held in front of the Capitol, last Sunday afternoon. Bishop B. W. Arnett lectured at the A. M. E. church, Friday night, the 14th. His lecture was "Us Too" which refers to the white man and black man in this country. With his eloquence he dealt ably with questions concerning the past and future of our race and showed that the destiny of the Negro in this country is the same as that of the American republic. Miss Myrtie Salspaugh has returned from Detroit where she went as a delegate to the C. E. convention from the A. M. E. church. Miss Lillie Harris, of Battle Creek, spent a two weeks' visit here with her friend, Miss Caddie Ross. Miss Maud Butler is distributing The Freeman here now and we wish for her the best success.

Tuskegee Notes.

Tuskegee, Ala. Special.

The Student, a weekly publication of this institution has been enlarged considerably. The initial issue is a very creditable one. By the last of September Emmet J. Scott, the editor, formerly editor of the Texas Freeman, but now private secretary to principal Washington, expects to make it a four page six column weekly of news and opinions. Ten bright Cubans are now at Tuskegee The training they will receive at Tuskegee will enable them to be of very great service to their people in Cuba, in regenerating the island. Thos. J. Jackson one of the instructors here made a special trip to Havana for them. Principal and Mrs. Washington will return from their very pleasant summer vacation in Europe next month. They will sail from South Hampton, July 26.

News Notes.

Pittsburg, Pa., Special.

Miss Maggie Lee left the 17th for Charleston, W. Va., to which place she goes to be the guest of her mother for the summer. Miss Lee will be missed here.

WOMEN IN CLUBS

THE RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY A LEADING SOUTHERN CLUB

THE SOJOURNERS TRUTH CLUB

Retaliates to a Gross Insult Which Appeared in the Independent—A Convincing Editorial—Alive to the Welfare of the Race.

Editor The Freeman.

The following resolutions explain themselves and may be of interest to your readers as an indicative of the fact that our women in the South are organized to some extent, for club work, and, like their sisters of the North and the West, are alive to all that pertains to the welfare of the race:

Whereas, The members of the Sojourner Truth club, an Afro-American woman's organition, having, as a constitional prerequisite of membership, good character and unsullied reputation, and having as its object not only individual development in all that makes for a lofty type of womanhood, but also the improvement of the masses of the race, especially along moral and intellectual lines, have read with feelings of mingled regret and indignation an article entitled "Negro Womanhood," written by Mrs. L. H. Harris of Rockmart, Ga., and published in the Independent of June 22, 1899; and,

Whereas, The said article is a gross exaggeration and a prejudiced misstatement of facts, being in no sense a true picture of existing conditions among the Afro-Americans of the South and of the country, and is calculated to do much harm by promulgating false ideas among readers unacquainted with the subject treated, denouncing, as it does, the entire womanhood of a race and misleading as to the status and the prevailing sentiments of the people whom it berates; and,

Whereas, The issue of the Independent in which said article appears contains an impartial and convincing editorial, in which Mrs. Harris' wholesale denunciation is discountenanced and her arguments refuted, in which a fair statement of the case is presented and effects attributed to their true causes, and which tends, by reason of the spirit of justice shown, to encourage and to inspire a people whose struggle upward is beset by so many hindrances and whose efforts to reach a higher standard so often fail to win appreciation; and,

Whereas, While we insist that the better element of the Afro-American population should receive the recognition to which their virtue and their intelligence entitle them, we admit and deplore the existance among us of a large percentage of immorality, an immorality not peculiar to the Negro, however, but shared by the white people among whom he lives and due in large measure, to the debasing influences of slavery, which corrupted alike the master and the slave. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Sojourner Truth Club, in called meeting assembled, do hereby tender our heartfelt thanks to the editor of the Independent for his just and fair presentation of our case and earnestly pray that he may live long to use his pen in the cause of the oppressed and for the highest interests of humanity.

Resolved, Further, that we consecrate ourselves anew to efforts tending to the elevation of our race, particularly of its women, realizing as we do, the great need in this direction and the value to any people of a pure and enlightened motherhood.

JOSEPHINE TURPIN WASHINGTON,
Birmingham, Ala., July 15, 1899.

Announcement.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Special.

The engagement of Miss Lula Cobb of Pine Bluff, Arkansas to Frank Bell of Chicago has been publicly announced to take place at the brides' home September 18, after which they will return to Chicago and will be at home to their many friends.

BATTLING WITH PREJUDICE

—BY—

CHARLES ALEXANDER.

CHAPTER VII.

LITTLE THINGS.

Our highest and best aspirations, our purest, richest and warmest affections, our noblest and truest natures, our deepest highest and broadest thoughts are frequently called forth by, what in itself may be deemed of trivial importance. As the scenes of man's history pass before the vision, notice his wonderful powers and achievements; how noble are his deeds; his brave and manly acts; his kindly words; how lofty are his virtues! How aspiring are his aims! how devoted and splendid are his actions! Truly can it be said, progress is not the stride of a day, but the march of ages; not what a man does, from morning to night, but what he does from century to century. All progress is made by diligent attention to little things. All of man's praiseworthy accomplishments are to be traced to little things; all his attainments in the past depended upon his attention to little things; all of his successes and conquests in the future, will likewise depend in no slight measure, on his careful watch of how he disposes of little things. The fragrant breath of a flower, the pleasing song of the birds, the soothing words of those we love and respect, are all little things, but how often, those trifles, as we term them, change the whole current of our thoughts and feelings, by carrying us back on the golden wings of memory to the days of childhood's happy moments, when life was one bright dream of gladness and sunshine, when our hearts beat wild with young blood, when existence was sweet like honey, soothing as milk, when every one of our thoughts were borne from the heart of love, when we looked with admiration on all the bewitching, fascinating charms of nature, and when our whole being throbbed with the emotion of joy and gladness, it shows the value of the breath of the flower, the song of the birds, the soothing words of loved ones, and the incalcuable value of little things.

Little acts of devotion throw a ray of sunshine along the path of life; they help lighten the burden of existence. Any little thought that dissipates the clouds and mists of sorrow and sadness from the human heart, renders a blessing. Light flakes of snow build mountains. Little words make the most comprehensive books. Many of the great events of history have their origin in little things. Many of the deep, heart-felt afflictions of our daily life spring from the neglect of what seemed to us of but little importance.

It was Percy's last night on Lake St. Joseph; he had given his word that he would leave Mr. Boyd's place on tomorrow. Mr. Boyd thought over the matter; somehow he loved Percy. There was a feeling of relationship existing, which he could not account for.

Percy retired early, and finding that he conld not sleep, he gave himself up to thought, distracting thought.

The sky was clear, the glimmering rays of the moon were dancing fancifully on the wall through the windows and crevices of the house. Percy's imagination was unusually active on that night; in imagination he saw the malicious methods of the cruel slayers of the South, carried out. He saw the face of that cruel being of the fourth of July, and so real was it, that he was about to speak when he realized that it was only the picture which he saw hanging on the wall of his vivid imagination,

"I will find that man some day and I will see that he is brought to justice." He uttered these words half aloud, and as he spoke, he heard the dog bark in the yard, and some one soon knocked on the door of the building in which he was attempting to take his last sleep on a plantation, pehaps for many years to come, perhaps forever.

He was alone in the house, so he leaped from his bed and answered the callers. Percy had no sooner opened the door, when he noticed that there were four men wearing wide brimmed hats on their heads, shining rifles and revolvers about their person. The one who spoke to him was the identical individual who stopped him on the road and who had committed the great tragedy referred to elsewhere, and on whom his mind had ever dwelt and was dwelling at that very moment.

"Well, what do you gentlemen want?" asked Percy in a resolute manner,

"Want you. I s'pose."

"What do you want with me?"

"Don't you know?"

"No I do not."

"Then you will know pretty soon."

"I don't understand you,—what do mean?"

"That is just what we've come to tell you. You have been teaching the niggers on this place to read and write and we want to know what business you had to do so. We hire a teacher for them once a year, who is good enough. We don't want niggers educated, it makes them lazy and proud and every other thing that is no good."

"Well, gentlemen, what is the penalty? I cannot deny that I tried to teach them."

"Pretty calm about it it aint he?" said one fellow to another, aside.

"All we ask of you is that you get off the Lake very soon or very sooner, or we will have you sliding off the earth."

"All right, gentlemen, I will go."

"When," demanded the spokesman.

"Tomorrow."

"See to it; if you are later than five o'clock tomorrow night, expect to join the angles." "Get off the Lake soon or very much sooner, and the sooner the better!"

With these words, the men departed. Percy returned to his room.

Mr. Boyd was still deeply reflecting. He had found Percy so honest, so diligent, so candid, so reliable. "Rare thing to get a young man of his disposition," he said to himself while lying in his restless bed.

Mr. Boyd was very wealthy. He had money enough to do any reasonable thing that he might feel disposed to do.

"I will let Percy go, but I will not let him go as he came; I will fill his purse and ask him to correspond with me." With these words he dismissed all thoughts of Percy, closed his eyes and in a few moment was asleep.

Percy's heart beat fast and loud, as he lay in his bed, restless and thoughtful.

"Narrow escape, certainly" he thought. "My heavens! this is an awful place!" So it was and always has been. Life is unsafe in any place, no matter where, when ignorance moves the inhabitants to action.

To accomplish ones purpose is the highest award of endeavor. If Percy succeeds in one thing, though it be small, and that—bringing that villain to face the law, he will have accomplished the end he most desires.

We are told that men act because they must; that the law of cause and effect accounts for all that they do. Let it be as it may, there is one thing certain, the whole brute of today, is but the evolution of the half-brute of yesterday; the whole lie of today is but the legitimate product of the half-lie of yesterday; the bank robbery of today is but the natural evolution of the unrestrained force that registered itself in the little boy when he thrust his schoolmate down and wrenched the penny from his honest fingers, with which to purchase the forbidden candy.

The only effectual cure for crime of every kind, is education, change conditions and you change the people.

After a night of restlessness, Percy met Mr. Boyd early in the morning, and told him that he was ready to go.

"Where are you going from here, Percy?" asked Mr. Boyd.

"I think I shall go to Natchez."

"What are you going to do there?"

"I have not yet made up mind."

"Well whatever you do, don't fail to write to me. Here is a present for you. Use it as you see fit." It was a purse of money.

"Thank you, Mr. Boyd, thank you. By the way, I let you have my little book when I first met you; will you please give it to me now that I am about to leave. It is worth more to me than all things else in this world. There are wonderful thoughts in it."

"Certainly, Percy; but I should like very much to keep it. Have you a photograph of your farther at home?"

"Yes sir, I have. I left it with a gentleman who was regarded by my father as his very best friend."

"Will you please send it to me, when you go back to New Orleans?"

"Why would you care to have my fathers' photograph?"

"I am anxious to see it. I think I know the thoughts contained in that little book—you trust me Percy,—I want to see the photograph."

"I will send it to you as soon as I get to New Orleans."

After breakfast, Mr. Boyd and Percy could be seen riding along the same road on which they had met some months ago. Percy said not a word about the men visiting him the night before, and spoke only of pleasant things. They arrived at the landing just in time to board the Robert E. Lee. Percy bid Mr. Boyd good-bye and promised him that he would write often.

As the boat steamed out into the current, Percy stood in the door of the cabin and looked upon the scene with tears in his eyes, tears for the poor slaves, who toiled from day to day without thanks or conpensation. Said he as he stood there!

"There is no freedom in this country. Freedom is a vain delusive term, embodying an idea equally vain and delusive. There is no freedom in this world;—no, every man, woman and child in the universe, is a slave. Poor slaves, all! We are all bound hand and foot with cords of great strength. We are all restricted more or less in every avenue of life. Freedom is an unmeaning term. The man whose daily bread for himself and his family, depends upon wages that an employer may give or withold at his pleasure is not free. The alternative between starvation and submission to a schedule, is slavery. No matter how weathly a man may be, if he depends upon another to do that, which he himself cannnt do, he is a slave to the man upon whom he depends. When we deem ourselves free and loudly boast of having at last wandered fron the old worn-out path of conventionalities, we have simply deluded ourselves. We have become a worse slave than we were before.

Ambition is nothing more than a fleeting day-dream. We cannot enjoy perfect freedom unless, perchance in death, and that sort of freedom is not only undesirable, but uncertain.

As long as the brain of man will create desires, as long as the taste will demand appetite, as long as the fancy will fly away into unfamiliar realms and there take to itself the task of castle-building, as long as the soul wishes for anything in this ever-yeilding universe of ours, freedom will be utterly impossible. But there is a certain degree of liberty which every man should be able to enjoy, and on that measure of freedom depends the success of every government in the world.

The secret of good government is in treating each and every citizen alike; show a regard for the equality of man, to all and the problem of good government is solved.

Deprive a man of influence, let him become of no account and consequently pass unobserved in society, and the losses one of the highest inducements to acquire character or to preserve his honor or integrity; but, on the other hand, add to his weight and responsibility,—let him feel that he and his children are integral parts of the nation in the midst of which they live, parties to its laws and equal partakers of its privileges, and you at once increase, as much as human means can, the force of his moral nature and the energy of his active powers.

(To be Continued.)

As fast as you secure a subscriber send it to this office with $1 when you have secured twenty-five the bicycle will be sent to your address.

NOTICE

Copies of The Freeman can be found every Saturday in Beaufort, S. C., at Mr. A. M. Greenfield's jewelery store.

Henry Siegle and Chas. Gary

Have opened a news and cigar store at 815 Broad st., Selma, Ala. They handle The Freeman and all leading daily papers in the United States.

Mr. Elwood C. Knox,

Permit me to congratulate you and The Freeman force on getting out such a splendid Xmas number, no one will attempt to deny the truth that it was the finest edition that ever fell from an Afro-American press, and it has the largest circulation of any colored paper that crosses the Rocky mountains in California. Yours truly,

SEABORN B. CARR,

63 Delacy street, Pasadena, Cal.

BLOOD CURE SENT FREE

A Cure for Blood and Skin Diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Poison, Cancer, Kidney Trouble, Boils.

MEDICINE SENT ALL CHARGES PREPAID

If you have tried sarsaparillas, patent medicines, and doctored, and still have old persistent sores, pimples, distressing eruptions of the skin, painful sores on hands, arms and legs, itching sensation, irritating skin troubles, eczema, scrofula, ulcers, contagious blood poison, fever sores, mercurial rheumatism, catarrh, boils, face covered with little sores, cancer or any blood taint, then give B. B. B. a trial, because B.B.B —Botanic Blood Balm—is made for just such cases, and it cures to stay cured, those stubborn blood diseases that other milder medicines fail even to benefit. All above named troubles are evidences of bad, diseased blood in the body, and B.B.B. cures because it forces all the poison or impurity or blood humors out of the body, bones and entire system. To remove all doubt of its power to cure we offer to send to any sufferer a sample bottle of B. B. B. absolutely free. B. B. B. is an old, well-tried remedy, hence we know that it cures to stay cured, for the people cured by B. B. B. years ago are well to-day and free from all blood impurities.

Cancer, Bleeding, Eating Sores.

Cancer of Nose, lip, face ear or neck, external or internal cancer, bleeding, eating sores, are all cured by B. B. B., the most powerful blood purifier made. All druggists sell B. B. B. at $1 per large bottle. For trial bottle, send two stamps to pay postage and a sample bottle of B. B. B. will be sent by return mail. Address BLOOD BALM CO., 51 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe your symtoms and free personal medical advice will be given.

Get Married.

Addresses of colored ladies and gentleman who wish to correspond for pleasure or with a view to marrying. Addresses 10cts; three for 25c. Send money or stamps. Address, Box 121, Liberty Center, O.

Mme. Turner's Face Bleach is working wonders

WE OFFER

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY

$4.85

Custom Made Suits

Why pay $12 or $15 for a ready-made suit that does not fit, when we will make to order a suit of our celebrated special wove Blue or Black Serge for $4.85 guaranteed to fit and please you or we will refund your money. This cloth makes the most stylish and coolest suit you can get lor the summer months.

REMEMBER

If you are not satisfied we will refund your money at once.

REMIT WITH ORDER.

RULES FOR MEASUREMENT

Breast measure over vest close up under arms.
Waist measure over pants at waist.
Inside leg measure from crotch to heel.
Send these measurements with your order.

EMPIRE CLOTHING COMPANY,

23 Duane St., NEW YORK CITY.

SANTAL-MIDY

In 48 hours Gonorrhœa and discharges from the urinary organs, arrested by Santal Midy Capsules without inconvenience Price $1. of ALL Druggists, or P. O. Box 2081, New York.

MIDY

A young lady musician living in Wichita, Kan., has endured an amount of trouble out of all proportion to her years.

"My troubles started nine years ago," she says. "I would get up tired in the morning, aching all over. I had headache, a sense of dullness in the eyes and not much of an appetite. I was always troubled with constipation, and it grew worse all the time. I doctored with eight different physicians, and never could get any relief. I kept getting worse and came to Kansas about three years ago, thinking a change in the climate would benefit me, but all failed. I was so miserable this last Spring that I could hardly live and I really didn't want to, as I thought dying would be my only relief, but am glad that such was not the case. I kept reading the Ripans testimonials in the 'Evening Beacon,' and they sounded so real that I thought I would give the Tabules a trial. After eating my stomach would hurt so bad and I would bloat and have a severe pain in left side of my back and was so nervous that I could not lie still. I always had a coated tongue and sour taste and sore mouth. I would have pains in my liver, and my complexion was a green yellow. My nose would bleed and when night would come every inch in my whole body would ache so I could not sleep. I had frightful dreams, and would get sore and stiff. Would take spells of crying and would be despondent for three or four days, really without any particular cause. I could not walk any distance, because I had not the strength. Ripans Tabules came to my relief at last. I began to get better after taking the first vial. They did not act too readily, but were just the right medicine, and to-day I praise them above all others. Three of my friends are using them with marked relief. My mother is now using them, and they are doing the same for her. I want to mention the fact that I can now eat, sleep and walk, and I feel better than I have for years, but I always keep the Tabules on hand for fear I might get sick."

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents. RIPANS TABULES may also be had of grocers, general storekeepers, news agents and at liquor stores and barber shops.

$1—ONLY—$1

History of th Colored Soldiers IN THE Spanish-American War.

By EDWARD A. JOHNSON,

Author of the Famous "School History of the Negro Race."

CONTAINS—Pen pictures of the Daring Charges made by Negro Soldiers at San Juan, El Caney, and around Santiago.—Corporal Brown killed at his post while firing a cannon which knocked over the block house and saved the Rough Riders.—Sergeant Berry, the colored soldier who was first to raise the American flag on San Jaun Hill.—The glowing tributes of McKinley, Miles, Roosevelt, and many others on the bravery of Negro Soldiers.—General Morgan advocates Negro officers.—Antonio and Jose Maceo, Gomez, Miss Cisneros, and the Cuban Women Cavalry.—The Negro Paymasters in the Army.—The Negro Poet, Paul Lawrence Dunbar—"Eddie" Savoy, the colored man who outwitted the diplomacy of the Spanish Minister at Washington.—The Negro who seals Uncle Sam's money.—The colored Register of the Treasury who has to sign Uncle Sam's money to make it good.

Every Page Brimful of New and Interesting Reading with about fifty full half tone and line engravings of soldiers, officers, and scenes of the late Spanish-American War, with a fine picture of Aguinaldo, his headquarters, a Filipino lady of Manilla, and a brief sketch of the Filipinos and their civilization.

Handsome Picture of General Nelson A. Miles the Major General in command of all the American Army, who said the fighting of the colored soldiers around Santiago was "without a parallel in the history of the world." All for $1. "Much in Little" Mailed Free

AGENTS WANTED!!!

☞ BIG PERCENTAGE. Send for copy of book and Agents' terms. Address:

E. A. JOHNSON COR. WEST AND LENOIR STS. RALEIGH, N. C.

SEND ONE DOLLAR CUT THIS AD OUT and send to us, and if you live within 700 miles of Chicago, we will send you this TOP BUGGY BY FREIGHT C. O. D. SUBJECT TO EXAMINATION, you can examine it at your freight depot and if found PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY, EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED, EQUAL TO BUGGIES THAT RETAIL AT $60.00 to $75.00 and THE GRANDEST BARGAIN YOU EVER SAW, pay the freight agent OUR SPECIAL PRICE $38.90, and freight charges, less the $1.00 sent with order.

$38.90

WE MAKE THIS TOP BUGGY IN OUR OWN FACTORY IN CHICAGO, from better material than most makers put in $75.00 buggies. Latest Style For 1899. Body, 24x54 from the Best Seasoned Wood. Gear, Best That Money Can Build. End Springs, as illustrated, or Brewster Side Bar. Wheels, High Grade Screwed Rim Sarven's Patent. Top, 24 ounce, Daily Rubber Heavily Lined, full side and back curtains. Painting, Guaranteed equal to any $150.00 buggy work, Body black, Gear dark green or Red. Upholstering, heavy green French body cloth or Evan's Leather. $38.90 IS OUR SPECIAL PRICE for top buggy complete, wide or narrow track, full length side and back curtains, storm apron, carpet, wrench, anti-rattlers and shafts. GUARANTEED TWO YEARS will last a lifetime. For Buggies at $15.95 and up, WRITE FOR FREE BUGGY CATALOGUE. YOU CAN MAKE $500.00 This Year Selling OUR $38.90 BUGGIES. ORDER ONE TO-DAY, YOU CAN SELL IT FOR $60.00. DON'T DELAY.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), CHICAGO, ILL.

CHEAPEST

AS WELL AS BEST.

TWO POUNDS OF CREAM OF WHEAT

At the proportion of three-quarters of a cup of CREAM OF WHEAT to one quart of water (which is the recipe for Breakfast Porridge shown on our package)

MAKES ELEVEN QUARTS COOKED FOOD.

You need not take our word for it, but can figure it out for yourself. As against this,

TWO POUNDS OF OATMEAL

At the invariable recipe which is shown on all oatmeal packages,

MAKES SIX QUARTS COOKED FOOD.

As practically the only criticism on CREAM OF WHEAT has been that it was too expensive, it will pay you to figure

WHICH IS THE CHEAPER.

Which is the BEST we will leave our customers to judge. But

DO NOT BE LED ASTRAY BY

The specious argument that because oatmeal sells for less money per package it is the cheapest.

SPECIOUS ARGUMENTS

Have had their day. The proof of the matter is in the cooking of the food. We are not saying a word against oatmeal as a food, but simply answering the principal objection urged by the oatmeal people against CREAM OF WHEAT.

CREAM OF WHEAT CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

Do You Want To Be Beautiful?

If you do, remember that the **crowning glory** of **woman** is **her hair.** We have the **most marvelous** hair grower and hair restorer in the world,

BEFORE.
AFTER.

THE GREAT AFRICAN WONDER,

Which we guarantee to produce a luxuriant growth of silky hair, removes dandruff and puts the scalp in a healthy condition. Thousands are using this wonderful remedy and all recommend it. Price, 50 cents a bottle.

BEFORE TREATMENT
AFTER TREATMENT

PORTO RICO FACE BLEACH.

This preparation renders the skin **Soft** and **Velvety,** removes all **Freckles** and **Blemishes,** and makes the skin several shades **lighter.** Analyzed and recommended by **chemists,** and manufactured only by us. Take no other. Price, 75 cents a bottle.

Do You Want to be Healthy?

Try our **PHILIPPINE BLOOD CLEANSER,** which is made from roots and herbs; makes the blood **Rich** and **Pure,** the **Weak Strong,** and the **Appetite Healthy.** A single bottle will convince you. Price 75 cents a bottle.

Send us your orders at once for these Wonderful Remedies. Money must come with all orders as we do not send goods C. O. D. We want GOOD AGENTS in every part of the United States, and will guarantee them handsome salaries. Write at once for Agency. Address all letters to the

PORTO RICO MEDICINE CO.,

Mention this Paper. LOUISVILLE, KY.

A POLITICAL GOLDEN

OPPORTUNITY—A STAFF CORRESPONDENT SEES ADVANTAGE IN

IMMEDIATE POLITICAL ACTION

On the Part of the Colored Republicans A Political Leader Wanted.

It is over one year before the next presidential election, still the prospective candidate of the two great political parties have commenced to "pull wires" and "mend fences." At this writing it looks like the same old heads of the tickets—McKinley and Bryan—with the same old platforms—silver and gold,—added to this will be the President's "war record," which will be counterbalanced by the "boy orators" declamation against "trusts."

The fight has commenced or at least the skirmish and the colored Republican voter can play an important part either as a delegate to the National Republican Convention from the South, or as a voter at the polls in the North. In fact it is the golden opportunity of the Negro delegate from the South.

We need at this stage of the political game, a leader in the South; a man who has not self interest at heart; a man who is far seeing enough to demand from the Republican nominee the rights of citizenship for the colored citizen: a man who can hold the colored delegates to the next National convention as a unit.

The colored delegates from the South may, and beyond a doubt could be made to, hold the balance of nominating power in the next National convention.

It is a golden opportunity—one of the few political opportunities for the Negro "to get in his fine work" for the good of his race, as the Negro as a political factor is not dead either in the South as a delegate to the National convention or as a voter at the polls in the North, and all we have lost (politically) can be regained one year from now by united action. Leaders of color in the South should at once commence to "lay wires" so they could get the majority of their state delegation; they should confer with the leaders in the North, (those of N Y., Pa., Ill., Ind. and Ohio) as to whom they should throw their votes in the convention. This being done, they should go into a star chamber meeting upon the eve of the convention and listen to the leaders of color from the North. If such united action is taken between now and the day a Republican candidate is named for President, it is nine to one that we will have a nominee who if elected will have more back bone than President Mckinley displayed during the North and South Carolina riots and murders of Negro citizens and Negro post masters; we will have a nominee who will if elected be color blind in the appointment of officers to command colored troops; we will have a nominee who if elected will appoint worthy black men to office; in fact, we will have a nominee of the whole Republican party, the nominee of the North, the South; the black at well as the white Republican.

If the Negro delegates of the South will give us such a nominee, we Negro voters of the North will lect him as we once elected one Ben. Harrison you foolishly aided to nominate. The Negro delegates to the National convention (for some reason) renominated Harrison over our protests but—we defeated him at the polls as the colored voters of the North will defeat, well—any Republican nominee they have reason to believe will not be a President of deeds after election as well as a candidate of words before election.

The program above mapped seems a beautiful one and a prospective "great political move," (to the writer) but the trouble in the carrying out of the same is, it is so hard to find (either in the North or South) a political Negro leader of note importance or influence who has not an "ax to grind" a nest to feather, or an office to reach. In looking out for themselves all such "great" political leaders have lost sight of the race's interest. We have little reason to hope that the present golden opportunity will produce any better fire proof or (office proof) Negro Republican leaders than the past. The political golden opportunity for the Negro Republicans has come. Are the Negro Political leaders here? That's the question.

AUGUSTUS M. HODGES.

A $75 bicycle free. Only a limited number of bicycles. Commence work at once. See advertisement in this issue.

FREE TO MEN

THE PRIVATE FORMULA OF THE NOTED PHYSICIAN, DR. L. W. KNAPP, SENT FREE TO EVERY MAN WHO WRITES FOR IT.

Quickly Restores Weakened Mankind to Strength and Vigor.

L. W. KNAPP, M. D.

Thousands of men will welcome the news that a most successful remedy has been found which will quickly cure them of any form of nervous debility, lost manhood, lack of vigor, relieve them of all the doubt and uncertainty which such men are peculiarly liable to, and restores the organs to natural strength and vigor of youth. As it costs nothing to get this wonderful formula it would seem that any man, suffering from any form of nervous debility, ought to be deeply interested in such a remedy, without which they continue to live an existence of untold misery. The remedy in question was the result of many year's research as to what combination of medicine would be most effective in restoring to men the strength they need. Send your name and address to L. W. Knapp, 1126 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., stating that you are not writing out of idle curiosity, but wish to make use of the prescription by giving the remedy a trial, will be answered promptly and without evidence as to where information came from.

The Dr's. object of distributing this information free is to make men better acquainted with the remedies that exert an influence upon debilitated nerves and wasted vigor. Each different drug is thoroughly explained and the sufferer will thus know what he should use in his particular case in order to get the desired result. Write to-day. There is no doubt about the offer being genuine.

PHOTO-ENG CO. N.O.

Mme. Turner, our successful Dermatologist and manufacturer of the Great French System for the Hair and Complexion, has just been awarded the highest prize for having the best and most effectual Face Bleach on the market. It never fails to bleach the darkest skin and gives a beautiful and clear complexion, which is so essential to a woman's beauty.

Remember ladies, beauty is power.

Mme. Turner desires one thousand more testimonials, and as a compensation for them will give a cake of her fine Complexion Soap FREE with every bottle of MYSTIC FACE BLEACH for a short time. For further information see other "adv" in this paper.

Doctors Failed.

"In August, 1893, I was attacked by neuralgia and nervous prostration. For six months I was confined to my room and most of the time to my bed. Five doctors were consulted without results. Dr. Miles' Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills cured me. Today I am well and strong.
Rev. W. H. Sarff, Union City, Ind."

DR. MILES' Restorative Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.
Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

L. & N. Louisville AND Nashville

THE STEEL RAIL AND STONE BALLASTED TRUNK LINE OF THE South—Elegant Pullman Palace Buffet Sleepers run through without change from

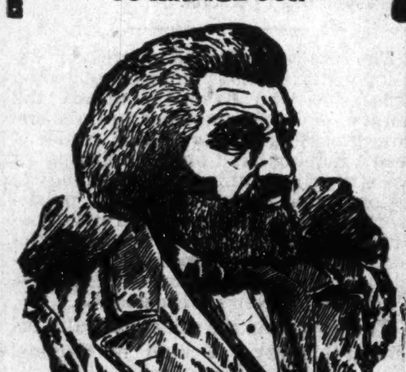
MONTGOMERY
TO
CINCINNATI
NASHVILLE,
LOUISVILLE,
ST. LOUIS,
CHICAGO,
New ORLEANS
MOBILE and
PENSACOLA.

Solid trains without change between all important terminals, making close connections in Union Depots for all points North, South, East and West.

For full information as to rates sleeping car reservations, etc., address or call on

S. T. SURETT, T. A., Montgomery, Ala.;
R. F. BEASLEY, Pass. Agt Birmingham, Ala.
H. H. SMITH, President, Louisville.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. Agt. Louisville.

Agents Wanted
TO HANDLE OUR



FRED DOUGLASS
PICTURE
size-22x28.

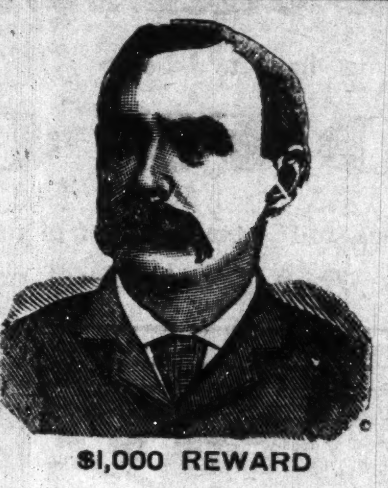
This picture is a work of art, and the best seller ever placed on the market. It will pay you to take an agency for us, as we are offering extraordinary inducements to those who will push the work.

Send 15 cents in stamps with which to pay postage on one copy, with prospectus and instructions, and we will forward to your address a complete outfit. Address:

The Freeman,
Indianapolis, - Indiana.

Ten Days at Washington,

Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines good for stop over at National Capital. Tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washingtsn and good for ten days' stop-over at the National Capital may be obtained over Pennsylvania Lines at the same fares as tickets sold to Philadelphia and New York over the direct line of the Pennsylvania System. For special information apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



$1,000 REWARD

DR. SHEA MARVELOUS MEDIUM,

Gives the names of dead and living friends tells who and when you will marry, also of business journeys, lawsuits, absent friends, health or anything you wish to know no matter what it is. He can call up your spirit friends and show them to you. Can make them rap all around the room. He asks no questions, don't ask you to write names for him. Don't try to pump you in any way, but tells you right off. He is thoroughly endorsed by leading spiritualists everywhere, received from them a gold medal and special license to practice his wonderful powers; credentials no one else can show, can give thousands of reference to both white and colored patrons. Twenty-five years' practice—seven in Brooklyn—will show you that he can do all he tells of Can tell what business is best for you and where, how to win speedy marriage with the one you love. How to be successful in all your doings, in short, what is best to do. He succeeds when all others fail. Positive satisfaction or no pay. Call and see. You will find it lucky to consult this Christian gentleman. He has a medicine that will cure drunkenness, can be given patients not knowing it. Thousands through him are now

RICH, HAPPY AND SUCCESSFUL

with all their undertakings, while those who neglect his advice are still laboring against poverty. Through his perfect knowledge of chemistry he can impart to you a secret that will overcome your enemies and win you friends. His aid and advice has often been solicited; the result has always been the securing of speedy and happy marriages and all your wishes. In love affairs he never fails. He has the secret of winning the affections of the opposite sex.

It is the curse of Spiritualism that in all large cities there are a class of men and women who claim powers they do not possess. They have neither gifts, credentials, nor references. Surely the colored people are not so wanting in senses as to throw their time and money away on such. Dr. Shea refers to the Hon. Chas. Miller, capitalist, 2481 Atlantic Avenue; the Hon. Wm. Denmore, architect and builder, 47 Cleveland avenue, and Mr. Fred Lampe, grocer, 641 Fulton street, Brooklyn. All have known him for the past ten years. He gives a free test of his power to all. The doctor has practiced five years in New Orleans, St. Louis, Memphis and Louisville; understands thoroughly the diseases, spells or influences the race is subject to. He has now and always had large patronage from them.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING:

Brooklyn, Aug. 15.—This is to certify that I came to New York from Albany. I was a stranger in a strange city, out of work and out of money. I had no luck in anything I under took. What to do I did not know. A friend advised me to go and see Dr. Shea. I did. He told me the cause of my troubles; he took me in and treated me as a brother. Through him I got a good position that very week. I has been to others; they took my money and did me no good. I bless the day I first met Dr. Shea. I would advise all in bad luck, sick or in trouble to go to him at once. Sincerely
Albert Ayres,
2937 Atlantic avenue.

Brooklyn, Aug. 15,—This letter is to certify that my husband had gone away and had been absent two years. I mourned for him night and day. I gave him up as dead. Hearing of the wonderful things Dr. Shea was doing I resolved to consult him. He told me that my husband was alive and well and where he was; told me he would come home and when. To my joy all of it came true. He is home now, came back like one from the dead. I also wish to say that this month I lost $250. I am a poor woman and I was almost insane. I went to Dr. Shea and he told me I would find my money and to my intense joy I did find it as he told me I thank God there is a man so gifted in our midst that can help people and tell them what to do. Sincerely.
Mrs. Mary Miller Smith,
Plainfield, N. J.

A SENSATION IN BROOKLYN—A MINISTER'S STATEMENT:

I wish to state that one of my parishoners was sick and in trouble for a long time, Mrs. Brown, 37 Gay street. No one seemed to under stand her case. She had several doctors, but none of them seemed to know what was the matter. None could do her any good It was my duty as her pastor to call and see her. Hearing of the wonderful work being done by Dr. Shea the last few years, I thought I would call and see him myself, I found him a sympathetic gentleman. He gave me a wonderful test of his powers; told me to send him a lock of patient,s hair, which I did by her daughter. He told at once what was the matter and in a short time cured her sound and well. Her family had seemingly been under a cloud. Now all is changed. All are well and prosperous. I can truly and heartily recommend Dr. Shea, to all those in sickness or distress of any kind. Rev. William Johnson, pastor Lebanon church, Brooklyn.

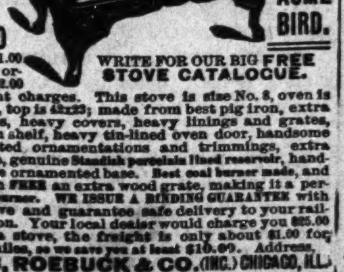
Dr. Shea can show thousands suc as the above.

DR. SHEA

has been carefully educated in the Homoepathic and Electric Schools of Medicine. His success is wanderful in curing paralysis, Rheumatism, Asthma, Sore Eyes, Tumors, Cancers. Constipation, Ague, Dyspepsia, Tape Worms, Liver Complaints, Deafness, Catarrh, Dropsy-Piles, Nervous Debility, Heart Diseases, Consumption, Diseases of Women and Children. Fits, Kidney Disease, and all strange mysterous diseases which others don't understand-All diseases, no matter what they be. Nothing but honorable treatment. He can and will honestly tell you if you can be cured. Has all new remedies and new success. Has an ample experience in public hospitals and private clinics. No trifling with human life. Call at once. Do not delay. Diplomas hang in parlors. Is a registered physician. A new remedy for rheumatism just discovered, not a liniment. Hopeless cases and those that others cannot cure solicited to call. Fat folks thin, the childless made parents. All letters must contain $1.00, two stamps, age, lock of hair charges for medical treatmen tonly. Closed Sundays. Mention this paper.

651 Fulton St. BROOKLYN.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad, and we will send you this big 325-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest Stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE,
$13.00
less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges.



WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE.

This stove is size No. 8, oven is 16½x18x11, top is 42x23; made from best pig iron, extra large flues, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10.00. Address,
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.) CHICAGO, ILL.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

The Invincible Sons and Daughters of commerce,

A National incorporated secret society of Colored merchants and buyers, organized Feb. 12th 1896—Lincoln's birthday) is NOT the first Colored secret society organized for the betterment of the Colored American. It is however pushing its way to the front for the following reasons

The members of the I. S. D. C. are pledged and duly sworn to purchase all their goods from

Colored Merchants and Shop Keepers,

When said merchants and shop keepers are members of the order, also to start stores in locations where there are none kept or owned by colored people.

The Supreme Board of Stockholders Loans Lodges

MONEY TO START STORES,

YOU CAN NOT BECOME NON-FINANCIAL AS IN THE OLD SOCIETIES. For every cent you put in your lodge you get a part of it back. The I. S. D. C. is NOT A DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETY, BUT ONE TO BENEFIT YOU WHILE YOU LIVE, not after death, although we bury our dead. We differ from the old societies. Their motto is: "We care for the sick and bury the dead."

We believe that the key to wealth is BUSINESS. We believe that the key to business is RACE UNITY. We believe that the key to the so-called Negro problem is BUSINESS, WEALTH and RACE UNITY. We believe that race unity along the avenues of Business and Commerce will open to us all the gateways to true and fullfledged American citizenship, and have, therefore, organized the I. S. D. C., with the hope and belief that its membership will soon include every progressive colored man, woman and child in the United States. 509 subordinate lodges, "Family Leagues," "Housewives and Daughters Circles," "State Boards of Directors," one Junior Merchants' Club (boys), two "Little Mother's Lodges," and one "Merchants' Commandery," uniformed rank, have been set apart in the following States, to-wit: Texas, Alabama, Virginia, Delaware, South Carolina, New York, New Jersey, Tennessee, Mississippi, Illinois, Massachusetts, Indiana and California, with all the rights, signs, grips, degrees, passwords, etc., of the order of I. S. D. C.

OUR MOTTO:

"We care for the well and raise the living." You can belong to as many other societies or orders as you wish as the I. S. D. C. does not conflict with any of them. You can be of any religious or political faith. You are obliged to eat and wear clothes, why not buy from yourself? Why not save half your earnings? The I. S. D. C. intends to keep within the order the thousands of dollars spent yearly for food and clothing and invest the profits of the same in paying real estate, stocks, government bonds, business, commerce, etc., by simply buying from its own branch stores.

For further information as to membership or applications for State jurisdiction, Boss Merchants' Degree, Family Leagues, Uniform Degrees and Junior Merchants (boys) address (with 2-cent stamp) Augustus M. Hodges, 82 Hull street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

N. B. As we mean business, no notice will be taken of letters without return postage.

Yours for Business, Wealth and Prosperity,

AUGUSTUS M. HODGES, Brooklyn, N. Y., Most Supreme Grand Master Merchant.

GEORGE P. ISAACS, Brenham, Tex., Supreme Senior Vice Merchant.

L. L. JACKSON, Bradley, Miss., Supreme Junior Vice Merchant.

FRANK FRY, Bivens, Tenn., Deputy Master Merchant of Tennessee.

C. HARTLEY MORPIN, Lockport, Ind., Deputy Master Merchant of Indiana.

AMOS W. WATKINS, Oakland, Cal., Deputy Master Merchant of California.

BATTICE PORTLETTE, Berkley, Va., Deputy Master Merchant of Virginia.

PETER H. HAMILTON, Bridgeport, Conn., Deputy Master Merchant of Connecticut.

MISS LUCY L. OWENS, Kempsville, Va., Supreme Senior Matron.

MRS. MARY J. SMITH, Vineland, N. J., Supreme Junior Matron.

PHILLIP BISHOP, New York City, Deputy Master Merchant of New York.

Tttest: GEORGE A. CORPREW, Brooklyn, N. Y., Most Supreme Grand Bookkeeper.

Subscribe for The Freeman, One Dollar.

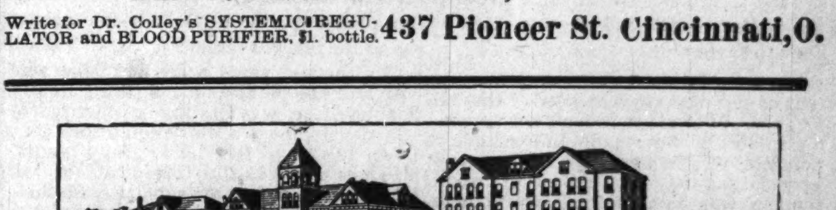
Flanner & Buchanan,
— THE LEADING —
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
320 N: Illinois St., bet. New York and Vermont St
BEST SERVICE . . . . FAIR PRICES

Dr. Colley's Private Hospital.

For the Accommodation of all Colored People in need of Surgical or Medical attention is still doing business, on strictly private basis. For information write

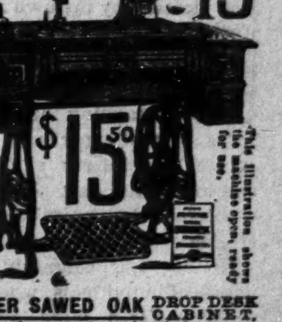
DR. E. DUVAL COLLEY,
437 Pioneer St. Cincinnati, O.

Write for Dr. Colley's SYSTEMIC REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. $1. bottle.



KNOXVILLE COLLEGE. Classical, Scientific, Literary, Agricultural, Mechanical, Normal and Common School Courses, together with Theological and Medical Schools. Fifty-five Dollars a Year will cover all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, light and furnished room. Separate home and matron for little girls and another for little boys from 6 to 15 years. Term begins last Monday in September. Send for catalogue to President of Knoxville College, Knoxville, Tenn.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

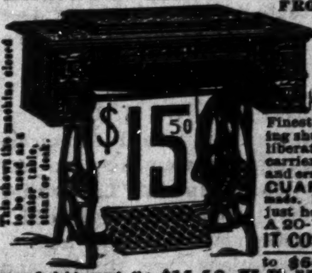


This illustration shows the machine open, ready for use.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisments, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are RELIABLE AND WHO ARE NOT.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. MADE BY THE BEST MAKER IN AMERICA, FROM THE BEST MATERIAL MONEY CAN BUY. SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, PIANO POLISHED, one illustration shows machine closed, (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing, 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dressguard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully NICKEL TRIMMED. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEARS' BINDING GUARANTEE is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.



This shows the machine closed to be used as a center table, stand or desk.

Ornamental and Fancy Lamps

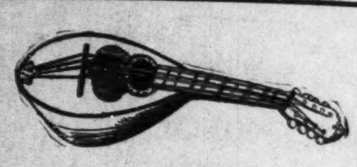
of great variety--Brass, China and of other material

Get All You Can For Your Money . .

of course you do not have told be to THAT, but the natural question arise——

HOW CAN I?

Simply by making your purchases and spending your money with merchants who give Green Trading Stamps to their customers. It's Easy When You Understand How! Permit us to explain.



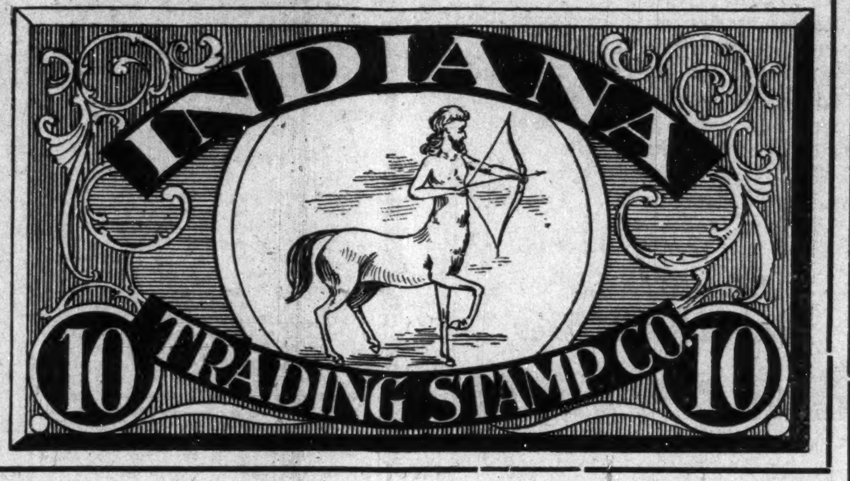
Musical Instruments

Mandolins, Guitars,
Banjos, Zithers,
Music Boxes, Violins,
and many others.

We Are Here to Stay

Call and get Acquainted with us and our methods.

Everything in our beautiful store will be given in exchange for the Green Trading Stamps.



Free Free Free

FREE AS THE AIR YOU BREATHE.

$1.00

Worth of Trading Stamps will be presented absolutely free to each caller at our store. Come and ask for them. Thats' all

...SILVERWARE...

Berry Sets,
Silver Tea Sets,
Silver Water Pitchers

Quadruple plated of Roger Bros. and other celebrated makes.

Always Ask for Stamps

You are entitled to one trading stamp for each 10 cents of the amount you spend. No matter what the nature of your purchase, if you buy it of any merchant who gives green trading stamps, you will be given FREE one stamp for each 10c spent. 10 stamps for One Dollar and so on. If our distributors have not called on you and left a stamp book with you, call at our store and secure one free.

MORE THAN A THOUSAND ARTICLES

to be exchanged for green trading stamps. Come and see the stock of goods made up of the following:

Silverware, Jewelry, Musical Instruments China Closets, Clocks, and hundreds
Bric-a-brac, Vases, Ornamental Lamps, Easy Chairs, Desks, of other high-
Chinaware, Cutlery Parlor Tables, Jardinieres, Furniture, grade articles.

COME VISIT US AND LET US CONVINCE YOU.

Are We Reliable? Most Positively We Are

For proof of this we invite you. WE WANT YOU to investigate our solidity and honesty. Ask any merchant whose name appears in our directory. Ask any bank with which we do business. Consult any mercantile agency.

BUY YOUR GOODS WHERE HANGS THIS SIGN:

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

INDIANA TRADING STAMP CO.,
42 NORTH ILLINOIS STREET.
INDIANAPOLIS, - - IND

SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH THE MERCHANTS WHO DISPLAY THIS SIGN:

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

THE FREEMAN

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

SATURDAY, JULY, 29, 1899.

THE LATE HON. GEORGE W. JULIAN.

In the death of Hon. George W. Julian of Indiana, who died at his home in Irvington, Ind., a few weeks ago the Negroes of America have lost a life-long friend. His friendship for the race dates back into the 40s, nor is there any evidence that this friendship was interrupted up until death overtook him.

He stood in Indiana for the abolition of slavery when to so stand made him an object for violent abuse. He, himself perhaps, better than anyone else has given to the world the result of standing as the Negroes' friend and brother, when there were but few to pity and none to save:

"'I was,' he said, 'subjected to a torrent of billingsgate that rivaled the fish market. Words were neither minced nor mollified, but made the vehicle of political wrath and the explosions of personal malice. The charge of 'abolitionism' was flung at me everywhere, and it is imposible now to realize the odium then attaching to that term by the general opinion. I was an 'amalgamationist' and a 'woolly head.' I was branded as the 'apostle of disunion' and the 'orator of free dirt.' It was a standing charge of the Whigs that I carried in my pocket a lock of the hair of Frederick Douglass to regale my senses with its aroma when I grew faint. They declared that my audiences consisted of 'eleven men, three boys and a Negro,' and sometimes I could not deny that this inventory was not very far from the truth. I was threatened with mob violence by my own neighbors, and treated as if slavery had been an established institution of the State, with its machinery of overseers and background of pauperized whites."

Notwithstanding this very vivid portrayal of past experience; yet it is very evident that the recital of the outrages and indignities heaped on him for dare espousing humanity's cause, would stretch over a vast period of time.

History, nor biography furnishes no names of individuals, who labored harder or suffered more—self-sacrifice, in trying to bolster up an unpopular cause. Suffered more—yet it can not be imagined that he suffered. It is rather to be inferred that he enjoyed the distinction of being right though hosts opposed him. And in this he was not alone. There was a brilliant array of individuals though few, who bore him company in the great battle of the minority against the immense majority. There was Adams, Joshua, Channing and later on the immortal Harriet Beecher Stowe who was one alone to put ten thousand to flight; and what with Garrison, Phillips, Lovejoy, was force enough to march around the walls trusting to greater powers for the dismantling of the fabric at their behest.

The Negroes of Indiana and of the country presumably, have not dealt to Mr. Julian the meed of praise he deserved. They have been singing the praises of others when the chieftian of them all, was among them.

It is understood that Mr. Julian not only pursued the institution of slavery to its very death, but, that he proposed to regale the newly freed Negroes with citizenship by proposing the fifteenth amendment to the constitution. He broke with his friends when he suspected them of being cold or lukewarm in furthering measures that looked forward to the establishment of complete Negro citizenship. In the following summary may be gained a better insight as to his real character:

In the ten years preceding the war Mr. Julian, though not figuring in any public office, was lending his energies to the development of those conditions that were to sweep the land like a besom. He was active in the formation of the Republican party, attended its first national convention and was made chairman of the committee on organization. When the party rode into power he once more took his seat in the council house of the nation, to play no small part in the unfolding of events. Ever in the advance rank, he early stood for measures and reforms that were eventually carried out. He advocated emancipation of the slaves long before it took place, and, in pursuance of the same principle of justice, he was the first to demand for the freedmen the right of suffrage. From the beginning he urged a vigorous prosecution of the war, including the arming of the Negro, holding that half-hearted measures were a mistaken policy.

The Negro church of America can not boast of great spiritual achievements in these late years. This too, is to be laid at the door of the industrial situation. The future, educated Negro will spend much time in debating the efficacy of a religion with tenets so lattitudinous as to allow malice, hatred and racial prejudice to actuate millions of its devotees as against other millions of the same faith and order.

An article signed, W. H. Lamaster, recently appeared in the Indianapolis News, suggesting a monument to the late Hon. Geo. W. Julian. The writer suggests that the colored people of Indiana take the iniative in the matter.

The suggestions are timely and proper. for while Mr. Julian has been for a half a century a conspicious character of the state yet his eminence is perhaps due as much to his relation to the abolition movement as to his pronounced views on national questions generally. By all means the colored people should show some evidence of gratitude to one who stepped aside and risked his popularity and life for them, thereby helping to create a crisis which in the end meant so much to them. Monuments of course are costly affairs, and Indiana has not a great colored population hence a contribution per capita would not raise a great sum unless some made some sacrifices. Yet there is no reason why a sacrifice should not be made The late Hon. George W. Julian made sacrifices and the age demands some requitement for any and all favors. Are the Indianians equal to the emergency? Are they willing to show to the world that past favors are not forgotten by erecting some suitable, lasting memorial to the memory of him who was willing to lay down his life for them? Let us have a George W. Julian memorial in some form as a witnesss to future generations that the great love he bore the race was not borne in vain.

The Glasgow Herald and the London Daily News have of late had its columns teeming with good things said of the eminent Booker T. Washington. America's leading Negro, Both of these influential sheets have given again to the world the history of the inception and the progress of his school which has become so famous quite as much through its endeavors as what it has accomplished. The esteem in which Washington is held abroad will awaken no jealousies in the breasts of the millions of Negroes who are close observers of his European career, but on the other hand he will receive the plaudits of the race feeling that after all, it is the race that is receiving consideration through its matchless representative.

It is with profound gratitude that the Negroes of Amerca take cognizance of the marked attention paid Mr. Washington, by the great men of Europe, whose sympathies and philanthropical inclinations are rated at no uncertain valuation, and as one of these papers very prophetically remarks that the history of the struggle of the American Negro is a caution and warning to England, herself dealing with her own blacks.

The whereabouts of Robert G. Ingersoll is the great question that the christian world is asking. If his fate is settled by general rulers of man's guidance as they concern man in view of the hereafter, there will be no hesitation as to the assignment for his future habitation. The great reverence for Ingersoll in spite of his iconnoclastic views is one of the striking things of the age.

This reverence doubtless due in part to his brilliant parts otherwise, simply served to make the possibilities of harm greater. Yet there are those who are willing to exempt the distinguished deceased from the efforts of the violation of the laws because of the God like characteristics of the man. He, it will be certainly held, eliminated the one essential to salvation as the world sees it, and that was God, himself. The world if it judged in the matter would not assign Ingersoll to everlasting night. But if we are to take the Bible for it we may rest assured that God is no respector of persons.

The race cannot make progress or develop great business enterprises when those of us who have the means, the ability and the experience in these circumstances stand afar off and refuse to lend a helping hand for the uplifting of the struggling millions who are ready to follow, and to sustain every praiseworthy and legitimate enterprise conducted by Negroes who are honestly interested in the developement and promotion of business efforts among us.—Teche Valley News, Jeanette, La.

There you are; the same difficulty exists up this way. A kind of annimal love seems to exists that means so much care in a given time then; its root hog or die. Business enterprises conducted by colored men are absolutely essential. All great people are commercial. The greatest amount of respect can come only this way.

The Epworth Leaguers have been with us and are now gone. The city has done itself proud in opening its heart homes to those well disposed strangers who brought so much love, sunshine and good cheer with them. These thousands of strangers will go home feeling what it is to enjoy the hospitality of one of the greatest cities the country boasts of; speaking of its beauties and bounties.

Poor Alger has lived his day and generation, that's all. He was not swift enough for the new people.

Booker T. Washington is hob nobbing with royalty, titled dignitaries and factums.

The Epworth League Meet was a great success.

Where is Robert G. Ingersoll? that is the question.

Through the kindness of Mrs. Josephine Edwards, a relative of Abraham Lincoln, who now occupies the old homestead at Springfield, Ills. Mr. Wm. M. Lewis of the Indianapolis Freeman, was permitted to take about thirty-five laths from the walls of the famous house. These laths are oak, hand made and in an excellent state of preservation. Mrs. Edwards suggested that they be used as Souvenirs or mementoes of the great Lincoln. She cheerfully gave her signature to the above statements, signing her name in the room where Lincoln received news of his election to the presidency.

RACE GLEANINGS.

Rev. I. D. Coffee, D. D., Marshall, Texas, is the popular unassuming gentleman which the A. M. E., church would make no mistake if she would elect him to the office of Bishop.

* * *

Something over $270 was donated to the Provident hospital in St. Louis, Mo., by personal subscriptions during April, besides the donations of household utensils, china, glassware, linen and provisions from over forty individuals.

* * *

There were ten colored graduates in the commencement exercises which took place June 14, from the Indianapolis, High Schools, Fowler Brown one of the colored graduates, rendered a difficult tenor solo, which elicited widespread attention. Mr. Brown is fast becoming a soloist of note.

* * *

The American colony in Paris celebrated Decoration day by a banquet. General Porter presiding. Among the guests were Marquis de Rochambeau, Booker T. Washington, Mgr. Ireland, Edouard Rod, Messrs. Bartholdi, sculptor of Liderty; deBlowitz, the celebrated correspondent; Brunetiere, the critic; Jules Lemaltre, Edmond Rostand, author of 'Cyrano;" W. T Stead, and other notabilities.

* * *

George H. Williams she colored historian, traveled a great deal and stopped at such hotels as he pleased. Carroll D. Wright, the head of the Department of Labor, once asked Mr. Williams now he did it. "I take a bath every morning," replied the Negro. I try to dress and act like a gentleman. When I go to a hotel I say at once to the clerk: "Can you give me a room and serve my meals to me in it?" The answer is invariably the affirmative. So long as I stop in a hotel I eat in my room. I have no trouble whatever. The late Blanche K. Bruce. acted similarly.

Fine Shoe Repairing. Best White Oak Tan used work does not give satisfaction, return it and we will make it good. New work from $3 to $7,

Co-Operative Shoe Co. 130 E. Wash. St W. M'Namara, Prop

FIRST-CLASS

Rooming and Boarding House!

Centrally located near City Hall P. O. Station, one-half square from Lindall and Union Station Car lines. Professionals accommodated.

MRS. ANNIE PEASE, Proprietress,
1216 Chestnut Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Banners, Badges and Regalias.

Outfit for all Secret Organizations.

Designs made—Correspondence solicited from all parts of the United States

Zaiser-Cathcart Co., 21 S. Meridian Street, INDIANAPOLIS.

Send 2-cent Stamp for Reply.

Roasting Your Wife in the kitchen may be prevented this hot weather. Don't allow her to bake. She cannot make as good a loaf as

HITZ'S QUAKER BREAD

No matter how smart she is.

☞Save Quaker Bread coupons.

N. B.—Try Hitz's Quaker Light Rolls for breakfast.

THE STAGE.

EDITED BY

J. HARRY JACKSON.

THE FREEMAN POST OFFICE.

A stamped envelope, plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each letter, and the line of business followed by the person addressed should be given, in order to prevent mistakes.

Note—Professionals and others should bear in mind that all letters, etc., in transit between the United States and Canada, must be prepaid, otherwise they are not forwarded.

LADIES LIST.

Brown, Cassie
Grey, Miss Alice
Gross Etta
Galloway, Mamie
Hyer, May
Jones, Mme Sissieretta
Selika, Mme.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Accooe. Willis
Avery, Dan
Brown, G. W.
Banta, R. A.
Boyer, L. M.
Bull, Ike
Britton, Joseph
Brewer, Pearl
Blind Boone
Cheatham Bros.
Collins, Ben
Cole & Johnson.
Cooper, R. M.
Davis, George
Gray, George
Gillam, Harry
George, James E.
Glenn, Buddie
Hogan, Ernest (3)
Hammonds, Geo.
Hampton, P. G.
Harris, A. P.
Junker, W. A.
Johnson, Ed W.
Johnson, Matt
Johnson, Chas.
Lacy, James
Levard, W. S.
Lewis, Richard
McCabe. D. W.
Majors, Dr. M. A.
Miller, Billy (2)
Owens, W. J.
Prince, Arthur E.
Pate, Anthony
Pamplin, John
Preston, Charlie
Poole, Charlie
Powell, Clarence
Rastus & Banks
Reese Brothers
Reese, Ollie
Reese, Geo.
Rowe, F.
Rogan, Henry
Smart & Williams
Terry, W. O.
Tutt, A. L.
Turner, Jas. A.
Towell, Jim
Watts, Al.
Vaughn, John
Woods, Fountain B.
Winn, Ed
Winfred, Henry

ROUTE:

RICHARDS, PRINGLE S-RUSCO & HOLLAND'S BIG MINSTREL FESTIVAL—Detroit, 27-29; Toledo 30-August 2; Cleveland. 3-5; Chicago 6-12.

Eddie Foy Elliott is in Chicago.

* * *

L. B. Walker's Georgia Minstrels will open their season September 1.

* * *

Cassell and Johnson have joined A. G. Allen's New Orleans Minstrel.

* * *

Johnson and Dean have brought suit against Koster & Bial for salary.

* * *

W. S. Levard is with the Bogardus show for the summer season.

* * *

The Black Patti Troubadours began rehearsal in New York, July, 24.

* * *

Al Reeves' Big Burlesque Company will open their season at Chicago, Sept. 3.

* * *

Dan Avery and Lizzie Hardin will be with the Black Patti, Troubadours this season.

* * *

Julius Glenn goes with the Richards and Pringles Georgia Minstrels this season.

* * *

Al and Mamie Anderson were on the bill at Lake Massabesca, Manchester, N. H. last week.

* * *

Jalvin, the wonder worker, is making it big in Australia. He sends regards to all American friends.

* * *

Billy Miller, the clever young monologue artist has signed with Isham's Octoroon's for the coming season.

* * *

Billy and Willie Farrell are playing dates over the Orpheum circuit. They return to Europe in August to fill engagements already contracted for.

* * *

Billy Miller is at the Madison Square Garden making a big hit, using two new songs: "I Just Received a Telegram From My Baby" and "I'll Leave My Happy Home for You."

* * *

Dudley and Perrin, S. H. and Sid., the original "Pumpkin Colored Coons," will be seen with Tom McIntosh and Gussie L. Davis' musical farce entitled "A Hot Time in Dixie," the coming season.

* * *

Geo. Titchner, the "Cake Walk Swell," has signed with the Al Reeves Big Burlesque Company for the coming season, as principal comedian. He sends regards to all friends in the business.

* * *

The Golden Gate Quartette—Messrs. Coates, Sutton, Coates and Winfred, takes out a company of their own: "In the Heart of Coontown," numbering twelve people. They have seven weeks in E stern parks.

* * *

"The Luckiest Coon in Town" is a good successor to the "Wedding of the Chinee and the Coon." It was written by Cole and Johnson, and is being sung with much success by Miss Belle Davis and her Piccanninies.

* * *

At Lawrence Pavillion this week, Billy Ward and Billy Godbow, are the leading comedians. The ladies are Bertie Allen, Nannie Jones, Essie Smith, Moore and Harris, duettest; Alice Love, May Scott, Smith and Powell, Dick Nelson, illustrated songs.

* * *

A letter dated June, 18, was received this week from Friend Willis F. Gauze, female impersonator, who is now in Sydney, Australia, with the O. M. McAdoo aggregation. Mr. Gauze speaks in glowing terms of his trip to the old world. He sends regards to all Buffaloes.

* * *

Mr. Dan Palmer, our representative with A. G. Allen's New Orleans Minstrel writes the following:—"Our business is good the show goes big and and the "ghost" never fails to walk every week, so everybody around the show is happy. Ray Trusty and wife Cassell and Johnson and C. H. Young are the latest additions to our already big company. Phil. Owens is making a big hit on the end singing his new song "Take Your Time Black Man." Miss Ruby Palmer is also keeping them going with her latest hit "You're Alright But You Don't Get In." The band and orchestra under the leadership of Prof. Riley is extra fine."

* * *

The Smalls, Chas. T. and Nellie V. old man and woman impersonators, will be seen again this season with the "Coon Hollow" company, this being their fourth season with that organization. Mr. Small sends regards to Henderson Smith, the Golden Gate Quartette and all Buffaloes.

* * *

Dan E. Washington, the champion cake walker of Misouri, who has been spending his summer vacation at Indianapolis left last Saturday morning for Columbus, O., where he will join Jno. W. Vogel's Mastodon White Minstrels for the season. Mr. Washington made many friends during his stay in the Hoosier Capital.

* * *

Billy Nelson's Big Colored Burlesque Company, is composed as follows:—The Gednella Sisters, Maude Busby, Lottie Kilo, Flossie Gould, Grace Turner, the Kilpatrick Sisters, John Mack, Bill Cooper, Gus Leroi, Conroy Brothers, Billy Daily and a troupe of Manilla Houly-Houly dancers.

* * *

The Tutts, Al and Edith, the world's acknowledged champion cake walkers are now booked solid for 12 weeks on the Orpheum Circuit. They open in St. Louis, week of July 30; then the Masonic Temple, Chicago Ill., week of Aug. 7; Hopkin's week of 14th; then on to California. They send regards to all friends.

* * *

Simpson and Pittman high class musical artists have closed with Maharra's Minstrels and open at Chicago Opera House July, 31 for one week. At the close of this engagement they will join the Richards & Pringles Georgia Minstrels with which company they will be a special feature. Regards to our friends and keep your eye on the grasshopper.

* * *

Suwanee River Quartette Notes—We are in our second week at the Chatauqua and have scored a success. The Chicago Ladies and Ottumwa Male Qurtettes are also on the bill, but we get ours and are closing the show. Jack Oliver was at his best last night and took Devil's Lake off its feet. His new parody on "Just as the Sun went down" brought the big auditorium to his feet. 3 enchores bows 2 and a speech tell the tale. The quartette is better than ever and every song, ever word is a positive hit.

* * *

Notes from Rusco & Holland's Big Minstrel Festival.—"We opened our season Saturday, the 22nd, in Waukegan, turning away several hundred people. Those that witnessed our initial performance pronounced it the best ever seen in Waukegan. During the week of rehearsal Mirty Payne, member of the drum corps, whilst wheeling, lost controll of his wheel and was precipated over into a deep gulch which resulted in his death. A. B. Stokes from Texas has just arrived. W. C. Johnson, the dish king, is again stage carpenter with the Festival. John Rucker, the Alabama Blossom, hit the audience in the same old way and says that he has a swell place to eat and sleep for the season. He is singing 'Luckiest Coon in Town,' and sends regards to all members of the B. O. C P.

* * *

Coney Island Notes.—Smart & Williams' Troubadours are at Henderson's theatre and is the best show on the island. The roster includes Rastus and Banks, a very clever young discriptive and acrobatic team; Pearl Woods, known as our best lady contortionist; Madame Loe Morton (nee) Ball, a singer of note; Grundy, Murry and Grundy; Henry Williams, champion buck and wing dancer; Erb Robinson, tenor soloist; Mrs. Walter Smart (nee) Marion Henry, Mrs. George Williams, two ladies that are a big hit and are always well received; Miss Laura Bailey, who has a fine voice; Miss Kitty Brown, the colored "Helen Mora" and Harry A. Brown, chalk artist who is engaged for the summer season--sketching to entertain audience between shows.

* * *

The Melroy-Chandler, Minstrel Company are treating themselves to a surprise for the season of '99 which opens July 31, in Illinois and then travels the states of the South with 40 people in their newly purchased and remodled coach. The company has among its array of talent Leland Melroy, Manager; G. Chandler and N. Garrett, Directors; Prof. C. E. Cross, Musical Director; the Payne family, Major B. F., wife and daughter; Gordon Collins and wife; Alexander Family, Marshall Hoskins, Perkins and Chapman, E. L. Smiley, Ed Williams, Will Bostwick, Prof. Geo. W. Renfro, Band leader; the Marshall family, Wm. Fester, Sol. Townsand. Wm. Wyatt, Carl Cage, Pete Martin and Wm. Blue. The special car is a 65 foot Pullman build, painted in red, yellow and green, with large figures "40" at each end and the word "Minstrel" the whole length; 10 wheel trucks. The car is to be light, airy and convenient with state rooms, laboratories, cullinery dept, and buffet with additional space to carry scenery and paraphernalia, air signal and break, vestibule and observation.

* * *

P. G. Lowery's Famous Concert Band in conjunction with the Nashville Students, this season with the Forepaugh Sells Bros. shows are making a big hit wherever they appear. The entertainment they are presenting is something new and novel to the patrons of the sawdust arena. Mr. Lowery has gathered very select company of ladies and entlemen, each a star in their respective line, 'Tis hardly necessary to speak of the excellency of the cornet playing of Mr. Lowery, but the artistic and clever finished manner that he renders a solo must be heard to be appreciated. Miss Tina Mazelle, has a pleasing voice and never fails to catch the large audience, by the rendition of her songs, Julius Glenn, the principal comedian of the company keeps the crowd in good humor during his stay before them, in his songs and funny sayings. Miss Bessie Gillam, the clever little Soubrette made her initial bow before an Indianapolis audience and from start to finish it could be seen that she had made the big hit of the show. This is the first season for many of this company, especially the ladies, to appear under a tent. The following are the members of the company. Misses Bessie Gillam, Tina Mazelle, Lula Stanley and Edna King; Messrs. P. G. Lowery, J. J. Smith Ed. Jones, F. C. Richardson, Skip Farrell, R. W. Wilson, Jas. S. Morton, Rob't Cooper, Joe Pleasant, M. M. McQuitty, Julius Glenn, Wm. Thomas, Allie Gillam and Wm. Mays.

* * *

Messrs. Harry Stafford and Tom Logan send the following notes from M. B. Curtis' Afro-American Minstrels,—"On Board R. M. S. Miowera—All members of the company are enjoying good health. Rehearsals began Tuesday. The intentions of the management are to give the people of Sidney, Melbourne and other Australian cities a meritorious show far beyond their expectations and a characteristic phrase of Mr. M. B. Curtis is, "The best are none too good." Roster: M. B. Curtis, proprietor and manager; H. S. Stafford, business manager; Wm. McClain stage manager; Thomas Logan, assistant stage manager. C. F. Alexander, musical director; N. Clark Smith, band master; Enrique Steffano electrician; Amon Davis, property master; Harry Thompson, assistant property master; Madam L. Alston costumer; Ernest Hogan (The Unbleached American), Irving Jones, Geo. Jones, Wm. Jones, Robt. C. Logan, Ed. Johnson, the original Dante; Jerry Chorn, F. E. Watts Harry Thyns, Thos. Sterman, Turner Baskett, Wm. Countee, Chas. A. Kennedy, Harry St. Clair, Madah A. Hyer, Primma Donna; Laura Moss, Jennie Bradley, Marion Blake, Lulu Price, Muriel Ringgold, Katie Carter, Siren Nevarro, Louis Saulsbury, Lawrence Chenault, L. B. Alston, Aaron Taylor, Harry Hull, Frank Sanford, L. W. Lawson, James Sprangles, Oree Locke, Needham Wright, Geo. Taylor, Carrie Carter and Pickaninny Band.

* * *

The fourth transcontinental tour of the Black Patti aggregation of Afro-American rag time singers, "coon" fun makers, buck dancers, cake walkers, and operatic ensemble singers will begin at the Auditorium, Asbury Park, N. J., on Aug. 10, and terminate at Watertown N. Y., on Memorial Day, 1900. During the forty-four weeks ensuing the company will visit and perform in nearly every important city between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts including those in the Canadian Provinces of Quebic, Ontario and Manitoba. Most of the time will be spent west of the Rocky Mountains and in Dixie Land revisiting cities where the Troubadours have scored successes. The personnel of the company which numbers two score or more, includes the most talented stage folk known to the Afro-American race. Black Patti (Mme. Sissieretta Jones) whom nature has endowed with a marvelously sweet voice, is the stellar attraction, and prominent among the other principals are: The Averys, Dan and Lizzie; Al and Cecil Watts, Mattie Phillips, the sisters Meredith, Bland and Bailey, Judson Hicks, W. C. Stewart, Will Cook, May Lange, Anthony Byrd, James Lightfoot, Jas. H. Gray and James H. Gaston. In addition there is the Troubadours Sextette, the buck dancing and cake walk contingent and the rag time and operatic ensemble chorus. The stage scheme will be entirely new this season and as attractive and fascinating as any of the Troubadours previous offerings. "A Rag Time Frolic at Rasbury Park," is the title of the opening skit. A very strong olio follows including specialties by the Averys, the Watts, the Sisters Meredith, Mattie Phillips, May Lange, the Troubadours Sextette in their new grouping entitled "Happy-Ante-Bellum Melodic Memories of the Plantation and Levee," and Black Patti in a new selection of classic ballads and sweet melodies of the sunny South. J. A. Raynes continues as musical and stage director, and Messrs, Voelckel & Nolan the founders and promoters of the organization, also continue to personally direct the company.

* * *

Notes from O. M. McAdoo's Afro-American Minstrel and Vaudeville attractions; On board Steamship, Moana, June 2nd.—"Since my last letter to your valuable paper, and thinking our American friends would like to know of our long journey, I will tell you of a few incidents since our arrival at Honolulu. After our arriving there the Manager of the Opera House prevailed upon our genial proprietor, Mr. O. M. McAdoo to give a matinee and all hands consented. Prof. Henderson Smith made a parade with his band and although we only had two hours notice we played to over $800. So our start in the Old World commenced with a brilliant outlook. We left Honolulu at six p. m. and are now on our way to Apia, Samoa Island with all feeling quite well. May 27 in mid-ocean we were hailed by the U. S. Crusier Philadelphia and transferred some important dispatches from Washington and while making the transfer were serenaded by the band on board the Philadelphia and there were many wet eyes as they played "Home Sweet Home."

Apia Samoa, May 31.—We have just landed and are now making a tour of the little town where only a few days ago the town was bombarded by the crusiers Badger and Philadelphia and some pitiful sights we have seen and while writing the U. S. Cruiser, Badger has gone to make Matafi surrender and we must wait here in the hot sun until her return. Later: The Badger has returned with 1800 guns and we are now leaving the harbor.

Auckland, New Zeland, June, 6th.—This is one of the most lovely spots on earth and we had the pleasure of meeting Jalvin our American juggler who is playing dates and a pleasant time was spent with him; aslso Mrs. O. M. McAdoo met her husband here and spent the day with him. Miss Ganey went with Mrs. McAdoo to strengthen the Jubilee company. We sailed at 7 p. m. amid cheers from the crowd assembled around the warf as Prof. Smith's band played the Stars and Stripes. We are 3½ days from Sidney and we will cruise about 200 miles out of our course to look for the missing steamer Pershire, now 45 days over due.

Sydney, June, 10.—We arrived safe after a stormy night coming into Sydney and found a most beautiful harbor and city with the most genial people to meet and from our reception and courteous treatment a man is a man here. There is no color line to fight. You are known for what you are. Since our arrival we have learned that a man named Curtis has gone to America after another colored show and my advise to performers there is not to come here at present as the country is too small for 3 colored companies. Besides this man Curtis' reputation here is not the best. It is only done to help monopolize this country and it is too far for our performers to come and fight with one another. I have had the pleasure of meeting our own Wallace King, who spent a pleasant evening with me last evening. His voice has improved wonderfully and he don't look a day older. I also met Manuel Sontaug, contortionist. Col. Chas. B. Hicks is still Manager of Harmstron's circus and cabled Prof. Smith at Auckland welcoming him and his band into this country. We will open on Saturday night the 17th and rehearsals are now progressing fine with all well. We send our best wishes to our many American friends, wishing The Freeman success.

Yours Respectfully.
HENDERSON SMITH,
Permanent address, 338 George st., Sydney Australia.

Interesting Items.

Duluth, Minn., Special.

Sunday a happy party quietly spent the day at O-At-Ka Beach. An inviting lunch was taken and W. A Porter of the famous "Darkest America Co.," chanced to luckily get some snap shots at the party while lunching. C. H. McDonald seems to be busily engaged over something resembling a ham bone, and W. D. Dawson is giving his undivided attention to a delicious piece of spring chicken. The day being a most pleasant one it need not be stated that the party had a delightful outing. Those making the party were: Mesdames E. A. Porter and A. P. Perry of Evanston, Ill., Misses Amelia Porter and Minnie Richey, and the little ones Misses Lillian and Gertrude Perry and brother, Adam Perry of Evanston, and Dea Austin, also Messrs W. A. and J. A. Porter, C. H. McDonald and W. D. Austin, W. B. Richardson and W. Taylor of Chicago seemed to be restless and uneasy until after the watermelon was cut. Tuesday a most delightful picnic party visited O-At-Ka Beach in honor of Mrs. Johnson of Chicago who is the guest of Duluth's popular residents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Merry of 621 E. Sixth street. The party which numbered about fifty was all ladies with the exception of perhaps ten gentlemen. A grand day was spent at boating, dancing, racing and almost everything in the line of real pleasure. Every one had not less than simply a grand time, and returning home on the charted boat. The pleasing smile on Mrs. Merry's face showed that she felt well repaid for her trouble as it was she by whom the picnic was given. Miss Amelia Porter has been the victim of quite a serious cold for almost two weeks and since Tuesday she has been confined to her home, but she is not the only one for the bathing party all seem to be reflecting over "What might have been" if they had not gone down the slides and in bathing. Those in the party were the Misses Blanche Pallard, Etta Allen, Crystal Teahan, Minnie Richey, Arazona Walker and Amelia Porter. H. C. Richardson spent a few days on the Range this week speculating. Mrs. F. L. Gorden of Fargo, N. D. is the guest of Mrs. R. Bowman. H. Adams and G. Harris are also numbered among the excursionist from Fargo.

Items.

Shelbyville, Ind., Special.

Rev. S. W. Gray former pastor of the Second Baptist church of this city is very successful in his new pastorate at Cincinnati. Quite a number of our citizens spent Sunday out of town. Henry Chelf who has been very ill is a little improved. Miss Mayme E. Dudley who has been teaching school at Chattanooga is visiting her relatives here. Rev. and Mrs. G. W. Zeigler of Nashville, Tenn., are visiting relatives, here enroute home from the Epworth League Convention. Rev. Clark pastor of the Second Baptist church has moved his family here from West Vaginia. Miss Julia Martin and William Hines, delegates to the Sunday-school convention returned from Noblesville bringing good reports. All is quiet on the Patomac.

Meridian Latest News.

Meridian, Miss., Special.

T. Murray the newspaper representative will leave for Mobile, Ala., on the 31st to be absent a few days. Miss Ella H. Jimson is teaching school in the country. We wish for her great success. Mrs. Mattie Turner left on the 10th for Cincinnati, O., to join her husband O. G. Turner who has been their for 90 days. We wish for their great success. Capt. A. J. Hide has been appointed postmaster at Meridian, he is a Republican from a way back. He will take charge of the office on or about the 1st. of August. A good appointment. Miss Mary Jones who has been visiting Miss Ida Levy the past week, returned to her home at Epps, Ala., on the 21st. Rev. R. P. Rumbley recently of Knoxville, Tenn., preached at New Hope Baptist chuch Sunday night July 23, from the subject, "Oh! ye Dry Bones, hear ye the Words of God," Ezekly. 32. His sermon was excellent. Rev. L. W. Watson preached the annual sermon for the Home Mission Society on Sunday evening July 3, at 3 p. m., quite a large congregation were present. A good collection was raised. On Friday night July 21, 1899 at 8:30 p. m., at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hinton between 16th and 17th streets and 31st. Avenue. Mr. Pompy Mathews of Shelby county Ala., and Miss Julia Hinton were united in the Holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. J. C. Houston of St. Paul M. E. church officiated. They left for their new home on the 22nd. Mr. Albert Easten and Miss Willie Walker were married at St. Paul M. E. church on Wednesday night July 26, at 8:30 p. m. Rev. J. C. Houston officated. Reception at the resident of Mr. and Mrs. Rayford on 13th street and 25th Avenue. We extend congratulation. E. S Atkinson left on the 24th for Quitman, Miss., on a business trip we wish him success.

Personal Mention.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Special.

Miss Bessie Thompson is improving. Henry Wilson is on the sick list. Mrs. Wm. Shepherd is improving. Wilbur Burton has returned from Gun Lake. Rev. T. L. Porter of St. Louis, Mo. is in the city Prof. W. T. Lewis gave a grand entertainment at Battle Creek in the Second Baptist church Wednesday evening assisted by Mrs. Hattie Booth. A number of Grand Rapids people attended the entertainment at the Odd Fellows Hall Tuesday evening. Hon. T. C. Corbin, D. G. M., Hon. J. Weaver gave very fine addresses in connection with the program. Mrs. W. C. O. Jacques finished her class in art Wednesday July 5. The following received diplomas: Mrs. Wm. Owens, Misses Mary Butler, Hattie Booth, Pearl Blackwell, and Etta Hill. Mrs. Jacques left Friday for Chicago where she will take up another class.

News Notes.

Shelbyville, Ind., Special.

Little Stella Butler who has been quite ill for a week is improving. Gracie Hines is preparing the little folks for a concert to be given in the near future at the Second Baptist church. Rev. B. W. Clark has moved into the parsonage. Miss Julia Martin, left on last Monday for Noblesville to represent the Second Baptist Sunday-School at the state convention. Miss Mabel Johnson repesented the Second M. E. church Epworth League at the National convention at Indianapolis this week. Rev. T. Leggett former pastor of the Second M. E. Church was in the city this week. Miss Sarah Booth and Miss Lucy Stonestreet who have been visiting their aunt Mrs. Orange Dennis, returned to their home in Graysville, near Madison on last Wednesday. Tommy, son of Rev. Fletcher of the 2nd M. E. Church continues quite ill. Last Sunday was communion day at the Second Baptist church. Rev. Agassiz Gould of the First church assisted. The Sunday-School attendance was unusually large. John A. Hodge, who has had charge of the Freeman has resigned on account of his entire time being taken on the Daily Republican and Mr. John A. Dudley now has charge and will endeavor to make the Shelbyville column even more interesting than in the past. Leave all news items at 221 E. Broadway. Miss Stella Horner who has had charge of the primary department of our colored school for four years sent in her resignation last Wednesday. This fact is very much regretted by both school officers and patrons, as she is one of the most proficient teachers we ever had. She has accepted a better position at Mt. Vernon, Ind.

In the Social Whirl.

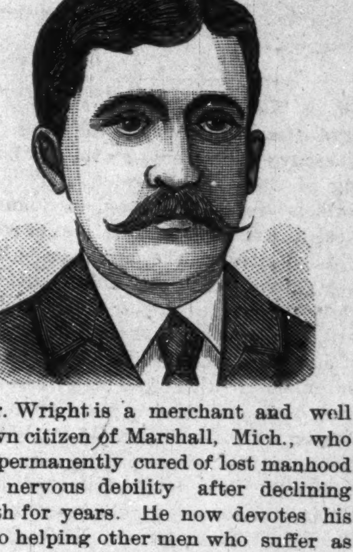
Ironton, O., Special.

Mrs. Cora Smith of Columbus and her sister Mrs. Eva Chatmond of Chicago, who have been visiting their aunt Mrs. Mary Cornut of Center street returned to Columbus Sunday, accompanied by the former's husband Dr. C. T. Smith. Mrs. G. D. Gray is sufficiently recovered to be about the house. Mrs. Minnie Williams of Gallipolis is visiting at the home of Anderson Crumbley. Miss Florence Hurt of Cincinnati, is visiting her grandmother Mrs. Ellen Leftrage of East and 8th street. Wheeler Brooks was down from Columbus Sunday visiting his father and mother Mr. and Mrs. Richard Brooks. Mrs. John Crump continues very sick. Miss Minnie Kibby was visiting friends Sunday. Miss Oberlin Brooks was calling on friends Sunday. Miss Lottie Kibby is visither father George Kibby. The Baptist Sunday-school had their picnic last Thursday at Sulphur Springs. Mrs. Pearl Peters is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jessir. Quite a number from Ironton met the excursion from Gallipolis at Cliffside Park and a good time was enjoyed by all. Rev. Dr. Johns, of Columbus, attended the last quarterly meeting which was a success, there were five baptized. Leonard Scott is visiting his parents in Huntington, W. Wa.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Geo. B. Wright was Restored to Health and Makes a Generous Offer to Every Sufferer From Lost Manhood.

Gratitude is one of the noblest impulses of the human heart, and in few instances has this fine quality been so conspicuously exemplified as in the case of George B. Wright of Marshall.



Mr. Wright is a merchant and well known citizen of Marshall, Mich., who was permanently cured of lost manhood and nervous debility after declining health for years. He now devotes his life to helping other men who suffer as he once suffered. Mr. Wright offers to send the medical prescription that effected a cure in his case to every reader of The Freeman who is suffering today. All who will write him a letter asking for a copy of the prescription will receive it by return mail free of any charge whatever.

Mr. Wright says no one can appreciate the horrors of lost manhood except he has suffered them. No one can help such sufferers unless he knows a cure and has himself been restored to full manhood. Mr. Wright's case was an extreme case. He suffered for many years. He saw his physical powers go from him as the result of insidious disease until he was reduced to a condition of senility, and the best doctors in the country gave him up to die.

He asserts that his 10 years' suffering, both mentally and physically, was turned to unbounded joy in a single night through a rare combination of medicines that literally made him young again. It is the prescription of this discovery that his enthusiasm leads him to offer free to any man, young or old, who feels that his animation or the fire of ambition has left him and needs something that will not only brace him up and enable him to be prepared for any undertaking which may present itself, but will restore the parts to their original size and vigor.

There is no question but what in his individual case the results were just as described, and it seems quite probable that any man who believes himself to be weak may profit by sending for this free prescription. Many people wonder how he can afford to send this prescription free, but it costs him little to do so, and he feels a philanthropic interest in giving weak men an opportunity to cure themselves.

A request to G. B. Wright, music dealer, box 1207 Marshall, Mich., for his free prescription will be promptly and privately complied with by return mail.

A SINGER! A DANCER! A COMEDIAN!

W. H. POWERS

AT LIBERTY...

to join first-class Minstrel or Farce Comedy Company.
P. S.: 1st Tenor, 2nd Tenor or Baritone in Quartette,
Permanent Address, 209 W. 7th St., DesMoines, Ia.

AT LIBERTY.....

MISS LAURA WALKER

(SOPRANO)

Prima Donna Season '98-'99, John W. Vogel's "Darkest America." Per. address: care The Freeman, Indianapolis, Indiana.

JESSE | THE MITCHELLS | ESTELLA

are meeting with great success in their new and original act. Mr. Mitchell as "Aunt Amanda," introducing many difficult acrobatic feats. Can be engaged for season 1900-1901. Permanent Add: The Freeman, Indianapolis.

FRED W. JOHN C.

Simpson & Pittman

HIGH-CLASS MUSICAL ARTISTS.

Richards, Pringle's Georgia Minstrels—season 99-1900.

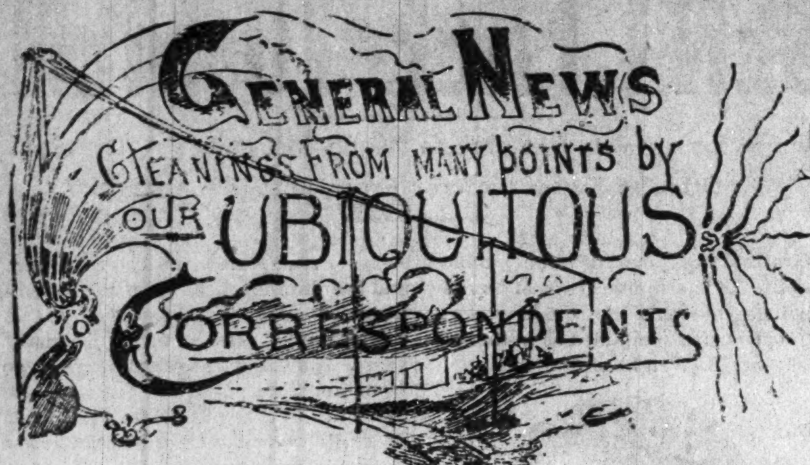
PARODIES

By JOHN RUCKER,

The Original "ALABAMA BLOSSOM"

JUST WRITTEN—"All Guns Look Alike to Me;" "She Was Bred in Old Kentucky," a sure laugh producer; A funny parody on "No Coon Can Come Too Black for Me," which is a winner; "Guess that will hold you for awhile," and "Just as the Sun Went Down" **25c Each, or the Five for $1.00.** Send money order or postage stamps, and "Get in the Game."

J. HARRY JACKSON, Publisher,
318 N. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.


GENERAL NEWS
GLEANINGS FROM MANY POINTS BY OUR UBIQUITOUS CORRESPONDENTS

Interesting Items.

Clarksville, Tenn., Special.

The grand banquet given at the Court House Monday night July 12, was a grand success. The Evansville team played the Queen City Grays here July 11, 12, 13. They were victorious each day. Rev. Mitchell was in the city July 17. The Annual Emancipation Celebration will take place here on Aug. 8. Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Mason gave a grand reception at their home on Taylors Hill recently. The Knights of Tabor ave a grand entertainment at the ourt House July 19. The Queen City Grays will soon leave on an extended astern ball tour to play dates.

News Notes.

Ironton, O., Special.

Mrs. Dr. Smith, of Columbus, and sister Mrs. Eva Chatmond, of Chicago, Ill., are visiting their aunt Mrs. Mary Cornute of Center street. Mr. I. Leonard Scott is visiting his parents of Hunington, W. Va. Mrs. Rev. G. D. Gray of Wright street who has been quite ill is very much improved. Miss Effie Bryant was visiting friends in Ashland Saturday. Mrs. John Crump of Eight street is very sick. Mr. Benjamin Austin and sister are visiting at the home of Mr. Jefferson Scott of Ninth street. Mrs. Charles Reynolds and little son George are visiting relatives in Columbus.

Ottumwa Notes.

Ottumwa, Ia., Special.

Miss Bessie Louisa Owens spent Friday in Keb, Ia., in the interest of The Freeman. Mrs. Emma D. Gardner is on the sick list. A party of Ottumwa young people went to Keb Saturday where they enjoyed a concert and refreshments prepared by Mrs. Washington of the latter place. All report a pleasant time. Mrs. Charles S. Ruff left this city for Des Moines Saturday accompanied by her sister, Miss Carrie Owens who will spend the summer there. Mrs. Ella Smith of Des Moines, who has been visiting in Ottumwa for a few weeks past, left the city Saturday for her home in Des Moines in company with her three little nieces. The bicycle contest which was to be given on July 4th, by the Western Light Club of the A. M. E. church, was postponed until July 7, and was carried out with great success on that date. Three contestants were J. Woods, S.Stevens and Williams. The bicycle was awarded J. Woods as the successful contestant.

News Notes.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Special.

Mrs. Smith, of Lafayette, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Wilson. Miss Lela Gaines has gone to Byron Centers to spend the summer. Myrtle Hawkins, of Petoskey, is spending her vacation with her grand mother, Mrs. Warren. Mr. Smith spent the Fourth in Grand Haven returning July 9. Mr. J. Bugg spent the Fourth in Grand Haven. Miss Bernice Smith and Adeline Carter spent the Fourth in Grand Haven, the former returning the evening of the Fourth, the latter on the fifth. Mrs. Hatter left July 3, for Mackinaw. Mrs. Toles was in the city a fews days enroute to Mackinaw. One of the most delightful dinner parties of the season was given by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Forbes at their home, 213 S. Prospect street, in honor of Miss H. Beverly. The house was beautifully decorated in potted palms and cut flowers. Covers were laid for twenty-four. Those invited were Messrs. and Mesdames. Alexander, Pettiford, Grayson, and Hobbs, Mesdames Crissup and Beverly, the Misses Brown, Ash, Lillian Pettiford, Kate Pettiford, M. Craig, Grace Craig, Beverly, Lockett, Ethel Beverly, Messrs. Davis and Dickerson and master John Beverly. Miss Mable Jones returned Sunday July 9, from a eek's visit in Muskegon.

News Notes.

Roanoke, Va., Special

Miss Sally Wright left last week for a isit to Christian Springs. A large number of excursionists came over from Winston, N. C., to take in the sights of the "Magic City." All seemed to enjoy themselves. Messrs. Toles, Hawkins and McAllister, three of our upright, energetic young men who believe in Negro business enterprise, have formed a stock company and will go into the grocery business on Peach street where they have fitted up a very neat place for the business. Success to them. The school of Methods has closed after a very successful session. The colored visiting teachers say they are well pleased with our city. Prof. and Mrs. Southwick, of Boston, recited to them at St. Paul's M. E. church and were highly appreciated. Miss Parrish, of the Woman's College in Lynchburg gave a very interesting talk to the ladies at 5th Ave., Presbyterian church on the 17th. On Tuesday evening, July 18, the new building of the United Order of True Reformers, recently erected on Commonwealth Ave., N. E. at a cost of $5000, was dedicated with becoming ceremonies. The rostrum and assembly hall were tastefully decorated with American flags and an abundance of the choicest flowers of the season. On the stage could be seen prominent gentlemen of both races who had come to honor the occassion. Among whom were Hon. J. P. Woods, Mayor of Roanoke, Ed Lyle Esq., City Attorney, Rev. L. L. Downing; J. C. Robinson Attorney for the order, E. W. Brown, Editor Reformer, T. T. Henry Esq., and several newspaper representatives. The program rendered was as follows: Mr. E. McPerson, Chief of the Roanoke Division U. O. T. R., under whose supervision the Society has prospered so, presided as Master of Ceremonies, address of welcome, T. T. Henry Esq., then followed speeches by Mayor J. P. Woods and Edward Lyle Esq., of this city and J. C. Robinson Esq., and E. W. Brown of Richmond after which a collection was taken for the Old Folks Home. The whole affair ended in a grand banquet to the delight of all present. High street choir furnished excellent music.

Secure The Freeman every Saturday from Joseph Evans, 1400 Wilson street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Freeman is on sale every Saturday and during the entire week at William H. Moore's news depot, No. 14 Mulberry street, Wilmington, N. C., Inter State Telephone, No. 8. Prompt delivery to any part of the city.

STOP! READ AND CONSIDER this grand offer. Latest Style neckties for ladies and gentlemen, almost given away. I have just purchased 1000 up-to-date ties, and will send 3 samples (assorted colors) while they last to readers of this paper, who will send 10 cents to pay postage, packing and etc. I do this only to advertise my goods. Send 10c to-day as they are going very fast. W. A. Johnson, P. O. Box 2079 Boston, Mass.

Galpney, S. C., June 3, 1899.

G. L. Knox, Esq., Indianapolis, Ind.:

Dear Sir.—I admire the manly stand you have taken in connection with the vexing problems which now confront both white and colored people in America as to the proper treatment of the Negro. Very respectfully yours,

R. MAYERS,

Presbyterian minister.

A chance to secure a bicycle free is not picked up every day. Read our offer in this issue.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills stop Headache.

Sleeping Car Line from Louisville and Indianapolis to Detroit

This service has been established over the Pennsylvania Lines via Dayton, C. H. & D. Ry., and Michigan Central R. R. Daily service will run via this through route without change from starting point. Connections made at Detroit for Niagara Falls, resorts in Eastern Michigan and summer havens in Canada. For complete detailed information please call upon local ticket agent of Pennsylvania Lines; or address W. W. RICHARDSON, D. P., Agent, Indianapolis,

Bethany Assembly

Bethany Park, Indiana. For the above occasion the Pennsylvania Lines will sell low rate excursion tickets from all points in Indiana, July 17, to August 7, inclusive. Tickets will be good returning to and including August 9. Call on nearest Pennsylvania Line ticket Agent or write W. W. Richardson, D. P. A.

SAME VIA WASHINGTON.

Fares to Philadelphia and New York Over Pennsylvania Lines.

Tickets to Philadelphia and New Yotk over the Pennsylvania Lines do not cost any more via Washington than via direct route of the Pennsylvania System. Ten days stop over at the National Capital may be enjoyed by passengers via Washington and those holding tickets to New York may enjoy an additional stop over at Philadelphia. For rates, time of trains an other particulars apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania lines, or address W. W. RICHARDSON District Passenger Agent Indianapolis Ind

DON'T SPOIL your HAIR by using cheap preparations. Make it straight and beautiful with the original **Ozonized Ox Marrow** and **FEEL SAFE.** It is the only preparation that has stood the test of time and never fails to give perfect satisfaction. It renders the hair soft, pliable and glossy and makes it grow. Sold over 40 years and used by thousands. **Warranted harmless.** Testimonials free on request. Only **50** cents. Sold by dealers or send us **$1.40** Postal or Express Money Order for three bottles, express paid. Write your name and address plainly to

OZONIZED OX MARROW CO.,
76 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

COKE COKE

Lump and Crushed

—FOR SALE BY—

The Indanpolis Gs Co.

For tickets call at office—

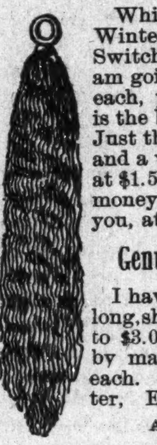
W. H. PALMER

DEALER IN

Fresh Meats of All Kinds

Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Fresh Fish, Game and Oysters in Season.

310 Indiana Ave. New 'Phone 2444


$1.00 BUYS THE BEST

Switch made for Colored People.

While in New York last Winter I bought 1500 of these Switches at a bargain and I am going to sell them at $1.00 each, post paid. This goods is the best of its kind made. Just think of it 22 inches long and a very short stem retails at $1.50 to $2.00 each and your money back, if these don't suit you, at $1.00

Genuine Creole Switches

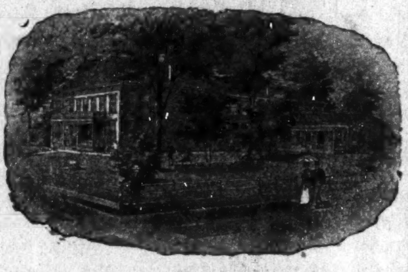
I have 500 of these 22 inches long, short stem, retails at $2.50 to $3.00 sent to any address by mail, post paid for $1.50 each. Order by registered letter, Enclose sample of hair.

AGENTS WANTED.

T. W. TAYLOR

Jobber of Human Hair. 152 Larch St.

LANSING, MICHIGAN.


DR. B. F. BYE SANATORIUM,
227 N. Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

Cancer Cured

With Soothing Balmy Oil.

Cancer, Tumor, Catarrh, Piles, Fistula, Eczema and all skin diseases.

Cancer of the nose. eye, lip, ear, neck, breast, stomach—in fact, all internal or external organs or tissues—cured without knife or burning plasters, but with soothing aromatic oils.

Cut this out and send it for an illustrated book on the above diseases. Home treatment sent when desired. Address [mentioning The Freeman.]

Dr B F BYE,

P. O. Box 246, Indianapolis, Ind.

FOR SUFFERING HUMANITY.

Dr. Sadie F. Porter offers $50 Reward as a Guarantee that Her Remedies will Accomplish the Cures as represented.

Dr. Sadie F. Porter's Magnetic Nerve and Blood Tonic builds up the system, cures Scrofula, Syphilis. Catarrh. Billious Headache, Indigestion, Piles. Paralysis, Diseases of the heart, Palpitation, Asthma, Dysentary. Gleet, Gonorrhea. pains in the breast and side. Relieves Constipation and is a boon to those suffering with kidney and liver disorder and all affections of the nerves. It acts like a magic in LaGrippe and will cure Female weakness in its worst form. The Great Magic Liniment cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back, Swollen and Stiff joints, cures Headache, Toothache, Frost bites, Chilblains. Sore feet and all other pains. Her Beauty Mustache Grower has no equal, will grow beard or lovely mustache on the smoothest face. The Magic Hair grower is excellent for the hair, it grows the hair quickly; makes the hair straight and glossy, stops it from falling out and cleans the scalp. The hair oil will keep the hair soft, and the face wash is excellent Beautifying the complexion.

Prices,	Blood Tonic	$1.00
"	6 Bottles	5.00
"	Liniment	.50
"	Lung Balsam	50c $1.00
"	Hair Grower	50cts
"	Mustache Grower	50cts
"	Hair Oil	25cts
"	Wash for Skin	25cts
"	Mexican Indian Soap Cake	10cts

Agents wanted. For further particulars address, Dr. Sadie F. Porter, 904 Cedar street, Nashville. Tenn. Ffty dollars reward for any person claiming to sell my remedies with out proper credentials and signed by me.

When writing for information please send tamps

DR. SADIE F. PORTER,
904 Cedar street. Nashville Tenn

Howard University
WASHINGTON, D. C.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT
INCLUDING
Medical, Dental & Pharmaceutic College

Thirty-second Session (1899-1900) will begin October 2, 1899 and continue seven (7) months.

Tuition fee in Medical and Dental Colleges each $80. Pharmaceutic College, $70.

All students must register before Oct. 12, '99.

For catalogue or further information apply to— F. J. SHADD, M. D., Secretary,
901 R Street, N. W.,
City of Washington

Repairing Low Prices

New Bicycles for Rent

BY THE WEEK, DAY OR HOUR

A. MORGAN

203 N. Illinois St., Cor. of Ohio.

TELEPHONE—2 on 2706

MME TURNER SAYS:

Everybody ought to make themselves handsome because you will be better pleased with yourself; and your friends will appreciate you more, and seek your society.

BUSINESS MEDIUM.

MRS. MARTH, the world renowned and highly celebrated business and test MEDIUM, reveals everything. No imposition. Can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Business, Love and Marriage a specialty. Every mystery revealed, also of absent, deceased and living friends. Removes all troubles and estrangements, challenges any Medium who can exceed her in her startling revelation of the past, present and future event in one's life. Remember, she will not, for any price, flatter you; you may rest assured you will gain facts without nonsense. She can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Love, Courtship, Marriage, Friends, etc., with description of future companion. She is very accurate in describing missing friends, enemies, etc. Her advice upon sickness, change in business, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce and speculation is valuable and reliable. She reads your destiny—good or bad; she withholds nothing.

MRS. MARTH tells your entire life—past, present and future—in a DEAD TRANCE, has the power of any two mediums you ever met. In tests she tells your mother's full name before marriage, the names of all your family, their ages and description, the name and business of your future husband, the name of your next, if you are to have one, the name of the young man who now calls on you, the name of your future husband, and the day, month and year of your marriage—how many children you have or will have—whether you are married or single; whether your present sweetheart will be true to you and if he will marry you; if you have no sweetheart, she will tell you when you will have, and his name, business and date of acquaintance. ALL YOUR FUTURE will be told in an honest, clear, plain manner and in a dead trance. Mothers should know the success of their husbands and children, young ladies should know everything about their sweethearts or intended husbands. Do not keep company, marry or go into business until you know all, do not let silly religious scruples prevent your consulting.

Madame is the only one in the world who can tell you the FULL NAME of your future husband, with age and date of marriage, tells you whether the one you love is true or false.

There are some persons who believe that there is no truth to be gained from consulting a Medium, but such beliefs are contrary to the truth. It is only from the lack of discrimination that such a conclusion can be reached. It is not everyone who placards himself or herself as a Medium that can stand a test of what he or she claims. And a person of any enquiring mind may ask the reason why. It is simply that these advisers do not take the trouble to study human nature. They do not spend their thoughts for a moment with acquiring the art of phrenology and kindred branches that will have a tendency to make the pathway to the road of the business clear and devoid of obstacles.

It is an undeniable fact that persons will come for advice—in full knowledge of what they want to know, and yet as soon as they confront a Medium they try their utmost endeavor to dispel from their minds what they know so as to hear if it will be rehearsed by the Medium. To get the secret out of a person by "pumping," in no few cases, is the art used by many unprincipaled Mediums, but to take hold of the hand and gain control of the mind thereby, is a matter of impossibility to most of them. And yet this can be done, and by consulting MRS. MARTH this seeming mystery becomes a realization.

This subject has received no little attention by eminent men and even college professors. So it proves conclusively that although there are infringers in our midst with "oily tongues," perhaps, the gates of wisdom have not been closed to the entire profession.

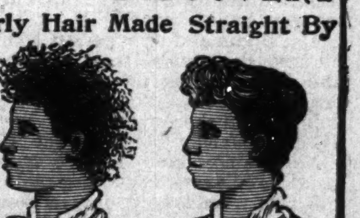
It takes a great deal of study to become an accomplished Medium, and by a continuous and untiring effort, the key to the well of apparently unfathomable mysteries have been procured by MRS. MARTH for the benefit of humanity. By letter, advice $1.00. Hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. All letters must contain stamps for answers.

MRS. M. B. MARTH.

246 West Thirty-first

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y

Mention The Freeman


WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

Curly Hair Made Straight By

TAKEN FROM LIFE:
BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT.

OZONIZED OX MARROW

THE ORIGINAL—COPYRIGHTED.

This wonderful hair pomade is the only safe preparation in the world that makes kinky hair straight as shown above. It nourishes the scalp, prevents the hair from falling out and makes it grow. Sold over 40 years and used by thousands. Warranted harmless. Testimonials free on request. It was the first preparation ever sold for straightening kinky hair. Beware of imitations. Get the **Original Ozonized Ox Marrow**, as the genuine never fails to keep the hair pliable and beautiful. A toilet necessity for ladies and gentlemen. Elegantly perfumed. The great advantage of this wonderful pomade is that by its use you can straighten your own hair at home. Owing to its superior and lasting quality it is the most economical. It is not possible for anybody to produce a preparation equal to it. Full directions with every bottle. Only **50** cents. Sold by dealers or send us **$1.40** Postal or Express Money Order for 3 bottles, express paid. Write your name and address plainly to

OZONIZED OX MARROW CO.,
76 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

AFTER USING.

SOFT, STRAIGHT AND GLOSSY HAIR produced by the use of

CHEVELINE

I will give sufficient Cheveline for straightening two heads of hair for $5.00, instead of one as formerly until further notice is given.

We use no hot irons or pasting down with grease in this treatment, and the hair is not changed from dampness, but on the contrary is made more beautiful by washing, and the straightening appears as natural as if born with it. Send a piece of your hair and 10c and I will return it as a sample of my work.

The Mystic Pomade

which will make the hair soft straight and glossy and as beautiful as Cheveline, but not so lasting at 50c per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Scalp Soap 25c.

Medicated Hair Grower

For Family Use.

Our Improved Medicated Hair Grower or Scalp Cleaner is an unexcelled article for promoting the growth of the hair, even on the temple where the hair is oftimes very scant. It also removes the dandruff and impurities from the scalp. Price $1.00 per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Mystic Scalp Soap 25c.

Mme. Turner's Mystic Face Bleach,

Bleaching the face in eight or ten days, leaving it about two shades lighter. It gives the complexion a soft and youthful tenderness, thus causing the middle-aged to look young. Mystic Face Bleach will remove Liver Spots, Freckles, Etc. Price $1.00 per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Complexion soap 25c.

Gentlemen who have pimples or tender faces after shaving, should use Mme. Turner's Mystic Toilet Cream. Price 75c.

MME. M. C. TURNER.

1312 CARONDALET ST. NEW ORLEANS, LA

DO YOU EAT?

Certainly you do, or you could not survive. Well now listen! When you want a clean, well cooked meal, "up-to-date" consisting of anything your palate yearns for drop into

CLARK'S CAFE

419 Indiana-Ave., -:- Open All Night

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Bicycles for All.

A CHANCE OF THE SEASON.

Get a Bicycle of Your Own and Let Your Neighbor's Wheel Alone.

We take pleasure in announcing to our thousands of friends everywhere, that commencing with July 15th and continuing for **30 days**, THE FREEMAN will be sent in clubs of one or more for $1.00 a year.

OUR EXTRAORDINARY BICYCLE OFFER

To anyone who will send twenty-five (25) yearly subscribers to this office at $1.00 each during our mid-summer reduction, we will send, absolutely free, a high grade **"MODERN"** (ladies' or gent's) bicycle, which sells everywhere for $75.00.

Description of the New "MODERN" Bicycle.

Tire:—Morgan & Wright's guaranteed pneumatic tube tire.
Frame:—22, 24 or 25 inches, made from guaranteed tubing.
Gear:—From 67 to 96 inches.
Weight:—25 pounds complete.
Color:—Maroon, Black, Green,
Hubs:—Turned from solid bar steel.
Finish:—Finest quality nickel plating. Extra fine enamel in Black, Green or maroon.
Pedals:—"Banner" rat trap; highly finished ball bearing, with ball retainers.
Handle Bars:—Made from best seamless tubing, drop or upturned, fitted with cork grips; nickel plated; adjustable wood handle bars furnished when desired.
Chain:—High grade steel.
Saddle:—High grade leather padded guaranteed.
Tool Bag and complete set of tools furnished with each wheel.
The manufacturers will issue a written binding one year guarantee during which time if any piece or part gives out by reason of defect in material or workmanship, they will replace it free of charge.
The name plate "MODERN" will be placed on each bicycle.

NOTICE—Those soliciting subscribers for the bicycles during our mid-summer reduction need not wait until they haue secured twenty-five, but as fast as you secure a subscriber, send name and address, together with $1.00, to THE FREEMAN, same will be placed to your credit, when the necessary number to secure a bicycle (25) have been sent to this office, bicycle will be sent to your address.

This is an excellent opportunity for any lady or gentleman to secure a high priced wheel free.

Send for sample copies and full instructions, and go to work at once.

ADDRESS:

THE FREEMAN,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

SKETCH OF PORTO RICO.

An American's Observations of Picturesque Adjuntas and Its People.

A VERY PRETTY TOWN

The Plaza Filled With Roses of All Kinds, Palms and Various Flowering Bushes.

People Dark in Color, Bearing Facial Characteristics of Both Negro and Indian—Their Ignorance Is Surprising—Their Chief Article of Food is Plantains, a Species of Banana.

Situated as it is in a valley, with mountains on all sides, Adjuntas, aside from being delightfully healthful, is picturesque. The town is exceedingly pretty with its litle square plaza in the centre, filled with the ceedingly pretty with its little square all sorts of flowering bushes. In the centre of the plaza is a lamppost with a lamp that is seldom lighted. Near one entrance is a little store, built like an American garden house, and in this can be bought all kinds of liquors, coffee, bread and fruits. At intervals around the plaza are placed seats; and among the flowers are the remains of two fountains. All the best stores—two—the casino or saloon, shoe shop, hotels, tailor shops, Alcadia, and as many houses as can be crowded in, face the plaza. All the stores sell liquor at remarkably cheap prices. For instance, a fine grade of cheap sherry can be had for 60 cents, American money. Linens and laces are especially cheap; but the stores carry very few dry goods, as the people depend chiefly on the venders of small goods, who go through the streets with baskets on their heads, from whom you can buy anything from a baby's rubber ring to a very pretty dress.

All the saloons, or casinos as they are called, have gambling rooms that are constantly crowded, for, like France, this a great gambling country. Every afternoon a cock fight is held to which all go, both young and old; even the children of seven or eight betting. A priest there gambles and is said to win more than any one else at monte. On nearly every corner are little stands with oranges, bananas and peanuts for sale at ridiculously low prices. Two centavos or a cent is the price of three oranges and the little bananas, as they are called, sell six for a cent.

The hotel from the outside looks like a shanty, and as far as building goes it is one. Entering, you find yourself in a large square room; in the centre is a table with a pot of flowers, and facing the table, a row on each side, are rocking chairs; against the wall are straight-backed chairs. The only other furnishings are a large mirror and two other tables, one bare, the other with plants. The room opens into the dining room, where a long table covered with brown oilcloth and the chairs are the only articles of furniture. The bedrooms are small, with two single beds in each, devoid of springs, or mattresses; simply with sheets and one blanket drawn over the canvas; but a canopy or mosquito bar, made of muslin and tied back with ribbons, is supplied. The only other articles are a single chair and an old-fashioned washsand and dresser combined, on which is an agateware wash basin filled with water, in which both occupants are supposed to wash. The only redeeming feature is that everything is clean.

The people are dark in color; even the Porto Ricans of the better class look as though they had a tinge of negro blood and a little Indian. The latter is seen in the very lowest classes, in the high cheek bone, sunken eyes and very straight, black hair. The Spaniards seem purer blooded, more intelligent, in fact superior in every respect to the Porto Rican. These people are not only lazy, but ignorant and dirty; they never bathe and always appear to have on the same clothes. As a general rule both men and women go without shoes or stockings, and the children often wear no clothes. Their chief food is plantains, a species of bananas, which they boil; oranges, bread and bananas. Meat is so expensive that many of them have never tasted it, and they show it, for they are undersized and anaemic looking. Their ignorance is sometimes surprising. One day I heard the town physician ask a man his name.

EDIBLE CRABS.

"I don't know," was the reply.

"What is your mother's name?"

At that the man's face brightened and he said: "Just wait until I go up the street. I see a man that knows her name, but I don't." That is one instance, and many more of similar nature could be cited.

During the coffee picking season the peons or laborers work, receiving 50 centavos, or about 30 cents, a day. At the end of the season instead of looking for other work, they gamble and enjoy life until their money is gone; then they begin to steal. This is the way they bury their dead—a rude box, shaped like a coffin, is made by a carpenter, or, if the friends have not enough money for this, they rent the box for the occasion. It has no cover, but over the body is thrown a sheet. Many of these boxes are not even painted. This coffin is carried sometimes on the shoulders of four men, oftener two long sticks are fastened to the sides and in this way it is borne by only two. Other men relieve the bearers when they are tired, for usually these funerals come many miles. The body is first taken to the church, and then to the cemetery, where, if the coffin is not a rented one, it is buried, but if the coffin is hired, the body is taken out and thrown, not any too gently either, into the grave.

A HONOLULU BELLE

Miss Helen Wilder, Heiress to Sugar Millions—Beautiful and Eccentric.

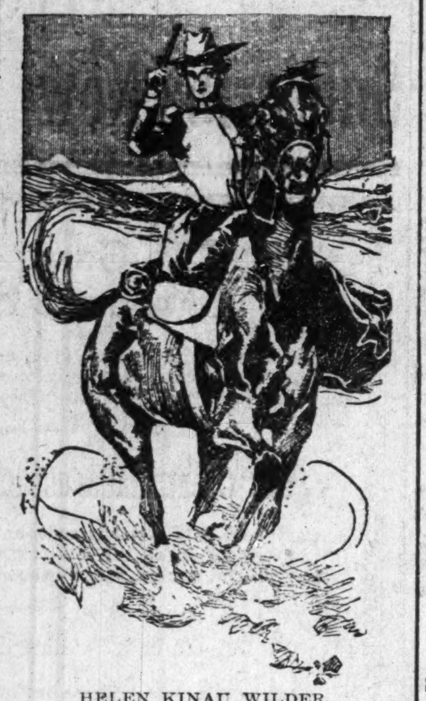
Honolulu, the city of the Pacific isles, has a policeman. Her name is Helen Wilder. She is a beauty and the heiress of many millions made in Hawaiian sugar. She is twenty-three years old.

Miss Wilder is a regularly appointed special officer of the Hawaiian police force. She wears a soft felt hat on which glitters the silver star that proclaims her a policewoman. She also carries a revolver and is not afraid to use it. She has made several arrests unaided.

The honor of being a policewoman was not forced upon Miss Wilder. To be exact she solicited it. The Hawaiian heiress loves children and animals, and it was to protect her small and lowly friends that she asked an appointment on the police force.

It was reported recently that the captain of a steamship that had put into port at Honolulu had mistreated his children. Miss Wilder boarded the ship and found that for a slight offence the captain had locked the children in a stateroom for several days, keeping them on a bread and water diet. To the astonishment of the protesting captain she promptly marched him down the gangplank and straight to jail.

Recently Miss Wilder has come into the courts through her zeal as a "cop." She detected one Olaaf Hollefson, a street car driver, in the act of driving a mule whose shoulder was bleeding from a chaffing collar. She compelled him to leave his car and passengers and go with her to the police station, where she had him "booked" for cruelty to animals.



HELEN KINAU WILDER.

Hollefson claimed that as Miss Wilder had no warrant the arrest was illegal. He claimed $5,000 damages. The couts decided in favor of Miss Wilder.

Miss Wilder is a belle. She can dance like a fairy. She is past mistress of the feminine art of coquetry. Two men testify, in gloom of spirit, to the fact that she is an adept at the game of hearts.

She rides a horse with the daring of a vanquero. She handles the reins with the deftness and daring of a stage driver. She swims and rows with the grace and strength of a Kanaka. But wherever she is or whatever she may be doing, she carries a pair of handcuffs to snap on the wrists of the enemies of children and animals. News has recently come by way of San Francisco that Miss Wilder has been married.

Sunday in Mexico.

Any unfortunate citizen of the United States who, from an unwillingness to work or take part in the various concerns of life, has acquired a reputation among his neighbors for being trifling, should emigrate at once to Mexico. Life there seems to wear about as serious an aspect as a comic opera, and such a citizen would be looked upon as a worthy addition to the chorus.

One of the important things in Mexico is to own a game cock, and on Sunday mornings if you leave him tied by the leg to a convenient awning post while you attend services in the church, you will excite no comment among your neighbors. In fact, the voice of the priest is often almost drowned by the crowing out on the street. Cock-fighting and bull-fighting, as every one knows, occupy the same relative places in the affections of the Mexican as baseball and football hold in the American heart, and Sunday afternoons is reserved for them.

The policeman in a Mexican town is an official of importance and dignity. His uniform may be dirty and ragged, but he wears a cartridge belt and six-shooter in addition to his club, and is usually seen with a cigarette in his mouth. Five or six of these worthies will drag a poor trembling wretch to the police station with a flourish worthy of the capture of a brigand.

The Mexican wears a hat covered with gold and silver braid, that is usually worth more than all the rest of his and his family's wardrobe, and it is this, together with the gay-striped blanket and the swagger of the fellow that gives him such an air of stage make-up.

It is always dangerous to judge the people of a town by those most in evidence on the street, but if I were called upon to set a valuation of the people I saw in some of these Mexican towns I should be tempted to make my calculations by the dozen or hundred rather than by the single native. With all their love of finery, neither the men nor women are much given to gay colors. Black and white predominate, but the bright sun makes it all gay and fetching.

When a Mexican grows old he seems to shrink up until there is little to be seen of him but a big hat and a scrap of blanket pulled tight over his meagre shoulders. His beard and hair stand out white and distinct from his dark, shriveled face, which looks like that of a mummy in its frame of white. Life in one of these towns is as absolutely different from what one sees in an American village as though it were a bit of Egypt or India. Yet it may be seen at the end of a three-days' journey from almost any of the Eastern and Northern States, and is well worth the journey.—Harper's Weekly.

The Freeman In Texas.

The Freeman agent, J. B. Brown, Jr., will be in Seguin a short time and will be pleased to furnish the Race's leading Journal to all who may desire it. The paper will be on sale at H. C. Coleman's barber shop. All are invited to call. The agent will leave Seguin for Gonzoles where he will continue the work.

The Freeman in Atlanta Ga.

On sale every Saturday, Sunday and Monday at Pugsley's Cigar stand, No. 4 Loyd street.

Echol's Cafe and Ice Cream Parlor, 179 Auburn ave.

Agents Wanted.

Agents wanted to sell the history of the Negro Soldiers in the Spanish-American War. Something new and excellent. Address. E. A. Johnson, Attorney, Raleigh, N. C., author of the Famous School History of the Negro Race. Large commision to agents.

NOTICE.

Persons living in Springfield, Mo., desiring to subscribe for the Freeman, call on Rev. C. S. Gordon, 322 Robinson avenue.

Notice.

Copies of The Freeman can be found at Maxwell & Briscoe's store in Mt, Pleasant, Tenn., every Saturday.

Editor Freeman:—Please find enclosed $1.50 for one year's subscription to The Freeman the most noble and enterprising colored paper in existence,

Yours respectfully,
SARAH LYNES
1556 9th avenue, East Oakland, Cal.

Agents commission on subscribers taken at $1.00 a year is 25 per cent. No commission on subscribers taken on our bicycle offer.

Natural Gas Route.

Lake Erie & Western R. R. Local Time Table.

In Effect Dec. 6, 1896.

Solid Trains between Sandusky and Peoria and Indianapolis and Michigan City.

Direct Connection to and from all points in the United States and Canada.

Trains arrive and depart from Indianapolis Uuion Station as follows:

DEPART.	
No. 20 passenger	7:00 a. m
*No. 22 passenger	1:20 p. m.
No. 24 passenger	7:00 p. m.
ARRIVE	
*No. 21 passenger	10:20 a. m.
No. 23 passenger	2:40 p. m:
No. 25 passenger	6:00 p. m.

Trains not marked run daily except Sunday; *daily; !daily except suuday.

No. 22, via Tipton, arrives Bloomington at 9:20 p. m., making direct connection with C. & A. fast train arriving Kansas City 8:30 next morning connecting direct in Kansas City for Denver, San Erancisco and all points west. Free reclining chair cars between Tipton and Missouri river for all passengers.

Nos. 21, 20, 22 and 25 connect at Tipton with main line trains for Sandusky, Peoria, and all points east and west.

Direct connection at Peru with the Wabash fast trains for Fort Wayne, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago.

For time tables or any other general information call on agent of Lake Erie & Western or Ft. W., C. & L. railroads, or address

GEO. L. BRADBURY, Vice-Pres. and Gen'l. Man.
C. F. DALY, Gen'l Pass Ag'
INDIAPOLIS IND.

Pennsylvnia Lines

—FOR—

Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, New York, Washington, Dayton, Columbus.

FIVE FAST TRAINS DAILY.

Leave Indianapolis, 3:35 a. m; 8:25 a. m.; 5:00 p m.; 2:30 p. m; 7:10 p. m. Through Sleeping and Dining Car Service.

—FOR—

CHICAGO and NORTHWEST

TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY

Leave Indianapolis, 11:35 a, m; 12:05 a. m.

Buffet Parlor Car on day train and loca Sleeping Car on night train. Open every night at 8:30 for passengers.

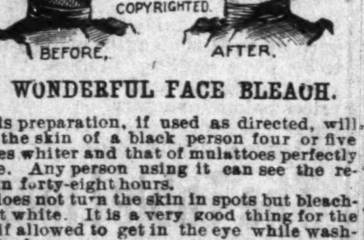
LOUISVILLE and SOUTH.

FOUR FAST TRAINS DAILY.

Lv Indianapolis, 3:30 a. m; 8:15 a. m; 4:00 p. m :10 p. m. 7:10 p. m. train, daily except Sunday.

For tickets and sleeping car space call on the agents, No. 48 West Washington street, Union Station or address:

W. W. Richardson, D. P. A.
E. A. Ford, G. P. A.



A WONDERFUL FACE BLEAUH.

This preparation, if used as directed, will turn the skin of a black person four or five shades whiter and that of mulattoes perfectly white. Any person using it can see the result in forty-eight hours.

It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white. It is a very good thing for the eyes if allowed to get in the eye while washing the face.

One box of this preparation is all that is required if used as directed, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use, and is perfectly harmless.

Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, and pimples from the face without harm to the skin.

Direction and preparation will be sent to any address on receipt of $2.00, C. O. D., or send money order. Packed so that no one can know contents except the receiver.

THOMAS B. CRANE,
122½ W. Broad St., Richmond, Va.

"BIG FOUR"

"The Sea Level Route"

TO

NEW YORK

Double Daily Service.
Wagner Sleeding Cars.
Dining Cars.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A., Ind'polis.
M. E. INGALLS, President.
E. O. M'CORMICK, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
WARREN J. LYNCH, Asst. P. & T. Agt.

TO Chicago, The West And the Northwest

MONON ROUTE

Time Table in Effect Sept. 18.

3 DAILY TRAINS
LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS
7:00 A. M. 3:35 P. M. 12:55 Night
ARRIVE CHICAGO
12:00 Noon, 8:20 p. m. 7:20 a. m.

Lv. Chicago 2:45 a. m. 11:50 a. m. 8:58 p. m
Arr. Indianapolis 7:45 a. m. 4:37 p. m. 8:30 a. m
Indianapolis Sleeper Returns on 2:45 a. m. train

Shortest and Fastest Line.
Latest Equipment. Always up-to-Date

Ticket Offices; 25 West Washington street. Union Station and Massachusetts ave. depot.

Geo. W. Hayler, D. P. A.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.
DETROIT
TOLEDO
DAYTON
QUINCY
ST. LOUIS

DIRECT LINE

INDIANAPOLIS to CINCINNATI

6 Trains every weekday. Parlor Chairs and Cafe Cars on Day Trains.

DAYTON LINE

5 Trains every weekday to Dayton.

FAST TIME BETWEEN

Indianapolis AND **COLUMBUS PITTSBURG**

Through Sleeping Cars to
WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, and PHILADELPHIA,

Via B. & O. Railway.

MICHIGAN LINE.

2 trains every weekday to Toledo.
2 trains every weekday to Detroit.
Vestibuled Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

G. W. Hayler, D. P. A., Indianapolis, Ind.
D. G Edwards. assenger Traffic Manager

Commencing . . JULY 15th,

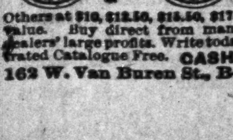
and continuing for

30 DAYS THE FREEMAN

will be sent to any address in the United States or Canada—One Year for——

$1.00

No Money in Advance!



$15.50 HIGH GRADE BICYCLES. Shipped anywhere C. O. D., with privilege to examine. Latest styles for Men, Women, Boys and Girls, well made and durable. $60 "Oakwood" $24.50 $50 "Arlington" $22.00 No better wheels made. Others at $10, $12.50, $15.50, $17.50 & $19.50; all splendid value. Buy direct from manufacturers, thus saving dealers' large profits. Write today for special offer. Illustrated Catalogue Free. CASH BUYERS' UNION, 162 W. Van Buren St., B-170, Chicago, Ills.

Say! Have You Heard of the American Mutual Aid Asociation Of St. Louis, Mo.,

That pays Accident, Sick and Death benefits weekly? Yes, I am insured in it. Did they pay you when you got hurt? Yes, I was paid up promptly and I tell you that is the company to insure in. Call on

E. B. HAMPTON, Organizer,
Room 43 Baldwin Block
Cor. Deleware & Market Sts

OFFICE HOURS: 7 to 8 a. m; 12 to 1; 5 to 6 p m

At Last...

Spring is here, and we are here with spring raiment for all men who desire to dress well at a moderate cost.

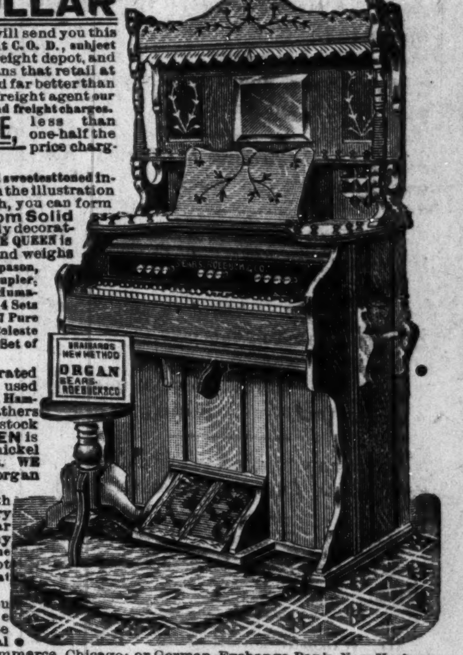
Spring Overcoats
Spring Suits

More various styles, foreign and domestic, than any houses in Hoosierdom. Come and see. Sample garments show

Kahn Tailoring Co.

Bee Hive Corner.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR



BRAINARD'S NEW METHOD ORGAN SEARS. ROEBUCK & CO.

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at $75.00 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days offer price, $31.75, less the $1, or $30.75 and freight charges.

$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE, less than one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetesttoned instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from Solid Quarter Sawed Oak, antique finish, handsomely decorated and ornamented, latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds; contains 5 octaves, 11 stops as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte, Principal Forte, and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets Orchestral Toned Resonatory Pipe Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Mellow Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds.

THE ACME QUEEN action consist of the celebrated Newel Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments, also fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana, also best Dolge felts, leathers etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE ACME QUEEN is finished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated pedal frames and every modern improvement. WE FURNISH FREE a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

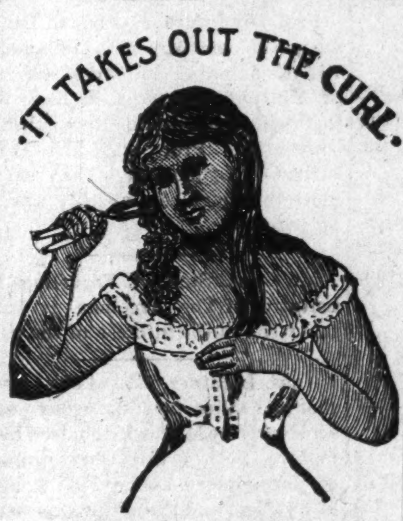
GUARANTEED 25 YEARS With every Acme Queen Organ we issue a written binding 25 year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $31.75. Order at once. Don't delay.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper, or Metropolitan National Bank, National Bank of the Republic, or Bank of Commerce, Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York, or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $450,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago and employ over 800 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.00 and up; PIANOS, $125.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

The Freeman $1.00

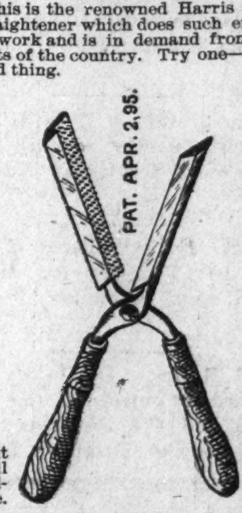
ONE YEAR--FOR 30 DAYS ONLY



IT TAKES OUT THE CURL.

HARRIS HAIR STRAIGHTENER . . .

This is the renowned Harris Hair Straightener which does such effective work and is in demand from all parts of the country. Try one—its a good thing.



$1.00, $1.00, $1.00, $1.00.

This instrument surpasses everything of its intent or purpose now before the public. Your hair will remain straight for months after using this most valuable need for the beautifying of your appearance.

ELECTRODINE POMADE FOR STRAIGHTENING HAIR

4 OZ.

For very short hair purchase the Straightener and Curler combined, which is to be used like the Straightener. After having straightened the hair turn the iron and you will have nice fluffy curls. Price 50c each.

ELECTRODINE POMADE

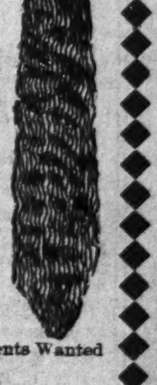
is to be used with the Harris Hair Straightener It is free from all animal and chemical substances, and is a superior preparation for the hair and a speedy remedy for all scalp diseases. It gives new life to the most stubborn hair and makes it very soft. For thin hair or bald places on the temples this preparation has no equal in producing a growth. In this case we would advise you to rub it in the scalp thoroughly and in a short time the wonderful result will be discernable. ELECTRODINE is warranted not to become rancid.

2 oz. bottle 25c each, or 3 for 70c.
4 oz. bottle 50c " " 3 for $1.25.

Genuine Creole Hair Braids

We carry a superb line—in all shades of hair. Your hair can be matched perfectly by sending a sample and we will return your braid by mail. We carry an especially fine line of grey hair which is so much sought and hard to obtain. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

When your hair is short or bald on the temple secure a beautiful Wave. It adds so much to one's appearance. Price $2.00.



☞ Agents Wanted

THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER CO.,

603 North California St. INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

SUMMER-PRICE REDUCTIONS....

are frequent occurrences now-a-days, and the best part of that fact is that your mail orders receive the same benefit as if you were shopping in person.

Present reductions bring:

40c Piques to	28c
45c Organdies to	29c
35c Sateens to	28c
12½c Dimities to	10c

L.S. AYRES & Co

SOLE AGENTS FOR STANDARD PATTERNS,
Indiana's greatest distributers of dry goods
33 to 37 W. Wash. St.,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

We will close from now on each Saturday at 1 o'clock

PERSONAL MENTION.

Smoke Pro Bono.

Rev. Charles Jones is visiting his family in the city.

Mrs. James Shelton, is visiting her parents in Franklin, Ind.

Miss Cora A. Julius, of Marion, Ind., was in the city this week.

Miss Vena Scott, of Charleston, Ill., is making this city her home.

Mr. Wilbert Chavours, of Tuscola, Ill., has located in this city.

Read our special bicycle offer elsewhere in this issue. It can't be beat.

For a cup of good tea or coffee, go to the Pythian Cafe 312 Indiana avenue.

Mrs. Wm. C. Brown, of Wood street is recovering from her recent indisposition.

Mr. William Fielding of Cincinnati, O., spent the week in our city, "on business?"

Mr. E. B. Powell, a former representative of The Freeman in Terre Haute, Ind., is in the city.

Miss Hannah Posey, of Rushville, Ind., sister of O. R. Posey, was the guest of Mrs. L. Moss last week.

Miss Mamie Edwards, after a long illness died at the home of her parents in Douglass street Tuesday afternoon.

Pro Bono after meals.

L. H. Dickerson the general manager of Ex-Slave Movement will be in the city from Washington, D. C., on the 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. V. Hill, entertained last Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Sadie Beckley of Washington, D. C.

Miss A. Myrtle Wallace, of the Recorder left Thursday for Mommoth, Ill., to spend a few weeks with her parents.

J. W. E. Bowen D. D., a member of the Board of Control of the Epworth League and the Professor of Historical Theology at Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta, Ga., was a caller at The Freeman during the convention. He was well pleased with citizens of the convention city, and also with the progress of its Negro inhabitants. He left Wednesday for a trip to Chicago and the Northwest.

Electric fans keep you cool while being served to the delicacies of the season at the Pythian Cafe 312 Indiana Ave.

I. O. Williams, D. D., pastor of Tabernacle M. E. church Galveston, Texas, was also an admiring visitor to The Freeman.

Ten-cent smoke for five-cents—Pro Bono.

Mrs. Eva Allen, accompanied by Mrs. Minnie Jackson and Master Leroy Keelum, left for Chattanooga Wednesday of last week.

Mr. I. M. Jones a member of the Des Moines, Iowa, police force was in attendance at the conference of colored men which was held in this city.

Miss Maggie Lee, of Chattanooga, Tenn., is a visitor in the city this week the guest of her sister Mrs. Edward T. Rogers, 525 Roanoke street.

Private dining room for private parties at the Pythian Cafe, 312 Indiana avenue.

Rev. J. A. Jones, D. D., pastor of Warren Chapel, A. M. E., church Chattanooga, Tenn., and one of The Freeman's correspondents was a caller during the Epworth League convention.

Pro Bono cigar leads.

Prof. W. H. Stokes, and T.K. Fossett of Muncie, and Charles Conway, deputy sheriff of Delaware County were in attendance at the convention of colored men Tuesday and Wednesday.

A good smoke—Pro Bono.

A book that should be in every race lover's home, "The History of the Negro Soldier in the Spanish American War." This book will be sent free to any one sending to this office (3) new subscribers or renewals during our special $1.00 a year offer.

Miss Mallie Turner, of Chattanooga, Tenn., was a delegate to the Epworth League convention and also the guest of her uncle's family, Mr. Ruben Banks, of Irvington. She will remain till after September.

Rev. Thos. H. B. Walker, pastor of the Oakland M. E. church and editor of the Quarterly review, of Jacksonville, Fla., was a caller at The Freeman office last week. Rev. Walker is also secretary of the Florida Conference of the Epworth League and Grand Chief of the St. Joseph Aid Society for Florida and Alabama.

Prof. and Mrs. I. Garland Penn and son and Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Fletcher Penn all of Atlanta, Ga., were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Knox during their attendance at the Epworth League convention. Prof. and Mrs. Penn returned to Lynchburg, Va., at which place they have been visiting the formers parents.

Mr. Chas. Stewart Traveling Representative of The Freeman is in Ohio this week in the interest of the paper.

Chas. Lightner of 724 Lock street was shot and killed last Saturday evening accidently by Micheal Robinson his room mate. Both men were members of Montgomery Lodge No. 6, Knights of Pythias, and the affair was seriously regretted.

To anyone sending (3) new subscribers or renewals during our $1.00 reduction we will send free, the History of the Negro Soldier in the Spanish-American War. This offer is only good during the $1.00 rate, from July 15 to Aug. 15.

NEW YORK STORE

(Established 1853)
Sole Agents for BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

Here the Way The Shirt Waists are Going.

COME QUICK IF YOU WANT THEM.

Our $150 waists in Madras and Piqua all sizes from 32 to 42 while they last	39c
Best quality Percales and lawns former price $1.50 to close them out	69c
The celebrated "Pans" waist made best quality Madras, Oxford etc a bargain at $2 00 now	89c
Better quality of "Pans" waists and all our own imported waists, were in price from 2 to 3 dollars will go in the sale for	$1.49
A complete line of White Pique Waists the handsomest yet are all marked to	98c
Good White Irish Linen Waist regular price $2.25. In this sale they are	$1.50

Pettis Dry Goods Co.

Burton's Cafe.

419 Indiana Avenue.

SUNDAY DINNER BILL OF FARE—SUNDAY JULY, 30.

SOUPS
Consomme Paysamme, Chicken, with Rice Havanise.
BAKED
King Fish, a la Burton.
BOILED
Ham Cabbage
ENTRY
Macaroni au Gratin.
Apple Fritters Wine Sauce.
ROAST
Prime Beef, Demi Glace, Young Chicken Sage Dressing.
SALADS
Asparagus Tips, Potato
VEGETABLES
New Potatoes, and cream, Green Peas.
PASTRY
Green Apple Pie, Roquefort Cheese,
Ice Cream, Watermelon
Coffee, Tea, Milk, Chocolate,
Ponset Canet, St. Julien.

The Freeman $1.

Hows This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props, Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Take Soldiers Relief.

A sure cure for pains or cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Infantum and Indigestion, Testimonials.

July, 20, 99.
I have taken Soldiers' Relief for pains and cramps. It is a sure cure for stomach troubles.
C. M. C. Willis, 536 Indiana avenue.

July, 21, '99.
I have used Soldiers' Relief. I find it to be the best remedy known for stomach troubles.
N. Lawrence, 642 N. Missouri street.

Manufactured by A. A. Nichols, 406 W. North street Indianapolis, Ind.
For sale by all druggist.

Extra Copies of this Edition of 12 Pages

Containing a full account of
International Epworth Convention,
Indiana State Negro Convention,
Association of Colored Women, Etc.,
will be sent to any address in the United States for FIVE CENTS.

CHARLES L. WAYNE & CO.

Builders' and General Line of Hardware.
Mechanics' Tools of All Kinds.
Kitchen Furishings for Hotels and Restaurants
WOOD MANTELS, TILES AND GRATES
Nos. 123 and 125 W. Wash. St.,
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.
We are the only Parties in Indianapolis selling
John Van Ranges and Urns,
Radiant Home Stoves and Ranges,
The Reliable Gas Ranges.
Peninsular Paints.
NEW TELEPHONE 173.

The Only Exclusive . . .
Bedding House in the Stat

We carry a strictly up-to-date line of Brass and Iron Beds.

Springs, Mattresses and Feather Pillows.

IRON BEDS—for $1.75; $2.25; $2.50; $3.50; $4.00 and upwards.

Large assortment of White Enamel Crib Beds for the babies.

We manufacture all our bedding.
☞ Satisfaction guaranteed.

Eldridge & McRea
249 Massachusetts Ave.
Phone 2368.

L, E, & W. R. R.

ANNUAL
NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION

WAIT FOR THE OLD RELIABLE
Lake Erie & Western
Personally Conducted
Niagara Falls Excursion
LEAVE
Indianapolis, Ind.,
11:15 A. M.,
Thursday, August 3, 1899
Rate, $7.00

For Round Trip. Also Sandusky, Put-in-Bay, Cleveland and Buffalo, with side trips to Lewiston, Toronton, Thousand Islands, etc.

For tickets, rate, time and pamphlet containing general information, call on any ticket agent of the above route, or address
C. F. DALY,
Gen'l Pass. Agent,
Indianapolis, Indiana.

Florists.

WM. BILLINGSLEY, for choice cut flowers 201 North Illinois st. Special prices to lodges.

* AKRET *

THE GREAT ENGLISH FOOT LOTION.

This wonderful remedy will positively prevent the unpleasant odors arising from perspiration of any portion of the body. Positively cures tender and burning feet. 50c A Bottle.

SLOAN DRUG CO.
AGENTS,
22 E. WASHINGTON STREET.

Orders sent to all parts of the United States on receipt of Price.

PUTNAM CREAMERY CO,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Ice Cream and Fruit Ices

Largest and best equipped Factory in the State. Special rates to
LODGES and CHURCHES
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Your patronage solicited.

COOLING SUGGESTIONS For Warm Weather!

The LLOYD Woven Wire Hammock will out last three cord Hammocks. Is elastic and comfortable. Made of woven, galvanized wire and can be left out in the weather without fear of rusting.

Vonnegut Hardware Co.,
120 and 124 E. Washington Street. Phone 589.

INDIAN CORN CURE

Does not make sore feet. Relieves at once and cures in a few days.

PRICE 10 CENTS A BOTTLE

Sent by mail on receipt of price,
SLOAN DRUG COMPANY
22 W. Washington Street,
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

Are you a reader of

The Freeman
A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

The Leading Afro-American Journal of The World?

Published at Indianapolis, Indiana.

It is read by 80,000 Afro-Americans each week. It goes into every State and Territory of the Union.

It goes into Europe, Asia and Africa. It is read and sustained by the educated and progressive classes.

Subscribe Now. One year $1.00.

The Great Madagascan Improved Hair Grower

leaves no bad effect behind after use. No danger of an injured scalp. Instead of weakening, it strengthens and nourishes the roots of the hair, thus insuring a rapid growth of a suit of hair—soft, pliable, glossy and beautiful.

The Great Madagascan Improved Hair Grower

is marvelous. One trial is sufficient. Nothing beginning to approach it in real efficacy in all the merits claimed of it. No lady or gentleman having use for such a remedy should be without it.

Buy the Best. Have the Best. Use the Best.

One bottle, $1.00; Three bottles, $2.50; Six bottles. $5.00. No goods sent C. O. D. Agents Wanted. Send for terms at once. Address:

THE HAIR CULTURIST CO.,
West Vermont St.
INDIANAPOLIS, - - - - - - INDIANA.

WASSON'S Saturday WASSON'S

THE... CLEARANCE ...SALE is easily the bargain event of the year.

Many of the high-class goods that were too expensive to sell rapidly are being closed at a fraction of their former worth.

Some Great Specials in Fine LINENS and EMBROIDERIES

* SATURDAY *

Fine Table Sets

Lot odd cloths with napkins to match; prices like this to close at once:

$ 2.75 Sets	$ 1.50
4.50 Sets	3.48
7.50 Sets	6.25
12.00 Sets	7.50
22.00 Sets	14.50

350 remnants table linens from 12½c a yard up to $1.25; lengths of 1½ yards up to 3½; some slightly mussed, others in good condition and greatly reduced prices before inventory.

Large size bedspreads	.48
90c Large size bedspreads	.67

The Table Linens

25c All-linen Damask	.15
40c Cream Damask	.29
45c Bleached Damask	.33
75c Bleached Damask	.64
$1.25 Bleached Damask	.96
Turkey Red Damask	.12½
50c Red Damask	.37
$1.00 Red Damask	.59

Wash Goods Selling

One lot of fine Lawns, Dimities, Percales and Batistes, 12½c to 25c quality, choice, a yard	.5
Fine Printed Piques, 25c quality	.10
Galatea Cloth, 25c quality	.12½
Best Irish Dimities, 25c quality	.12½
Finest French Organdies, all new work, 45c quality	.15
Piques and Marseilles, solid colors, 45c and 50c quality. choice	.25

Short ends Dimities, Organdies, Batistes, Silk Ginghams, Madras and Fine Lawns, one-third regular selling price.

Embroideries Laces

10c, 12½c and 15c Cambric Edging, all white, worked with colors and tints, choice Saturday	.5
4 to 6-inch Cambric and fine Jaconet Embroidery, 20c quality	.12½
25c quality Jaconet Skirt Flouncing, 8 and 10 inches wide, open designs on wide margins, excellent work. For Saturday	.19
60 pieces beautiful open Cambric and Jaconet Skirt Flouncing, 8 to 12 inches wide, regular price 39c to 50c a yard; sale price	.25
Valenciennes Lace, by the bolt, bolts that sold at 25c, each	.17
English Torchon Laces, 8c quality, at a yard	.3
Net Top Oriental Lace at, a yard	.4

H P WASSON & CO THE BUSY STORE H P WASSON & CO